March 2, 1769. NUMB. 2097.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By the LORD HYDE PACKET, arrived at New-York, from Falmouth, we have the following advices, viz.

VIENNA, November 2.

WHEN the Ruſſian Miniſter was ſent to the Caſtle of the Seven Towers, an officer of the Grand Seignor told him, that he would not be releaſed till ſuch time as the Biſhop of Cracow, and ſome other Grandees of Poland, detained in Ruſſia, were ſet at liberty.

Nov. 5. The Court having received intelligence, that a body of Ruſſian troops had purſued a party of the Confederates into the territory of Hungary, where ſome of them were ſlain, Prince de Kaunitz ſent for Prince Gallitzin, the Ruſſian Ambaſſador here, and complained to him of it, in the name of our Sovereigns, enjoining him to write to the Empreſs of Ruſſia concerning it, in order that ſhe may give immediate ſatisfaction for this violation of territory.

Warſaw, Nov. 7. Prince Martin Lubomirſki, after having with his adherents committed great exceſſes in the mountains of Hungary, has found means to get a manifeſto poſted up againſt ſeveral churches at Cracow, inviting the nation to a general revolt, and aſſuring them of the aſſiſtance and protection of the Porte, in virtue of a treaty, which he pretends to have concluded for that purpoſe. General Apraxin has cauſed the manifeſto to be pulled down, and has ſent it hither to the Ruſſian Ambaſſador.

Venice, Oct. 15. We have received advice, that the Baſhaw of Boſnia has been obliged to abandon the firſt poſts which he took from the Montenegrins, and encamp in the plain at the foot of the mountains. He has recalled the officers he had ſent to Cattaro. Several barks are armed to guard the gulph of Cattaro, and all the neighbouring coaſt, to prevent the landing of any ſuccours which the Montenegrins might receive by ſea.

Warſaw, Nov. 9. Although the Turks continue their preparations of war, no act of hoſtility hath hitherto been committed on their part; but the inhabitants of Moldavia and Wallachia ſuffer much, on account of the little diſcipline among the troops which are in thoſe two provinces.

Warſaw, Nov. 9. Military preparations are carrying on in Turkey with great vigour. Troops are already aſſembled on the ſide of Bulgaria; and a body of 40,000 men are encamped on the frontiers, between Choczim, Bender, and Oczakow.

The Ruſſian troops lately, to the number of 14 battalions, and 30 ſquadrons, have taken (a few garriſons excepted) proviſional quarters in the environs of Moldavia and Wallachia. The ſeditious peaſants of the Ukraine, having again aſſembled in troops in ſome places, have reduced to aſhes a town ſeven miles diſtant from Haman, and put the inhabitants of the place to the ſword.

Venice, Nov. 2. We have juſt received advice that the Chevalier Emo, Admiral of this Republic, having arrived at Tunis with ſome ſhips of his ſquadron on the 11th of laſt month, had the next day an audience of the Bey, and preſented to him, on the part of the Senate, a ring ſet with brilliants, valued at 1500 ſequins; but this preſent was received with indifference.

From the Banks of the Danube, Nov. 14. The Porte being deſirous to put an end to a war, which could not but be very burthenſome on all accounts, and eſpecially under the preſent circumſtances, has concluded a peace with the Montenegrins, which ſecures to the latter the country they inhabit, as vaſſals to the Grand Seignor. By this means the Ottoman army quits the Montenero, and the Baſhaw which commands it, is ordered to ſend part of his troops to the general rendezvous, and the remainder will ſtay upon the frontiers, to watch the motions of the Ruſſians.

They write from Conſtantinople, that ſince the 8th inſt. the government had diſpatched upwards of 300 letters to different places in the empire, in order to get every thing ready for aſſembling an army next Spring at Adrianople, on the day of the feaſt of Bada. It is aſſured, that the day after M. Obreſkoff was arreſted, the Engliſh Ambaſſador preſented a memorial to the Porte, ſetting forth, that the children of that Miniſter being without protection, had been ſent to their grandmother, who was an Engliſh lady, and that he hoped the ſublime Porte would not diſapprove of this ſtep.

His Excellency likewiſe propoſed, that on account of M. Obreſkoff's ill ſtate of health, the Grand Seignor ſhould permit him to be confined in his Hotel, inſtead of the Caſtle of Seven Towers, which the Pruſſian Miniſter alſo applied for, but it doth not appear that they have ſucceeded.

Letters from Warſaw adviſe, that Prince Radzivil has been arreſted by the Ruſſians; that the Empreſs of Ruſſia has ſent 40,000 ducats to the King of Poland, and that two new corps of Ruſſian troops are in full march, one to enter Poland, and the other to go upon the frontiers, in order to watch the Ottoman army.

From the Confines of Italy Nov. 10. The preſent ſituation of affairs in Corſica appears to influence the tranquility of the Republick of Genoa: There is a talk of great diſputes having ariſen in the Senate, many members of which, it is ſaid, highly diſapprove the late tranſaction concerning that iſle.

Some letters from Ferrara aſſure us, that the Venetians and the Turks having made diſpoſitions for attacking in concert the rebels in Dalmatia; in conſequence thereof the Turks began the attack, but with ſuch precipitation that the Venetians had not time to ſecond them; on which account the rebels beat the Turks, whoſe loſs was very conſiderable.

From the Banks of the Danube, Nov. 15. The Ruſſians have left a corps near Warſaw, to cover their royal reſidence, and are going to form an army of all their other troops, excepting a few detachments, deſtined to give chace to the Confederates.

The Confederates of Barr have juſt publiſhed a new manifeſto, wherein they declare the election of the King illegal; and have thereby put the finiſhing ſtroke to their ingratitude towards a Prince, whoſe virtues are not only acknowledged by all the world, but who has at the ſame time endeavoured to revive, by ſalutary inſtitutions, thoſe happy times when Poland, without the aſſiſtance of foreigners, knew how to give law to all thoſe who dared to provoke her.

Warſaw, Nov. 16. Several letters from the frontiers next Turkey adviſe, that the Tartars, that had paſſed the Nieſter with the Confederates of Barr, have turned back again, in order to go into winter quarters.

Ploczko, Nov. 12. They write from Choczym, that orders had been publiſhed there on the part of the Grand Seignor, for all the inhabitants to take arms againſt the Ruſſians and their adherents. Theſe advices add, that 10,000 freſh troops were arrived there, and more expected; that on the 17th a body of Confederates paſſed the Nieſter, and plundered a ſmall town near that river, which the Baſhaw, upon repreſentations being made to him, declared to be by his orders, and expreſſed himſelf in a manner very different from what he had done heretofore.

Venice, Oct. 29. The Montenegrins are not the only people who give diſturbance to the Porte. A large body of men are in arms in Lower Albany, and great numbers of Greeks have oppoſed the Turkiſh dominion in the Morea. Theſe inſurgents will, no doubt, create a diverſion in favour of the Ruſſians.

Nov. 5. According to the laſt letters from Cattaro, of the 31ſt of laſt month, the Adventurer, Stephano Piccolo, has made his appearance again, and his partiſans are more numerous, and more attached to him than ever.

From the Confines of Poland, Nov. 22. The lateſt advices from Conſtantinople import, that the Ruſſian Miniſters were ſtill detained in the Caſtle of Seven Towers. However, ſince the event that has happened to the new Grand Vizir, it ſeems that the warlike preparations rather ſlacken. But they are much afraid of the populace, who cry aloud for war; and the fermentation is ſo great, that unleſs their deſires are complied with, the Miniſtry, and even the Grand Seignor himſelf, may not be ſafe. Ruſſia, on her ſide, is marching two conſiderable armies, one into Poland, and the other on the ſide of Bender.

Offen, in Hungary, Nov. 14. They write from the frontiers of Turkey, that the Grand Seignor had notified by a manifeſto, that he looked, upon as illegal all the concluſions paſſed in the Dyet of Poland, from the time of the King's election to the throne; and that his Highneſs inſiſted that the inhabitants of the Republic be re-eſtabliſhed in the enjoyment of their primitive rights and liberties.

A letter from Poland aſſures, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia ſeems diſpoſed to ſpare neither troops nor money; and that 80,000 men are to penetrate into the Ottoman empire, before the Grand Seignor is able to aſſemble his forces.

Warſaw, Nov. 19. The melancholy ſituation to which moſt of the Provinces of this kingdom are reduced by the inſurrection of ſo many thouſand Confederates, repreſents a proſpect ſhocking to humanity. Indeed, Lithuania and Little Poland begin to enjoy ſome repoſe, which perhaps will be but of ſhort duration; but in Great Poland all manner of exceſſes are committed, though the Ruſſians do all they can to prevent it. The families of the Diſſidents, who find an opportunity to retire with ſafety into other countries, do not fail to embrace it, ſo that depopulation is added to the other evils we now ſuffer.

It is aſſured, that if the Turks attack the Ruſſian troops in this kingdom, Prince Repnin will have the command in chief of a body of troops, and Baron de Saldern will ſucceed him as Miniſter from the Empreſs of Ruſſia.

Warſaw, Nov. 23. According to advices from Kaminieck, the Confederates of Barr, ſupported by ſome thouſands of Tartars, have paſſed the Nieſter a ſecond time, and committed great exceſſes.

Glaſgow, Nov. 24. A couple were married here lately, the huſband to his fifth wife, and the wife to her ſixth huſband; their joy was of ſhort continuance, for the man died in eight days.

LONDON.

Nov. 22. The Harriot, Wardman, from Virginia to Aberdeen, is loſt in the Orkneys, and all the crew periſhed.

Some letters from Leghorn ſay, that General Paoli has publiſhed a new manifeſto lately, in which he mentions the conduct of France with reſpect to him with much manly reſentment, and juſt ſeverity.

The 10,000 l. prize, which was drawn on Saturday, is ſaid to be the property of Mr. Brown, a Packer at St. Helen's.

Nov. 24. The news of the French ſhips from Bengal, loaded with ſalt-petre, gives great apprehenſions to thinking people. They make great quantities of that commodity in France, and more than is neceſſary for their conſumption in time of peace; yet we ſee that they are not only buying, and ſtriving to monopolize the ſalt-petre in Europe, but they have found a way to be ſupplied from Bengal alſo. What can this mean? Does it not ſhew a ſteady purpoſe of war? Nor is this a new taken up deſign, but a deliberate and concerted meaſure, as there muſt a length of time have paſſed from the ſending for and arrival of ſalt-petre from Bengal.

The Hon. Miſs Pitt, daughter to the Earl of Chatham, is remarkable for her great knowledge of antient hiſtory, particularly of thoſe ages which produced a Solon, Lycurgus, Livy, the elder and younger Pliny, and moſt of the Sages, who flouriſhed in the Spartan, Grecian, and Roman commonwealths, which, 'tis ſaid, ſhe reads in their originals before her father, and once in a month preſents him, in writing, her remarks on the characters there deſcribed, with a compariſon on the writings and characters of the preſent age.

Yeſterday morning the remains of the late Duke of Newcaſtle were carried from his houſe in Lincoln's-Inn-fields, in order to be interred in the family vault at Laughton in Suſſex, in the following order: 1. The two Porters, mounted on milk-white horſes, leading the van. 2. Eight of his Grace's domeſticks in mourning cloaks, mounted on grey horſes. 3. A Gentleman on horſeback, uncovered, bearing a ducal coronet richly gilt, laid on a crimſon velvet cuſhion with gold taſſals, two men with one hand on the horſe walking on each ſide. 4. The corpſe, in a hearſe drawn by ſix horſes. 5. Four mourning coaches, drawn by four horſes each, in which were his Grace's principal Gentlemen. 6. A Gentleman, followed by ſix livery ſervants in mourning cloaks, all on horſeback, cloſed the proceſſion.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, dated Nov. 11.

"The King of Denmark went on Tueſday laſt to ſee the Academy of Painting, and on Wedneſday he viſited the Porcelaine Manufactory at Seve, where M. Burtin, Miniſter of ſtate, received him. He ſaw on his arrival in one of the rooms a buſt of the King, which he took hold of, ſaying, that without doubt it was deſtined for him, and that at all events he would take it, never to part with it more. He ſtaid there upwards of three hours, examining the whole works; and every thing that ſeemed to pleaſe, was ſent to his apartments. It is with much pain we reflect, that this Monarch's departure is fixed for the 6th of next month."

A letter from Genoa, dated Oct. 22, ſays, "We learn from Toulon, that 150 Corſicans, whom the French had made priſoners, and who were confined in the goals of that town, have made their eſcape, and taken refuge in Savoy."

A letter from Plockzo, dated Oct. 29, ſays, "The laſt advices from Podolia inform us, that a body of Tartars, joined with the Confederates of Barr, after paſſing the Nieſter, had entered Poland, but not having committed any act of hoſtility there, Count Branicki judged it improper to attack theſe Tartars, on account of the perpetual peace which ſubſiſts between the Republic and the Ottoman Porte, and he ſuffered them to paſs the river quietly."

It is reported that one of his Majeſty's ſhips, together with a tender, are to be ſent out early in the ſpring to proſecute the diſcovery of a north-weſt paſſage.

Nov. 26. Letters from Rome adviſe, that the Pope had remitted to the Miniſters of the Houſe of Bourbon, through the hands of Cardinal Negroni, a paper, wherein the Holy Father proteſts, "That after having ſupplicated the aſſiſtance of heaven, and maturely and ſeriouſly reflected on the affair of Parma, he found that his conſcience would not permit him to revoke the brief which he had addreſſed to the Infant Duke, nor to acknowledge that Prince as independent Sovereign of Parma."

A certain Agent to a powerful Monarch on the Continent, ſome time ſince hinted at in the papers, has ſucceeded in his commiſſion much to his ſatisfaction, and is preparing to ſet off for Harwich, in his way home again, having ordered in his bills, and paid and diſcharged his ſervants and attendants yeſterday. 'Tis ſaid likewiſe he will take his leave to-morrow of a certain Great Man in Kent, having ſeveral times during his reſidence here viſited him on material and intereſting affairs.

A certain perſon having lately loſt in one evening at Bath, all which the comedy of the Devil on Two Sticks had produced, gave occaſion to a very pious old lady there to ſay, "What had been got over the Devil's back, had been loſt under his belly."

A ſubſcription among many Ladies and Gentlemen of rank, for Paoli, is ſecretly carrying on, in imitation of the Nobles benefaction of 2000 l. each, being ſent to that Chief laſt Summer, by his Grace the Duke of Devonſhire, Lord Algernon Piercy, and Sir Watkin Williams Wynn, while they were met together at Florence; by which ſeaſonable ſupply, he was enabled to make that vigorous ſtand in defence of Liberty.

It is ſaid, with ſome degree of certainty, that Mr. Wilkes, and the Gentleman he has charged as being culpable in procuring information againſt him, will both be heard, face to face, in a few days; the one to ſupport his allegations, and the other to defend himſelf.

This morning his Excellency Count du Chatalet Lomont had a long conference with the Earl of Rochfort, on the ſubject of diſpatches received yeſterday from the Court of Verſailles.

PAINTS, &c. SOLD BY
NATHANIEL TWEEDY, DRUGGIST,
At the GOLDEN EAGLE, near the Court-Houſe, the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, PHILADELPHIA.

WHITE lead, Spaniſh white, Spaniſh brown, umber, Venetian red, fine yellow oker, ſtone, ſpruce and brown okers, verdigreaſe, vermilion, blue black, Franckfort and ivory black, lampblack, fine and coarſe ſtrewing ſmalts, fine powder blue, litharge, white vitriol, cinnabar, annato, Indian red, flake white, Dutch pink, excellent roſe pink, brown pink, diſtilled verdigreaſe, green and blue verditer, litmoſe blue, Cologn's earth, Naples yellow, beſt King's yellow, drop lake, Pruſſian blue, all prices, carmine, water colours in ſhells, black lead, frotts all colours, Indian ink, ſap green, gold, ſilver and Dutch leaf, white, brown, yellow and turpentine varniſhes, gold locker, paint bruſhes all ſizes, pigs hair and common tools, Fitch's and camels hair pencils, fine black lead draught pencils, marble ſlabs and mullers, palate knives, canvas for limners half length, 3-4ths and kit cat, linſeed oil boiled and unboiled, nut oil, behn oil, ſpirits of turpentine, &c. &c.

Likewiſe, Paints of all kinds, ground in oil in the neateſt manner, and fit for immediate uſe, ſaid TWEEDY having erected a mill for that purpoſe, and prepares them under his own inſpection, ſo that he can warrant them faithfully prepared, and without any adulteration; owners of ſhips, ſhallops, and others, that have painting to be done, will find it a convenient and cheap method to buy their paints ready prepared; maſters of ſhips going to ſea, may have them ſafely ſecured in ſtone pots, which are kept for that purpoſe. Any perſons that may have occaſion, and think proper to favour him with their commands, their orders ſhall be immediately executed, and ſent to any part of the city, on the very loweſt terms, being determined to give every encouragement to the buyer.

Where may be had, Saltpetre, antimony, camphire, white wax, pearl barley, iſinglaſs, ſago, ſalop, caraway, coriander and anniſeeds, juniper berries, candied eryngo root, beſt violet Straſburgh ſnuff, emery, ſandiver, bird lime, biſmuth boxes of iſſue plaiſters, which are made uſe of without bandages, and very much approved of, hat caſe, &c. &c.

Germantown, March 1, 1769.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE, on Monday, the 8th day of May next, on the premiſes,

ONE of the pleaſanteſt ſituated tracts or lots of land, of 125 feet front, on the main ſtreet, in the middle of Germantown, containing between two and three acres of land, with a large two ſtory ſtone meſſuage, of 40 feet long, a large ſtone kitchen, a good pump, a curious, well improved, large garden, a thriving orchard, of a great variety of apple, pear, plumb, apricot, Engliſh walnut, and other curious fruit trees, with many other valuable improvements, and conveniencies, on the ſame. The whole is very well adapted for a country ſeat, or a tavern (or a ſhop, as is there now kept) or any other public buſineſs. Sundry other lots, fit for graſs land (now in corn) &c. will be ſold the ſame day. The purchaſer may (on giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt) have ſeveral years time to pay the greateſt part of the purchaſe money, if deſired. This early notice of ſaid ſale is given, on purpoſe that any perſon, living at a diſtance, willing to ſuit himſelf with a place, ſo well adapted to carry on any buſineſs to advantage, may alſo have timely notice. The ſaid ſale is to begin at two o' clock in the afternoon on the ſaid day. Further information may be had, on ſaid place, of the owner, CHRISTIAN LEHMAN.

N. B. Said Chriſtian Lehman hath alſo a great variety of curious fruit trees for ſale, ſuch as Engliſh Walnut, pear, plumb, nectarines, apricot, &c. &c. &c. ¶ 6 W.

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

LONDON, November 26.

Letters from Peterſburgh, of the 27th ult. ſay, "Notwithſtanding the warlike preparations and menaces of the Turks, the Empreſs, deſirous of fulfilling her engagements, is determined not to withdraw her troops from Poland, till after the troubles which prevailed there are entirely appeaſed."

A letter from Portoferraio mentions, that a large veſſel belonging to Baſtia, laden with oxen and corn for the French troops in Corſica, was driven in the night of the 20th of October againſt the rocks of Marignoli. The crew were ſaved; many of the oxen were loſt; and the corn is ſpoilt by the water.

Letters from Florence, of the 29th ult. aſſure us, that 100 perſons loſt their lives by the earthquake in the night of the 19th ult. and that the great bridge, which ſeparates St. Sophia from the States of the Pope, and coſt upwards of 30,000 crowns, hath been ſplit in the middle, in different places, its whole length.

Yeſterday ſome diſpatches, ſaid to be of importance, were received at the Secretary of State's Office, from his Excellency General Gage, Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Forces in North-America.

Nov. 29. They write from Warſaw, that the major part of the Nobleſſe of Great Poland are confederated, and commit in that Province the moſt horrible diſorders.

The French never had any great notion of Corſica (as it is ſaid) till the magazines of timber granted by James the II. from Ireland began to fail, which has only been within theſe few years. Such was the political uſe they made of their power while that bigot reigned here: Such has been the uſe they already have made of Corſica.

Extract of a letter from Velloure, in the Eaſt-Indies, May 7.

"Colonel Smith has at length taken Kiſnagurry, which, after a blockade of four months, was obliged to ſurrender. It is ſtrongly ſituated upon the ſummit of a high rock, almoſt inacceſſible; about 6 months ago we attempted to ſtorm it, but were repulſed with the loſs of 40 of our beſt troops. I am at preſent in fort Velloure, belonging to the Nabob of Arcott, but garriſoned by the Company's ſoldiers. It is at the diſtance of about 100 miles from Madraſs, every way environed with hills, on each of which is a fortreſs; but this renders our ſituation very unhealthy."

A letter from a gentleman at Bombay, to his brother in London, mentions, "That on the 13th of January a powder magazine, within 15 yards of his houſe, was blown up by the premeditated malice of one Hart, a Quarter-maſter Serjeant of Artillery, who being puniſhed the ſame morning for miſbehaviour, took this deſperate and diabolical ſtep to deſtroy himſelf, and be revenged on the public. There were about 38 barrels of powder contained in the magazine, which in an inſtant levelled many houſes to the ground. There were about 30 perſons killed, and 60 wounded; among them was the Lady of the Writer of the letter.

Dec. 1. *A very important affair, lately received, is ſoon to be agitated.*

A perſon by a deſigned miſtake, perhaps, called the projected revolution *in the miniſtry, an* evolution.

A letter from Vienna, dated November 12, *ſays, "General Laudon is juſt arrived here from Bohemia, having been ſent for by the Emperor, who is going to charge that General with an important commiſſion."*

By the laſt letters from Peterſburgh an account is received, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia had lately been inoculated under the direction of Dr. Dimſdale, an Engliſh phyſician: They add, that her Majeſty was perfectly recovered, and that, during the whole time of inoculation, ſhe was not confined one day to her chamber. We think this ought to be told, to the honour of the Empreſs, that in a country, where the practice of inoculation was unknown, the Empreſs ſuffered the firſt experiment to be made upon herſelf: A noble inſtance of her Majeſty's great reſolution and firmneſs of mind, as well as an uncommon attention to the welfare of her people.

Some letters from Genoa mention, that it was currently reported, that General Paoli had been offered ſome advantageous terms of peace on the part of France; one article of which is, that the Corſicans ſhall be acknowledged an independent nation by his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty.

They write from Toulon, that ſhould General Paoli accept the propoſitions of peace lately offered, ſeveral ſhips of war will be immediately put on the ſtocks at Baſtia, &c. for the uſe of France.

Letters from Corſica adviſe, that the State Priſoners confined at Corte found means lately to ſeize the arms of the guards ſet over them; but ſome other troops running to their aſſiſtance, a great number of ſhot were exchanged on both ſides: Some of the priſoners were ſlain, others wounded, and the reſt more ſtrongly ſecured than ever in the priſons from whence they had eſcaped.

By letters from Breſt we have advice, that the Court had given orders for ſome new fortifications to be forthwith erected on the Iſlands of Rhee, Oleron, and Belleiſle.

This morning his Excellency Count de Malzahn, the Pruſſian Ambaſſador, had a long conference with the Earl of Rochfort, ſaid to be on the ſubject of ſome important diſpatches from the Court of Berlin.

Dec. 3. *It is reported that L--d R----- has declared his intention of reſigning the poſt he now enjoys; but who is to ſucceed him is not at preſent determined. The cauſe aſſigned for this act, is ſaid to take riſe from his L--d---p's diſguſt at ſome meaſures lately purſued.*

The Great People were never more buſy than at preſent; for while numbers are engaged in making a coalition, in order to form a new Miniſtry, others are as aſſiduous in conſulting on meaſures to counteract their deſign, and ſupport the Uti poſſidetis.

By accounts lately received from Paris, we learn, that the manuſcript papers, lately ſtuck up in divers parts of that metropolis, intimate, that there are Damiens ſtill living, &c.

Farmer Glover, of Hartley, in Eſſex, having married and buried a wife in the year 1762, has had the ſingular fortune to marry and bury one every year ſince; he is now a widower, and declares that he will never engage again in the matrimonial ſtate.

Some gold candleſticks, now in the poſſeſſion of a Nabob, ſacrilegiouſly taken from a capital church at the Manillas, after the capitulation, are, it is ſaid, the cauſe, among other ſuch exceſſes, of the ranſom not being paid.

By the exceſſive quantity of rain that fell on Thurſday night, the road from Stratford to Bow is ſo overflowed with water, that it runs over the axletrees of the carriages, and many of the inhabitants near Stratford-bridge were obliged yeſterday to get out of their one pair of ſtairs windows, the water running through their houſes like a mill-ſtream: The meadows, for many miles round, are overflowed; there is not a hedge or a gate to be ſeen, and the willows which grow by the river ſide only ſhew their heads; the coal-merchants and diſtillers have ſuſtained great damage.

Dec. 6. *The Duke of Grafton is elected Chancellor of the Univerſity of Cambridge, in the room of the late Duke of Newcaſtle, without oppoſition.*

Thomas Wroughton, Eſq; Reſident at the Court of Portugal, is ſoon expected in England, on account of the diſturbances in that country.

The Marquis de Chauvelin is recalled from Corſica, and the Marquis de Faux is appointed in his room. This latter gentleman, by his ſeverities practiſed at Gottingen laſt war (when Prince Clement of Saxony, who was commander in chief, remonſtrated againſt him to the Court of France), as it is imagined, for theſe reaſons is appointed, as Chauvelin appeared too mild to the French Miniſtry.

Colney-ſtreet, in Hertfordſhire, we are informed, was ſo deeply flooded on Thurſday, that as a waggon belonging to Mr. Woodward, laden with meal, was coming through the town, drawn by four horſes, three of them were drowned.

We learn from Malden, in Eſſex, that the greateſt part of the low lands of that country appear like rivers; and like accounts are alſo received from different parts of Middleſex and Surry.

Extract of a Letter from Stockholm, Nov. 15.

"*When the King returned a few days ago from Drotningholm to this city, the Officers of the Cuſtoms ſeized a trunk belonging to his Majeſty, though it was declared to have nothing in it but books and papers. His Majeſty being made acquainted with it, demanded that it ſhould be given up, but to no purpoſe; upon which he laid the affair before his Council, requiring that the trunk ſhould be opened, and in caſe no contraband goods were found therein, that the Officers ſhould be puniſhed for their inſolence; to which the Council immediately conſented.*"

It is reported that the Rev. Mr. K------l received a douceur of 500 l. as a reward for his ſervices in a memorable tranſaction.

Some letters from Legborn mention, that by a ſecret article in the propoſed treaty between France and Corſica, General Paoli is to be inveſted with the dignity of a Marſhal, with a very conſiderable appointment.

We hear that his Majeſty the King of Poland is expected here very ſoon, the increaſe of the troubles in that kingdom having rendered his abode there unſafe, eſpecially as his Majeſty's diſpoſition is known to be averſe to the cruel perſecution of the Diſſidents, which is now carrying on with great ſeverity in moſt parts of that kingdom.

They write from Paris, that the French Aſiatick Company now find themſelves ſtrong enough to revive certain dormant claims on the Dutch, reſpecting both commerce and territory in the Eaſt-Indies.

This morning an expreſs was ſent off from the Secretary of State's Office in Cleveland-Row, St. James's, for Paris.

This day her Majeſty went from her palace to St. James's (it being the firſt time of her going abroad) in order to be preſent at the chriſtening of the young Princeſs, which is to be in the Grand Council Chamber at St. James's Palace, about ſeven this evening. Upon this occaſion the Peers, Peereſſes, Privy Counſellors and their Ladies, Foreign Miniſters and their Ladies, had previous notice to aſſemble in the Queen's Preſence Chamber and Drawing Room in St. James's, between ſix and ſeven. 'Tis ſaid that one of the Princes of Mecklenburgh Strelitz will be a ſponſor.

We hear that the Rev. Mr. WHITEFIELD is about to ſend over, in the Polly and Sally, Captain Brewton, bound to Savannah, in Georgia, ſome carpenters, &c. under the conduct of Mr. Ambroſe Wright, in order to repair the preſent Orphan-houſe Buildings, and make an additional wing for the accommodation of Students in his intended College; which wing, as appears from the plan of the whole, lately publiſhed, is to be near 300 feet in length.

Dec. 8. On Monday Mr. Bingley, Bookſeller, was by writ of Habeas Corpus brought before Sir Joſeph Yates, at his houſe in Bedford-row, where, on entering into two different recognizances for his appearance only, on the firſt day of next term, in the Court of King's Bench, he was diſcharged.

The young Princeſs was baptized by his Grace the Archbiſhop of Canterbury, on Tueſday evening, in the Grand Council Room at St. James's, by the name of Auguſta Sophia. The ſponſors were the eldeſt Prince of Mecklenburgh Strelitz, and the Dutcheſſes of Ancaſter and Northumberland, as proxies for the Queen of Denmark, and the Princeſs of Brunſwick.

Letters from Leghorn adviſe, that the French garriſon of Baſtia, wanting to ſecure their winter quarters and communication with St. Florent, attempted on the 5th of November to ſeize on ſome poſts in the neighbourhood of Bivinco, and the better to divide the enemy's forces, made a feint of marching to Muratto; but that Paoli, after reinforcing the garriſon of Muratto, had obliged the French detachment, which was marching towards Bivinco, to retire with conſiderable loſs.

We hear a Gentlewoman has in her poſſeſſion ſome letters, which, when read, will clear up certain tranſactions concerted againſt a popular Gentleman.

Some letters from Leghorn mention, advice having been received there, that a dangerous conſpiracy among ſome of the Corſican Chiefs againſt Paſchal de Paoli, had luckily been diſcovered by that General, juſt time enough to prevent the execution of a deſign againſt his liberty, and probably againſt his life.

A letter from Paris, dated Nov. 25, ſays, "The Sieur Gatti, the King's conſulting Phyſician, is now inoculating, with the greateſt ſucceſs, the pupils of the Royal Military School, by order of the Duke de Choiſeul, whom nothing eſcapes that can conduce to the good of the State."

Dec. 10. Yeſterday Prince Edward, and the young Princeſs Auguſta Sophia, were carried from the Queen's palace to St. James's; to continue ſo long as Prince William Henry, and the Princeſs Royal, are under inoculation at the Queen's palace.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, Nov. 30.

"The entertainment given to the King of Denmark by the Prince of Conde at Chantilly, ſurpaſſed every other, except that given by our Sovereign. It was on the 28th inſt. It is computed that there were at leaſt 6000 perſons at it; there were ſuch a prodigious concourſe of the Nobility and Gentry of both ſexes to it, that the ſtreet of St. Dennis, which is longer and wider than Holborn, was filled with their carriages from end to end. The entertainment continued there three days and three nights; during which there was an open houſe kept for all comers without exception. There was likewiſe a moſt grand hunt in the foreſt of Chantilly, by candle light. After a wild boar had been chaced for a good while, he was killed by a Nobleman with a bow and arrow.

It was yeſterday confidently reported, that the Court of Portugal had made ſome extraordinary conceſſions to Mr. Lyttleton, in favour of our Commerce, the particulars of which are ſaid to be tranſmitted home by the laſt mail

There has been this week a very high diſpute between two great men, who have always been hitherto on one ſide; and it is the general opinion, that if it is not adjuſted ſoon, a more univerſal miniſterial revolution will be conſequent of this diſagreement, than has taken place ſince the reign of Queen Ann.

Walter Dulany, Eſq; is appointed Commiſſary General of Virginia.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, Dec. 8.

"We hear that his Majeſty's cutter Duke William, was loſt off Scilly in the late ſtormy weather, and all periſhed."

Letters from the New Marche of Bradenburg, dated the 22d of November, mention, that a body of men, who called themſelves Poliſh Confederates, having latley plundered a mill, which ſeveral Diſſidents had made their aſylum, near Callies, on the King of Pruſſia's territories, his Majeſty ſent Lieut. Norman, with 30 Dragoons, in purſuit of them. This officer overtook them in Schalenke, a little town in Poland, immediately attacked them, and after a ſkirmiſh, which laſted half an hour, he made 18 of them priſoners, among whom were 4 officers, and ſent them under an eſcort the 18th inſt. to Friedburg.

By letters from the Hague of the 4th inſt. we learn, that the Prince Stadtholder informed the States General on the 2d, that the Princeſs Royal his conſort was in a ſtate of pregnancy; on which happy event, their High Mightineſſes congratulated his Serene Highneſs.

They write from Leghorn, of the 15th of November, that two of the Senators in the late diſpute about a treaty concluded with France relative to Corſica, fought, and one of them was mortally wounded. The people in general are diſcontented, on account of the war now carrying on againſt Corſica.

On Thurſday morning, a little before eleven o'clock, the Sheriffs opened the Poll for a Knight of the Shire for the County of Middleſex, at Brentford, which was carried on with much tranquility and regularity, till about a quarter after two; at which time it was generally thought that Mr. Serjeant Glynn had polled a greater number than Sir W. B. Proctor, when on a ſudden a hat was thrown up in the air, on which a great riot enſued, when the mob mounted the Huſtings, attempted to ſeize ſome of the Poll books, and entirely put a ſtop to the buſineſs. On this, great numbers of Freeholders were hurt in trying to get away, others came home directly, and the remainder of the day was a ſcene of confuſion. A fellow had lifted up his ſtick to make a blow at Mr. Glynn, which being timely obſerved by one of the Freeholders, a ſtout Gentleman, he knocked the rioter down with the butt end of his whip.

When the mob had cleared the Huſtings on Thurſday, they went into the town of Brentford, and attacked the Caſtle Inn (which was one of the houſes of entertainment for Mr. Glynn's friends) and did conſiderable damage to it. The inhabitants of the town obſerving this miſchief, and beginning to fear their own houſes would next be deſtroyed, a general indignation took place; they ſallied out, attacked the rioters, and drove them out of town; and ſome of the victors afterwards vented their rage upon one or two of the houſes opened for the other candidate.

A number of perſons with cockades, aſſembled about the Angel Inn in a riotous manner, armed with bludgeons, &c. but being expoſtulated with by ſome Gentleman preſent, the greateſt part threw away their ſticks, and their ringleader was taken into cuſtody, and carried to the Angel; while under examination there, ſeveral of his followers came to him, and demanded half a crown each, which they ſaid they were to have, and a guinea to be ſpent amongſt them; whereupon he was ſecured, to be dealt with according to law.

Dec. 13. On Sunday, at the Queen's houſe, an inoculation for the Small-pox was performed on the Princeſs Royal and Prince William, and their Royal Highneſſes were put under the care of Sir Clifton Wintringham, Phyſician to his Majeſty, Sir John Pringle, Phyſician to the Queen, Cæſar Hawkins, Eſq; Serjeant Surgeon, and Pennell Hawkins, Eſq; Surgeon to the Queen.

Letters from Leghorn, dated Nov. 14, mention, that two Engineers, in the ſervice of France, under pretence of being French Deſerters, lately got into Iſola Roſſa in Corſica, and after having been there a few days, obtained an interview with the Commandant, to whom they declared their real character, and offered him 1000 louiſdores to deliver up the fortreſs to the French troops at a certain time, which he agreed to do: But Paoli having ſome intelligence of this plot, ſuddenly arrived at the head of 700 men, and cauſed the Commandant of Iſola Roſſa to be arreſted, with the two Engineers, and ſome other perſons. The Engineers have ſince made a full confeſſion, and all the parties concerned have been ſeized except two.

Letters from Poland adviſe, that Prince Radzivil, formerly Marſhal of the General Confederacy, who has been miſſing ſome time, appears now to have undergone the ſame fate with the Biſhops of Cracovia and Cujavia, &c.

The Ticket drawn on Tueſday laſt a prize of 20,000 l. is the property of John Cleveland, Eſq; Member for Barnſtaple in Devonſhire, and ſon of the late Mr. Cleveland, formerly Secretary to the Admiralty.

On Saturday an inhabitant of Adz-Court, White-ſtreet, in the Borough, had ſome words with his wife; upon which ſhe went out of the houſe, and he, in the mean time, wrote with chalk, upon the floor, "Through my bad wife, I have loſt my life;" and immediately hanged himſelf.

Yeſterday a chapter of the moſt Noble Order of the Garter was held at St. James's, at which his Majeſty preſided; and their Royal Highneſſes the Dukes of Glouceſter, Cumberland, &c. were preſent, when his Majeſty was pleaſed to inveſt his Grace the Duke of Marlborough with the Enſigns of that Order.

Her Majeſty, and a great number of Ladies of the firſt diſtinction, were at St. James's, to ſee the above ceremony.

The laſt letters received at Vienna from Conſtantinople, of the 2d ult. ſay, "The Turks have already ſent to Choczim and Bender 600 pieces of cannon; that the body of artillery conſiſts of 4000 men, and that the whole army amounts to 300,000, commanded by an old Seraſkier, who has given proofs of his courage and conduct. Theſe letters add, that the Mufti, or Chief of the Law, is dead; and that the Grand Vizir, who was lately depoſed, died likewiſe as he was going to his government. The death of the former puts an end to all our hopes of keeping peace between the Ruſſians and the Turks."

A letter from James-Fort, River Gambia, dated Aug. 28, mentions, that the people of the kingdom of Barrack had, a little time before the above date, taken an Engliſh Schooner, Capt. Marſhall, well manned and armed, with conſiderable property on board, and murdered all the people, except two, who eſcaped by ſwimming. They have alſo taken two Schooners and their cargoes, belonging to Captain Evans; and two boats, laden with goods, belonging to Captain Hodgſon.

A report prevailed this morning, that Great-Britain has been applied to by a certain power on the continent, to intereſt itſelf in the preſent quarrel with the Turks.

They write from Dantzick, that immenſe quantities of ordnance ſtores are now tranſporting from that city, by land and water carriage, for the uſe of the Ruſſian armies.

According to recent letters from Leghorn, General Paoli had declared to the Chiefs of Corſica, that no dependance was to be placed on the profeſſions of France, who with one hand held out amicable treaties, and with the other encouraged private treaſons and aſſaſſinations.

An Affidavit of Atkinſon Buſh, Gent. of Glouceſter-ſtreet, is publiſhed in the daily papers, who depoſes, that he mixed among a large body of men, on Thurſday laſt, at Brentford, drawn up on an eminence near the Huſtings, and declaring himſelf to be neuter, he aſked them, who they ſuppoſed would get the election, they replied, Proctor; for if Glynn gets the advantage, they ſwore, "We will have his blood."

Dec. 15. *Monday afternoon a pregnant woman, paſſing near the Hermitage Bridge, Wapping, ſaw a barrel of tar which ſhe longed to taſte, and a man coming by with muffins at the ſame time, ſhe purchaſed ſix, which ſhe dipped in the tar, and devoured with great ſatisfaction.*

It is ſaid, that orders are given for two frigates, and a ſloop of war, to ſail for James-Fort, on the river Gambia, in Africa.

Yeſterday the poll for the election of a knight of the ſhire for the county of Middleſex was continued at Brentford, purſuant to the laſt adjournment; at the cloſe of which the numbers ſtood as follow:

For Serjeant Glynn - - - -	1542
Sir W. B. Proctor - - -	1278
Majority for Serjeant Glynn	264

The Vox Populi *has often been ſtiled* Vox Dei, *and whatever may be the opinion of contending parties concerning it, in reſpect to the late election for the county of Middleſex, the ſpirit diſplayed on that occaſion by the electors is, at leaſt, truly laudable. To them, and to them alone, it certainly belongs to chooſe their repreſentatives; and without entering into any invidious compariſon of the merits of the two reſpective candidates, we are bound in juſtice to commend the noble ſtruggle of the freeholders, who unawed by power, uninfluenced by favour, ſo gallantly vindicated their own privileges, by chooſing the man they thought proper. May the glorious example ſpread, and Britons, in an affair where their own welfare, and that of all poſterity are ſo nearly concerned, never ſubmit to be dictated to, in their choice of members of Parliament, by any Perſon,* HOW GREAT SOEVER!

The whole park of artillery preparing by the Turks for acting againſt the Ruſſians, we are told, amounts to no leſs than 600 pieces, which are to be managed by a corps of 4000 men, and the like number of Camels is collecting for the purpoſes of drawing it.

All the troops in Sileſia, being the beſt regiments in the King of Pruſſia's ſervice, are in full march to join the Ruſſians.

Dec. 17. The Hon. Houſe of Commons which met on Thurſday, ſat till half an hour paſt One o'clock yeſterday Morning.

The populace in general, and the people of Brentford in particular, were very deſirous to chair Mr. Serjeant Glynn, after the Sheriffs had declared his election; but the Serjeant very politely intreated them to decline it, which, after much Solicitation, they complied with.

As an inſtance of the great expence attending the election of a Knight of the ſhire for a county, it is worthy of remark, that the ribbands only for the hats of Mr. Glynn's friends coſt 400 l.

Extract of a letter from Florence, Oct. 24.

"I have not ſuffered myſelf to be carried away, as many others have been, by an enthuſiaſtic fever in favour of Corſica; but I have contracted ſuch a friendſhip for the General, that I cannot even deſcribe how much I admire him. He certainly is a great man, who poſſeſſes both ſpirit and eloquence to an amazing degree, has entirely ſacrificed himſelf for his country, and is incapable of betraying it. Do not ſuffer yourſelf to be deceived by thoſe whom either the French, or diſaffected Corſicans, deceive by ſuch calumnies. Whoever would judge of the French in ge-

neral, from their behaviour in the laſt actions in Corſica, could indeed not love them. In two words the fact is this: They always advanced by ſurpriſe and treachery, endeavouring even to bribe the General's Secretaries; but have been driven back merely by the courage of the people. The people are good, ingenuous, courageous, and act openly. What diſadvantages they ſuſtained, aroſe from the Chiefs, who had more to loſe. It is not now eaſy for the French to get back again to the poſt, which they were diſpoſſeſſed of; they muſt ſtay for new reinforcements. Their loſſes have been conſiderable: One of their Commanders in Chief has been wounded, 87 officers killed, or made priſoners, together with 1800 ſoldiers. The military cheſt, hoſpitals, baggage, tents, cannons, have been loſt; and, what is worſe, the troops are diſcouraged in having to fight upon unequal ground with an enemy almoſt always covered. I wiſh that this may diſſipate every ſhadow of ſuſpicion about Paoli from thoſe powers, who are the natural friends of the Corſicans, and induce them to aſſiſt them powerfully. As from the little knowledge I have of Corſica, which I have almoſt entirely travelled through, and from ſome other conſiderations, I fear that at laſt nothing will ſave that country, but an open ſtand in their favour."

N E W-Y O R K, February 27.

Extract of a private Letter from a Gentleman in London, to his Friend in New-York, dated December 7, 1768.

"I was in the Houſe of Commons, at the Opening of this Seſſion.----The Miniſtry went largely into American Affairs.---- In that Day's Debate, they ſhewed a firm Reſolution to enforce, without entering into the Matter of Right, which appears to me a diſputable Point. I think if the King's Miniſters inſiſt upon the Obedience of America, and the Parliament concur in the Meaſures, that it will be the Intereſt of America to ſubmit; ſuch a Submiſſion, I am perſuaded, will gain them great Advantages and Indulgences in other Reſpects.----Mr. Wilkes's Cauſe is to come on before the Houſe on Wedneſday next."

We cannot learn by any Letters received by the Packet, that the Parliament had done any Thing in American Affairs, or that any Time was fixed for that Purpoſe; and indeed it appears that our Friends on the other Side of the Water, have been very circumſpect touching Politics in any of their Letters lately received here.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, *March 2.*

In a Letter from London, dated December 6, it is ſaid, "A Bill will be brought into Parliament, to encourage the Importation of Flour from America at all Times."

And in another of December 7, "We are all in the Dark reſpecting what the Parliament will do in American Affairs; but a very ſhort Time will now diſcover it. It is to be hoped your Remonſtrance will have a good Effect, for the Philadelphians are held in great Eſteem here."

But as the Letters by the Packet, in general, are very ſilent with reſpect to American Politics, we are ſorry it is not in our Power to give our Readers any Intelligence relating thereto; only we hear, that the Perſons in Power in England ſeemed to ſoften, with regard to the ill Opinion they had imbibed of the Americans; that their Friends increaſed; that the diſcreet Behaviour of the Inhabitants of Boſton, gave great Pleaſure to their Wellwiſhers in the Mother Country; and that it was hoped, in the End, all would turn out well.

Captain Potts, from Liſbon, on the 13th of January, in Lat. 29:40, Long. 59:20, ſpoke the Ship Thames, Captain Watts, from Boſton for Nevis, 9 Days out;---16th, in Lat. 32:16, Long. 60:20, ſpoke the Schooner Bedford, Captain Ellis, from Cape-Fear for the Grenades, 8 Days out; and on the Firſt of February, in Lat. 37:53, Long. 69:40, he ſpoke the Ship Elizabeth, Captain M'Kinſey, from New-York for Newry, 4 Days out, all well in each Veſſel.

Captain Hardie, alſo in 6 Weeks from Liſbon, on the 28th of January, in Lat. 23:16, Long. 27:31, ſpoke with Captain Fletcher, bound to Barbados from Cork; on the 13th of February, in Lat. 24:36, Long. 66:30, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Crathorn, bound to Maryland, who left London the 2d of January; 20th, in Lat. 29:2, Long. 73:6, ſpoke the Brig Friendſhip, Captain Aſh, from Southampton for South-Carolina; and on the 24th, on the Edge of Soundings, he ſpoke with Captain Waterman, in a Sloop, from St. Euſtatia for New-London; the ſame Day he alſo ſpoke with a Sloop from Cape Nichola for Rhode-Iſland, but did not learn the Maſter's Name, nor that of the Veſſel.

Captain Conyngham, from Antigua, on the 13th ult. in Lat. 27:20, Long. 69:40, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Rhea, from New-York for Jamaica, 10 Days out, all well.

Captain Alliſon, in 6 Weeks from Liſbon, adviſes, that the Brig Jenny, Captain Hunter, was to ſail for New-York in 6 or 8 Days after him, but firſt to touch at Falmouth. On the 21ſt ult. in Lat. 36, Long. 72, he ſpoke the Schooner Induſtry, Captain Gardiner, from Cape Nichola, for Salem, out 28 Days, who informed him, that Captain Caton, from this Port, was arrived at that Place.

Captain Blewer, from South-Carolina, about two Weeks ago, off of Cape Hatteras, ſpoke a Brig from St. Chriſtophers for Wilmington, 36 Days out, all well.

Captain Powell, from Liſbon, on the 18th of January, in Lat. 23, Long. 43, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Hull, from Liverpool for Georgia, out 20 Days; on the 21ſt of laſt Month, in Lat. 36:49, Long. 72, he ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Harding, from Virginia for Jamaica, out 24 Hours; and the next Day he ſpoke a Ship from Virginia for Glaſgow, all well.

Sunday laſt the Ship Donegall, Captain Ferguſon, arrived here from Belfaſt, but laſt from Antigua; who meeting with bad weather on our Coaſt in December laſt, was obliged to bear away for that Iſland. Captain Mackey, from Dublin, but laſt from Cork, on the 31ſt of January, ſpoke a Schooner off the Capes of Virginia, that had left thoſe Capes that Day, bound to Barbados; Maſter's Name not known.

From Antigua we learn, that the following Veſſels had put in there by Streſs of Weather, viz. December 13. The Sloop Polly, Captain Conyers, from South-Carolina for Barbados, being obliged to throw Part of the Cargoe overboard;----22d, The Sloop Two Brothers, Captain Freeman, from Halifax for New-London, Rigging much damaged;----28th, The Sloop Liberty, Captain Emery, from Halifax for Philadelphia, Veſſel much damaged;---31ſt, The Sloop Unity, Captain Winter, from Quebec for Halifax, Sails and Rigging much damaged. January 4. The Schooner Robert and Jenny, Captain Arr, Rigging much damaged;----6th, The Snow Eſther, Captain Dunn, from the Coaſt of Africa, having met with bad Weather, and an Inſurrection of the Slaves;---12th, The Ship Bethia, Captain Green, from New-York for London, having been obliged to throw overboard a conſiderable Part of his Cargoe;----14th, The Schooner St. George, Captain Waugh, from Falmouth for New-York, much damaged;----17th, The Ship Duke of Cumberland, from Halifax for London; and on the 19th, The Brig Elliot, Captain Davenot, from Liverpool for New-York, having carried away her Fore-topmaſt, and received conſiderable other Damage in her Maſts and Rigging.

The Raven Tranſport, from Cork for Boſton, with 250 Soldiers on board, is put into Nevis, having loſt all her Maſts.

A R R I V A L S.

From Philadelphia. Captains Nuttle, Ayres, Livingſton, Long, Peters, and May, at Liſbon; Young, at Briſtol; Ferguſon, Haſelton, and Lake, at Jamaica; and Captain Craig, at St. Euſtatia.

At Antigua. Captains Alwood, and Young, from Boſton; Wilſon, and Clark, from Piſcataqua; Ruſſell, from New-Haven; Fields, from Connecticut; Carew, Ward, Henderſon, Willis, Raujom, and Truman, from New-London; Bucklin, Jacobs, and Folger, from Rhode-Iſland; M'Keel, from Maryland; and the Captains Richardſon, and Owen, from Virginia.

Captain Jarrald, from Baltimore, and Captain Alexander Kennedy, from Virginia, are arrived at Liſbon.

Captain Brown, from Rhode-Iſland; and Captain Dotin, from New-England, are arrived at St. Chriſtophers.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Snow Barbados Packet, S. Chancellor, and Brig Repeal, W. Lawrence, from Barbados. Brig Carpenter, C. Jenkins, Brig Charlotte, H. Hubbs, and Sloop Peggy, T. Eaſtwick, St. Euſtatia. Schooner George, S. Martin, Jamaica. Brig Molly, J. Lockton, Grenades. Ship White-Oak, R. Caſſon, Ship Molly, B. Alliſon, Snow King George, J. Potts, Brig Nancy, T. Powell, and Brig Patty, R. Hardie, Liſbon. Sloop Polly, S. Wright, Brig Prince of Wales, T. Maſon, and Sloop Sally, J. Blewer, South-Carolina. Brig Roſe, G. Ord, Madeira. Ship Hayfield, J. Mackey, Dublin. Brig Charming Peggy, G. Conyngham, Antigua. Brig Patty, J. Wilſon, Gibraltar. Ship Earl of Donegall, D. Ferguſon, from Belfaſt.

OUTWARDS. Ship White-Oak, R. Caſſon, for Barbados. Sloop Polly, S. Wright, and Brig Prince of Wales, T. Maſon, South-Carolina. Brig Carpenter, C. Jenkins, St. Euſtatia. Brig Roſe, G. Ord, Liſbon. Sloop Sally, R. Alberſon, N. York.

CLEARED. Sloop Diana, T. Finley, Sloop Hunter, S. Crawford, and Schooner George, S. Martin, to Grenades. Brig Polly and Nancy, S. Corry, Brig Lord Hyde, J. Taylor, and Ship Eleanor, T. Whitlock, Barbados. Sloop Chance, C. Robeſon, St. Euſtatia. Snow Rebecca, J. Miller, Antigua. Brig Jupiter, J. Byers, Londonderry. Brig Rachel, L. Simmons, Liſbon. Ship Philadelphia, D. M'Cutcheon, Belfaſt. Brig Concord, J. Volans, and Snow Stirling, W. Lawrence, to Briſtol.

ROBERT BASS, APOTHECARY,

In Market-ſtreet, continues to ſell, on the eaſieſt terms,

NEAT and genuine DRUGS, of the laſt Fall's importation; all the valuable kinds of patent medicines, with many articles but very lately received from the Weſt Indies, and divers parts of the American continent.

MEDICINES, as preſcribed and directed by the London College of Phyſicians, prepared as uſual.

By the firſt ſpring ſhips he will have a freſh ſupply of the beſt London capital drugs, which he will punctually ſell at no more than accuſtomed price during the Summer.

AUCTION of BOOKS.

ON Monday next, the 6th of March, 1769, ROBERT BELL, BOOKSELLER and AUCTIONIER, will begin to ſell by AUCTION, A large and valuable Collection of modern entertaining BOOKS, at JOHN HART's New Vendue Store, in Southwark; conſiſting of Hiſtory; Biography; Divinity; Plays; Poetry; Novels and Amuſement. This Sale will continue for ſix Evenings ſucceſſively; Hours of Sale each Evening from 6 till 8 o'Clock. Catalogues may be had on Friday, at WILLIAM WOODHOUSE's, Bookſeller, in Front-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet; where the Curious in modern Maps and Charts may now be ſupplied with the following, viz. Green's new Chart of North and South-America, Lewis Evans's Map of the Middle Britiſh Colonies, with Improvements, by Gibſon, &c. &c. &c.

N. B. Said Woodhouſe is willing to take a ſmart tractable Boy, about 12 or 13 Years of Age, as an Apprentice to the Book-binding Buſineſs. ¶ 1 W.

Philadelphia, Land-Office, February 23, 1769.

THE LAND-OFFICE will be opened on the third day of April next, at ten o'clock in the morning, to receive applications from all perſons inclinable to take up lands in the new purchaſe, upon the terms of Five Pounds Sterling per hundred acres, and One Penny Sterling per acre per annum quit-rent. No perſon will be allowed to take up more than 300 acres, without the ſpecial licence of the Proprietaries or the Governor. The ſurveys upon all applications are to be made and returned within 6 months, and the whole purchaſe money paid at one payment, and patent taken out within 12 months from the date of the application, with intereſt, and quit-rent from 6 months after the application. If there be a failure on the ſide of the party applying, in either procuring his ſurvey, and return to be made, or in paying the purchaſe money, and obtaining the patent, the application and ſurvey will be utterly void, and the Proprietaries will be at liberty to diſpoſe of the land to any other perſon whatever. And as theſe terms will be ſtrictly adhered to by the Proprietaries, all perſons are hereby warned and cautioned, not to apply for more land than they will be able to pay for in the time hereby given for that purpoſe.

By Order of the Governor,

JAMES TILGHMAN, Secretary of the Land-Office.

N. B. So long a day is fixed, to give the back inhabitants time to repair to the office.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Saturday, the 18th of March, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of John Schrack, in Providence townſhip, a certain plantation or tract of land, ſituate in Providence townſhip aforeſaid, about 26 miles from Philadelphia, containing about 100 acres, about 40 acres clear, the remainder wood land, about 7 acres meadow ground, with a never failing ſpring, having a wooden waſh-houſe erected thereon, about 7 acres orchard, with bearing trees, moſtly grafted, and two kitchen gardens, near the houſe, bounded by lands of the Lutheran Church and School-houſe, and lands of Peter and Ludwick Harpel, and Andrew Miller; having erected thereon a good two ſtory ſtone meſſuage, with a convenient cellar under the ſame, and a well of good water in the cellar. Alſo a ſtone building annexed to the meſſuage, with a fire place therein, and a large ſtone barn and ſtables. Likewiſe a wooden tenement, with two rooms and a cellar thereunder, with ſtables, and a kitchen garden thereto allotted, ſuitable for a tradeſman or tenant of the place; late the eſtate of Frederick Martin; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, *Sheriff.*

N. B. The purchaſer paying down 200 l. of the purchaſe money, may have credit for the remainder, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity for the ſame.

TO be SOLD at public vendue, to the higheſt bidder, at Queen's Town, in Queen Ann's county, on Wedneſday, the 29th of March inſt. about 600 acres of land, more or leſs, ſituate on both ſides of the river Choptank, about 5 miles above the Bridge, being part of a tract called Codſhead Manor, is well ſuited for tillage, and convenient for three ſettlements, with a parcel of rich low ground, fit for meadows to each. The land is near a church, a mill, and a landing place, and does not exceed 14 miles to a landing on the river Delaware. The title is good. Six months credit will be given for the purchaſe money, the purchaſer giving bond, with ſecurity, to the ſubſcriber, who will attend the ſale. In the mean time apply to JOHN FISHER, *in Queen Ann's county, or* BENJAMIN KENDALL, *in Philadelphia.* §

To be SOLD at public vendue, on Thurſday, the 6th of April,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, containing about 2000 acres, lying in Faquier county, in Virginia, well wooded and watered; the ſaid land lays within half a mile of the main road from Dumfries to Wincheſter, and 3 miles to the weſtward of the Bull Run Mountain, on a branch of Gooſe Creek, near one fourth part of this land may be made exceeding good meadow. The ſale will begin at 12 o'clock, at the houſe of Mr. John Sciers, who lives within half a mile of the land, and will ſhew it to any perſon who wants to view the premiſes, which will be parcelled out or ſold together, as may be agreed on at the day of ſale. Time will be given for payment on bond, with ſecurity, if required. JUDSON COOLIDGE.

TO BE LETT,

A NEAT and commodious frame HOUSE, ſituate in the Iriſh Track, about two miles from the Court-Houſe, with two gardens, incloſed with cedar poſts and boards, containing about one acre of ground, and two meadow lots, containing about five and a half acres, that bears timothy and clover; thoſe lots were well dunged laſt year, and the whole is in very good order. For further particulars apply to ROBERT MONTGOMERY.

Naſſau-Hall, Princetown, February 23, 1769.

IN terms of the advertiſement formerly publiſhed, the grammar ſchool, at Princetown, was begun preciſely on the 7th of November laſt. The numbers, conſidering the ſhortneſs of the time, have exceeded expectation. The deſign of this preſent notice is to inform the public, that, according to my promiſe to the truſtees, I have undertaken the conduct of it; that the young man who teaches it, receives his whole directions from me; and has hitherto given the greateſt ſatisfaction, by fidelity and diligence, in the execution of them. He is furniſhed with a book of directions, for maſters to form their pupils to a thorough knowledge of the Latin language, drawn up by one who was long rector of the public grammar ſchool in Glaſgow, the ſeat of one of the univerſities in Scotland, and taught it with as great reputation and ſucceſs as any that ever appeared in that country. He is furniſhed with a book of claſſic maps, to point out the places ſpoken of in any author the ſcholars may happen to read; and it is particularly recommended to him to ſtudy the Roman and Greek antiquities, that he may be able to explain any word that refers to the cuſtoms and manners of the ancients, or the conſtitution of their ſeveral ſtates. He is alſo furniſhed with a terreſtrial globe, that they may be taught geography by occaſional exerciſes for amuſement rather than a taſk. One hour every day is ſpent in writing and arithmetic; and it is propoſed to have a weekly exerciſe of reading the Engliſh authors, with propriety and grace; with remarks on the grammar, and ſpelling of the Engliſh tongue. Every Lord's day evening, ſince the ſchool began, the ſcholars have been convened and inſtructed in the principles of religion. This is done for the ſake of thoſe whoſe parents live at a diſtance, and will be carefully continued. On the whole, the public may reſt aſſured, that no pains will be ſpared to make the inſtruction at this ſchool compleat and accurate, and indeed they have a pretty ſure pledge of our fidelity, becauſe the ſcholars who enter college from this ſchool, muſt be conſidered as a ſort of ſtandard for the qualifications of thoſe who are to be admitted from other places. It would be a terrible reproach to offer inſufficient ſcholars, brought up within our own walls, and it is expected, and even hoped, that other ſchoolmaſters will, by a laudable emulation, keep us hard and cloſe to our duty. J. WITHERSPOON.

TO BE SOLD,

A PIECE of LAND, ſituate beyond the third Mile Stone, on Frankford Road, in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, containing 22 Acres and a Half, whereof a ſmall Part is Meadow, on which is a ſmall Tenement, and an Orchard of grafted Fruit Trees; now in the Tenure of Daniel Kuhlman. Alſo another Piece of Land, adjoining the above, containing 24 Acres and a Half. Both bounded on the back Part by Gunner's Run. And a Lot and Tenement on the Weſt Side of Second-ſtreet, in Philadelphia, near the Corner of Saſſafras-ſtreet, being 16 Feet in Front, and 100 Feet deep, to a 4 Feet Alley leading into Saſſafras-ſtreet. Thoſe who incline to purchaſe any Part of the Premiſes, may be further informed by applying to JOHN PEMBERTON in Philadelphia, or GEORGE DILLWYN in Burlington. ‡ Tbctf.

To be SOLD, on the 14th of this inſtant March, on the premiſes,

A PLANTATION, containing 111 acres of good land, ſituate in Lower Makefield townſhip, Bucks county, within 3 or 4 miles of Newtown, and within a mile and half of Delaware river, with a good ſtone dwelling houſe, two ſtories high, with two rooms below, and three rooms above ſtairs, all well finiſhed, a good ſtone kitchen, 18 feet ſquare, ſtone milk-houſe, a frame barn, 40 by 30 feet, a good bearing orchard of grafted fruits, about 80 acres of cleared land, 8 whereof is meadow, the whole well watered. The purchaſer paying 200 l. within ſix months from the ſale, may have ten years to pay the remainder, if required. Any perſon, or perſons, inclining to purchaſe, are recommended to give their attendance on the premiſes, on the aboveſaid day, when attendance will be given by JOSEPH DUER.

To be ſold by public vendue, by the ſubſcriber, on the 29th of March inſtant, on the premiſes, in Hatborough, commonly called the Crooked Billet, in the Manor of Moreland, Philadelphia county,

A LOT of LAND, containing about 9 acres, whereon is a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, 52 feet long, 3 rooms on the lower floor, with 2 fire places, a good ſhoemaker's ſhop under the ſame roof, with a lodging room over it, two cellars which reach the whole length of the houſe, a well of good water near the door, a large garden, lately pailed in, an orchard of good grafted fruit, one acre and an half of watered and bank meadow, the remainder of ſaid lot is good land for wheat or other grain, being lately well manured, a new ſtable, with a conveniency of putting hay over it, covered with cedar; there is on ſaid lot a convenient tanyard, wherein are 12 tan vatts, two limes, walled with ſtone, and large hearths, a large water pool, with a ſtream of water conſtantly running through it, a beam houſe, with a maſtering in it, a well, with a good pump in it, which ſupplies the yard with excellent water for ſole; a large ſtone mill houſe, with an almoſt new floor and curb, and room over head for a conſiderable quantity of bark; likewiſe a barrack, with a cedar roof, for the holding of bark. The above deſcribed place fronts the Old York and Byberry roads, which renders it convenient for buying hides, ſkins, bark, &c. and for ſelling leather. The title is good; the terms will be made known on the day of ſale, or before, by applying to AMOS WATSON.

N. B. The ſale to begin at 2 o'clock. ¶

To be SOLD, by public Vendue, on the Premiſes, on Monday, the 20th of this inſtant March,

A CERTAIN Meſſuage or Tenement, Griſt-Mill, and about 20 Acres of Land thereunto belonging, ſituate on Pennypack Creek, in Lower Dublin Townſhip, in the County of Philadelphia, about 11 Miles from the City of Philadelphia, and one from Buſſel-Town. The Conditions of Sale, and Payments, to be made known at the Time and Place aforeſaid, by WILLIAM HENDRICKS.

N. B. The Title is indiſputable, and the Sale to begin at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon. ‡ 1 W.

THESE are to inform the public, that I the ſubſcriber, gave a promiſſary note to a certain George M'Dowell, dated the 27th day of December, 1768, and payable the 27th day of June next; but as I have never received value for it, I am reſolved not to pay it, and therefore forbid all perſons from taking an aſſignment thereof. ARCHIBALD M'NEAL. ‡

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living near Joppa Town, in Baltimore county, Maryland, on Friday night, the 17th of February laſt, an indented Iriſh ſervant lad, about 18 years of age, dark complexion, pitted with the ſmall pox, about 5 feet 5 inches high; had on, ſtole, and took with him, when he went away, a red halfthick jacket, with ſleeves, and breeches of the ſame, not lined, a white ſaggathy coat, tore on the top of the left ſhoulder, blue ſtockings, and half-worn ſhoes; he alſo ſtole at the ſame time his maſter's watch, the inſide works caſed, maker's name James Warne, London. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings him to his maſter, ſhall receive for himſelf, Three Pounds, and for the watch and ſervant, Five Pounds current money, paid by PHILIP CALVIN. ¶

To be SOLD, by public Vendue, on the Premiſes, on Monday, the 20th of this inſtant March,

A CERTAIN Meſſuage or Tenement, Griſt-Mill, and about 20 Acres of Land thereunto belonging, ſituate on Pennypack Creek, in Lower Dublin Townſhip, in the County of Philadelphia, about 11 Miles from the City of Philadelphia, and one from Buſſel-Town. The Conditions of Sale, and Payments, to be made known at the Time and Place aforeſaid, by WILLIAM HENDRICKS.

N. B. The Title is indiſputable, and the Sale to begin at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon. ‡ 1 W.

THESE are to inform the public, that I the ſubſcriber, gave a promiſſary note to a certain George M'Dowell, dated the 27th day of December, 1768, and payable the 27th day of June next; but as I have never received value for it, I am reſolved not to pay it, and therefore forbid all perſons from taking an aſſignment thereof. ARCHIBALD M'NEAL. ‡

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living near Joppa Town, in Baltimore county, Maryland, on Friday night, the 17th of February laſt, an indented Iriſh ſervant lad, about 18 years of age, dark complexion, pitted with the ſmall pox, about 5 feet 5 inches high; had on, ſtole, and took with him, when he went away, a red halfthick jacket, with ſleeves, and breeches of the ſame, not lined, a white ſaggathy coat, tore on the top of the left ſhoulder, blue ſtockings, and half-worn ſhoes; he alſo ſtole at the ſame time his maſter's watch, the inſide works caſed, maker's name James Warne, London. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings him to his maſter, ſhall receive for himſelf, Three Pounds, and for the watch and ſervant, Five Pounds current money, paid by PHILIP CALVIN. ¶

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of William Morgan, late of the Northern Liberties, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts that they may be adjuſted; and alſo thoſe that have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their demands to SARAH MORGAN, Adminiſtratrix. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

SEVERAL valuable plantations, lying in Briſtol townſhip, viz. One lying on Delaware, the great road leading from Philadelphia to Trenton, running through the ſame, commonly known by the name of Cold Spring, containing 150 acres of upland and meadow, near 100 acres cleared, with a good orchard, two houſes, two ſtory high, a milk-houſe, barn, and a good griſt-mill, the running gears lately made new; likewiſe one other plantation, adjoining the aforeſaid premiſes, containing 104 acres of upland and meadow, about one half cleared, with a good orchard, dwelling-houſe, barn, &c. Likewiſe a tract of land, containing 40 acres, lying about a mile from the aforeſaid premiſes, chiefly wood land, with a part of the pidgeon ſwamp, ſome part cleared; alſo a tract of meadow ground, containing 5 acres, bounded by lands of John Pemberton and Thomas Stackhouſe; alſo one plantation, or tract of land, lying in the Jerſeys, oppoſite the two firſt, containing 50 acres, ſome part cleared. There are about 20 acres of meadow in the whole, and about 10 acres more may be made. An indiſputable title will be made to the purchaſer of any of ſaid lands, by THOMAS STANALAND, living on the firſt deſcribed premiſes. ¶

RUN away, the 13 h of February laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named STEPHEN HOLMES, about 5 feet 6 inches high, well ſet, a carpenter by trade, ſpeaks good Engliſh, fair buſhy hair, has a cut near his right eye, and a burn on his right hand; had on, and took with him, a dark coloured broadcloth coat and jacket, breeches of near the ſame colour, two flannel waiſtcoats, one ſtriped acroſs, old coarſe ſhoes, carved Pinchbeck buckles, white ſtockings, and felt hat, bound with black tape. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me

JOHN BYERS.

¶

All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour, or take him away, at their peril.

To be SOLD, on reaſonable terms,

A GRIST and merchant mill, with two pair of ſtones, one pair thereof Cullen's, and two boulting cheſts, with boulting gears; and alſo a SAW-MILL, all going by the ſame gears, on a very conſtant ſtream, in the townſhip of East Bradford, Cheſter county, known by the name of the Valley Creek, with 50 acres of LAND, a dwelling-houſe, and ſtable; to be entered upon the firſt day of May next, or ſooner, if required. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to THOMAS SPACKMAN, on the ſaid premiſes. †

N. B. Any perſon inclining for the MILL, in exchange for LAND, may have the ſame opportunity.

TO be ſold by public vendue, on Wedneſday, the 15th of this inſtant March, a commodious forge for making bar iron, with 3 fires, and 2 hammers, on a ſtream of water, known by the name of French Creek, with a ſtock of coals, and ſeveral hundred cords of wood, ready cut, and every thing convenient for carrying on the buſineſs. There are belonging to ſaid forge 206 acres of land, and allowance, and about 30 acres of rye in the ground, ſituate in Vincent townſhip, Cheſter county.

N. B. The ſale to begin at two o' clock on the premiſes, where due attendance will be given by

¶ JOHN EVANS, and JOHN DAVIS.

WHEREAS RICHARD COLLINGS, Gardener, once of the Northern Liberties, for ſome Years paſt hath not followed raiſing of Garden Seeds, as he formerly did, by Reaſon of a Removal to the Jerſeys, and not having his Ground properly cultivated for that Buſineſs; he now gives public Notice, That for theſe laſt Two Years, he has taken Care to procure an Aſſortment of the beſt GARDEN SEEDS, Peaſe and Beans of all Sorts, and begs the Favour of his former Cuſtomers to apply to him, at his Stand, at the upper End of the Jerſey Market, Philadelphia, on the North Side, where they ſhall be kindly uſed. ‡

To be LETT, for a term of YEARS,

A COMMODIOUS merchant mill, and forge, ſituate on Cheſter creek, about 5 miles from navigable water; ſaid mill hath two water wheels, and plenty of water in the drieſt ſeaſons; ſaid forge hath three fires, and plenty of water; there is alſo a great quantity of wood ready cut, and a quantity of coals in the coal-houſe, a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, and ſeveral houſes fit for forgemen, alſo ſtables, ſmith's ſhop and tools, and other utenſils for carrying on the forge buſineſs. Likewiſe to be ſold, a valuable plantation, in the townſhip of Fallowfield, Cheſter county, ſituate on the great road leading from Lancaſter road to Ellis Puſey's mill; ſaid plantation contains about 270 acres, 90 thereof cleared, the reſt well timbered, 8 acres of meadow, and 40 more may be made, and well watered; there is alſo a dwelling-houſe and orchard on the ſame. Alſo to be ſold, a commodious brick houſe, and ſtore-houſes, in the borough of Cheſter. Whoever inclines to deal for any of the above deſcribed premiſes, may be further informed, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living in Middletown, Cheſter county,

‡ WILLIAM PENNELL.

To be SOLD or LETT, and may be entered on any time in March next,

THAT beautiful ſituation, called SPY PARK, with a griſt-mill, ſaw-mill, and turning-mill, having each a ſeparate water wheel, turned by the main and middle branch of Naaman's creek, and ſeldom or never wants for water. The griſt-mill is calculated for merchant work, 240 perches from Naaman's creek landing, half a mile from Delaware river; which makes it convenient to get wheat from Philadelphia, or the lower counties, &c. The ſaw-mill is calculated for ſawing boards and ſcantling for Philadelphia market, the ſame diſtance as above, in a plentiful part for timber. The turning-mill is for turning hollow ware with a vize, equalled by none in the province. Beſide the common, there are ſundry other conveniencies that go by water; ſuch as carriage run back; a grindſtone and ſpinning wheels, &c. About 14 acres of land, one half whereof meadow, watered by 14 trunks, fixed in the two races. The buildings are a dwelling-houſe, two ſmall ditto, a barn, and ſundry other buildings. For terms apply to SAMUEL REYNOLDS.

Alſo a ſmall place or tract of land, in Upper Chicheſter, about 20 acres good land, one half cleared, the other timber land, well watered, about a mile and a half from the landings aforeſaid. Tbctf. ¶

TO BE LETT,

A SMALL PLACE, two Miles from the City of Philadelphia; likewiſe, a HOUSE, in ſaid City, pleaſantly ſituated, near Captain Morrell's, in Front-ſtreet. For Terms apply to JOHN MIFFLIN.

TO be SOLD by the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhip of Hartford, and county of Cheſter, a valuable plantation, containing 241 acres of land, 100 whereof is what may be juſtly called woodland, 12 acres of meadow, and more may be made; there is on it a ſpacious ſtone houſe and kitchen, with a barn, and 2 ſtables, and a never failing ſpring near the door, 2 valuable orchards of the beſt fruit, together with a variety of peach and plumb trees, Engliſh and American cherry trees. The ſaid plantation is ſituate 3 and a half miles from Philadelphia, 10 from Cheſter, and 7 from Germantown, and within a mile of a Quaker Meeting-houſe, a Dutch Lutheran church, griſt, fulling and ſaw-mills; the ſaid premiſes well and conveniently watered. The terms of payment will be made eaſy to the purchaſer; it will divide well for 2 tenements. For title and further intelligence, enquire on the premiſes of ¶ AARON COATES.

To be SOLD, or LETT upon ground-rent,

A LOT of ground, containing in breadth 51 feet, and in depth 100 feet, ſituate in Second-ſtreet, next to John Dickinſon's, Eſq; For terms apply to SAMUEL POWELL, who has ſeveral lots in Third-ſtreet, between Walnut and Spruce ſtreets, to lett upon ground-rent. T.b.c. 1 M.

TO BE LETT,

A GOOD commodious BRICK HOUSE, with a good convenient kitchen adjoining the ſame; there is a well of good water, an orchard of good apple trees, and many other improvements thereon; it is ſituated on Paſſyunk road, about half a mile from the city, and has long been a noted tavern, and much frequented; it is commonly known by the name of the Horſe and Dray tavern. For further particulars, enquire of DANIEL DUPUY, Goldſmith, in Second-ſtreet, below the Friend's Meeting-houſe, where he continues to ſell all kinds of gold and ſilver work.

*** And at the ſame place are made and mended, all kinds of clocks and watches, in the neateſt and moſt reaſonable manner, by JOHN DUPUY. †

TO be SOLD by public vendue, on the premiſes, on the 17th day of March next, a valuable plantation, containing about 440 acres of land; late the habitation of WILLIAM HUSBAND, deceaſed, lying in Cæcil county, and province of Maryland, within two miles of the mouth of Octarara creek, and about the ſame diſtance from Fulton's Ferry, on Saſquehanna. There are about 200 acres of ſaid land cleared, and under good fence, 20 acres whereof is good meadow, and more may be made. There is alſo on ſaid land a good brick houſe and kitchen, two good frame barns, a ſquare log Negroe quarter, corn houſes and ſtables, with other neceſſary houſes; a good bearing orchard, and plenty of good ſprings of water, the whole being well timbered, and in good repair, and may properly be ſtiled a commodious farm, the ſoil being remarkably fertile for corn and wheat. The title indiſputable, one third of the purchaſe to be paid at the time of ſale, and the other two thirds to be divided into two payments; one to be paid at the end of one year next after ſale, the other two years. Likewiſe two other tracts adjoining; one about 370 acres of as rich land as Saſquehanna affords, whereof about 100 acres are cleared, and is improved with two good orchards, offices, barn and ſtable. The other about 242 acres, whereof 50 is cleared, and no other improvement; the wood land well timbered, and meadow ground may be made; to be ſold at the ſame time, and on the ſame conditions, as the above tract; where due attendance will be given by § JOSEPH HUSBAND.

Burlington, Feb. 13, 1769.

TO be SOLD by public vendue, at the ſeveral times following (if not before diſpoſed of at private ſale) the following deſcribed plantations and tracts of land, being part of the eſtate of John Goſling, late of the County of Glouceſter, deceaſed, viz. On Tueſday, the 7th of March next, at the houſe of Joſeph Burroughs, Innkeeper in Salem, a valuable plantation, containing about 320 acres, ſituate in the townſhip of Maanington, in the county of Salem, having a brick houſe, barn, and other buildings, and a bearing orchard thereon, and eſteemed as good land for wheat and graſs as any in the ſaid county; together with a piece of unimproved marſh, about two miles from the ſaid plantation, containing about 60 acres. And on the eleventh of April next, at the houſe of William Hugg, in Glouceſter, will be ſold a valuable ſaw-mill, ſituate on Still-Run, in the county of Glouceſter, with upwards of 1500 acres of land, belonging to the ſame, having thereon a great quantity of ſaw timber, both oak and pine. Alſo a town lot in Glouceſter, containing about half an acre; together with ſundry ſhares or rights of propriety to unlocated lands. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the above premiſes, or to view the ſame before the days of ſale, may apply to Jacob Spicer, or to Mr. Jacob Richman, of Pileſgrove, in Salem county. The conditions of payment will be made known at the days of ſale by JOHN LAWRENCE, and WILLIAM SMITH, Truſtees.

N. B. The ſale will begin at 10 o' clock in the morning on each of the above days. ¶

To be SOLD, by public Vendue, on the Premiſes, on Monday, the 13th of March (if not ſold before at private ſale)

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Brandywine Hundred, New-Caſtle County, within five Miles of Wilmington, containing 100 Acres, about one Half cleared, the reſt well timbered, and the whole well watered, a Stream running thro' the ſame; there are a good Log Houſe, Barn, Stables, and other Out-houſes thereon, about ſix Acres of Meadow, and more may be made, a good Orchard, and the whole well fenced in. The Payments will be made eaſy. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, before the Day of Sale, may apply to the Subſcriber, living on the Place, view the ſame, and know the Conditions. JAMES STEWART ✿

TO be ſold at public vendue, on Tueſday, the 13th of March next enſuing, at one o'clock P. M. on the premiſes, two lots of ground, ſituate in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, one containing 1 acre and 112 perches. The other 2 acres, with a noted tavern thereon, known by the name of the Turk's Head, interſecting the two roads between Philadelphia and Wilmington roads, being very convenient for any public buſineſs whatever. For further particulars, enquire of BENJAMIN TRAGO, near the Turk's Head, in Goſhen. †

TO BE SOLD,

By public ſale, on the 11th day of March next, at 3 o' clock in the afternoon (if not diſpoſed of by private ſale, at any time before) at William Cooper's ferry, oppoſite the city of Philadelphia, in the county of Glouceſter,

A VALUABLE plantation and tract of land (late the eſtate of Samuel Bonnell, deceaſed) ſituate in the townſhip of Waterford, in the county of Glouceſter, in the weſtern diviſion of the province of New-Jerſey, containing 130 acres and an half, or thereabouts, bounded by lands of John Shivers and Francis Bonnell, now in the tenure of Benjamin Archer, with a good frame dwelling-houſe and barn erected thereon, pleaſantly ſituated on Cooper's creek, and within four miles of the city of Philadelphia, where garden truck may be raiſed in great plenty, and brought to Philadelphia market by water; there are about 17 acres of choice good meadow, part whereof is under good bank. The upland is good in kind, about 50 acres cleared, and the reſt choice good woodland, and very well watered. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may be aſſured that the title is indiſputable, and paying one half the purchaſe money in hand, may have 12 months credit for the other half, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt.

And on the 13th day of March next, at the London Coffee-houſe, at 6 o' clock in the evening, will be ſold by public vendue, a convenient brick meſſuage, or tenement and lot of ground, ſituate on the bank of the river Delaware, between Saſſafras and Vine-ſtreets, in the city of Philadelphia, now in the tenure of the widow White (being the late dwelling-houſe of the ſaid Samuel Bonnell, deceaſed) containing in breadth on Front-ſtreet and Water-ſtreet 15 feet, and in length or depth from Front-ſtreet to Water-ſtreet, under the quitrent, or proprietary thirds, of One Shilling ſterling, per foot, per annum; and alſo, under the groundrent of Forty-five Shillings ſterling, per annum. For further particulars enquire of us, the ſubſcribers, in Philadelphia, SARAH BONNELL, Executrix, THOMAS BONNELL, PETER THOMSON, Executors. ¶

CAME to the Plantation of the Widow PORTER, in Weſt-Caln Townſhip, Cheſter County, about the Tenth of October laſt, a large red brindled Cow. The Owner is deſired to come and prove his Property, pay Charges, and take her away. ¶

General Poſt Office, New-York, January 20, 1769.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given, That the Mail for Falmouth will be made up at this Office on Saturday, the 4th of February next, and will continue to be made up in the ſame manner upon the firſt Saturday in every Month, and the Packet Boat ordered to ſail with it the next Day.

Great Inconveniences having ariſen to the Public by returning Letters for the Poſtage, it is now left at the Option of the Writer to pay or not beforehand, to any Part of His Majeſty's Dominions, either in Europe or America, except Gibraltar or Port Mahon.

All Perſons, however, are particularly to take Notice, that Letters and Packets from any Part of America, for all Places beyond the Seas, not in His Majeſty's Dominions, are to pay at the Office where they are put in, the full Poſt to London, beſides the foreign Rates they may be chargeable with, to prevent the Neceſſity of their being opened and returned for the Poſtage.

By Command of the Deputy Poſt Maſter General,

JAMES PARKER, Secretary.

To be SOLD,

TWO new and well built BANK HOUSES, in this City, each 22 Feet Front, and 44 Feet deep; bounded Northward by Samuel Sanſom, junior, and Southward on an 8 Feet public Alley, next the City Vendue Store, are nearly oppoſite to Judah Foulke's, in Front-ſtreet, and Thomas Riche or Thomas Clifford's, in Water-ſtreet, being about Mid-way from Market to Arch-ſtreet, and a very good Stand for the Dry Goods Buſineſs, or any other Trade. The Houſes are three Stories and a Half in Water-ſtreet, having very large dry lower Stores for Caſk Goods; alſo next above, large and convenient Dry Goods Stores, neatly ſhelved; they have good Vaults in Front-ſtreet, and altho' appearing there only one Story, yet will, on Examination, be found roomly and commodious for any middling Family. For further Particulars, pleaſe to enquire of the Subſcribers, who will ſhew the Premiſes to any Perſons inclined to purchaſe.

4 W. KEARNY and GILBET.

All Perſons indebted to Kearny and Gilbert, are earneſtly requeſted to make ſpeedy Payment. They have for Sale, lately imported, choice Briſtol Beer, and Taunton Ale; a compleat Sett of Rigging, with Cables ſuitable for a Brig of about 140 Tons; Crates of Apothecary's Phials, Ditto of Wine Glaſſes and Tumblers ſorted, Ditto of Stone-Tea Ware, Ditto of Gallon, Half Gallon and Quart Bottles; Cart and Waggon Boxes; Iron Pots ſorted, from one to ten Gallons; Pewter; Tin-plates; Nails; Crowley's Steel; Weare and Company's beſt Scotch Snuff; Bird or Canary-ſeed by the Buſhel; fine Table Salt in four Buſhel Bags; and a Variety of Dry Goods.

THE MEMBERS of the LIBRARY COMPANY of PHILADELPHIA, are deſired to meet at the Library Room on Monday, the 13th of March next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, in order to conſider, whether it will be agreeable to them to unite with the UNION LIBRARY COMPANY of this City; and to receive Propoſals for enlarging the Law, reſpecting the time fixed for incurring the Forfeiture of Five Shillings, on Default of their annual Payments.

By Order of the Directors,

February 13, 1769. FRANCIS HOPKINSON, Secretary.

THE MEMBERS of *The Union Library Company of Philadelphia*, are deſired to meet, at their Library Room, on *Tueſday, the Fourteenth Day of March next, at Three o' Clock in the Afternoon*, to conſider the Utility of conveying their Eſtate to, and becoming Members of, *The Library Company of Philadelphia*, and to paſs a *Law* for that Purpoſe.

By Order of the Directors,

Feb. 14, 1769. JOHN KAIGHN, *Secretary.*

N. B. For the better Accommodation of the MEMBERS, the LIBRARY will be opened twice a Week, viz. on *Tueſday* and *Saturday Evenings*, at the uſual Hours.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the ſecond of March, at 5 o' clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Jeremiah Smith, in Front-ſtreet, Two certain contiguous lots, or pieces of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of a certain 3 feet 8 inch alley, extending weſtward from Front-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia; one of them containing in breadth 24 feet, and in depth 15 feet 9 inches, or thereabouts; the other of them containing in breadth 52 feet 6 inches, and in depth 15 feet 9 inches, or thereabouts, adjoining lots of Martha Brooks, George Champion, James Parrock, and others, with two new two ſtory brick dwelling houſes erected thereon.

At the ſame time and place will alſo be ſold, A certain lot of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Seventh-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 40 feet, and in depth 100 feet; bounded eaſtward with Seventh-ſtreet, ſouthward with Zane's ſtreet, weſtward and northward with ground of Jonathan Zane junior; ſubject to a groundrent of Ten Pounds, Pennſylvania currency, per annum. All late the eſtate of William Faries, ſeized and taken in execution, by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the third day of March, at 3 o' clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Lodwick Kuhn, in Kenſington, A certain meſſuage, and lot of ground, ſituate in Kenſington, containing in breadth on Hanover-ſtreet 56 feet 2 inches, and in depth 177 feet 6 inches; bounded by lands of Joſeph Shippen, William Ranburry, and William Shippen; late the eſtate of William Faries, ſeized and taken in execution, by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Saturday, the fourth of March, at 5 o' clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of John Biddle, at the Indian King, in Market-ſtreet, a certain 3 ſtory brick meſſuage, brick kitchen, and 4 lots of ground; one of the ſaid lots, on which the meſſuage and kitchen are erected, ſituate on the north-ſide of High-ſtreet, containing in breadth 22 feet, and in depth 139 feet; another of them containing in breadth, on the eaſt-ſide of Seventh-ſtreet, 19 feet, and in length or depth 88 feet; another of them containing in breadth, on a certain 16 feet alley, 23 feet, and in depth 79 feet; and the other of them containing in breadth, on the eaſt-ſide of Seventh-ſtreet aforeſaid, 20 feet, and in length or depth 88 feet; the ſaid lots having alſo a chaiſe maker's frame work ſhop and ſhed erected thereon. The whole ſubject to a groundrent of 24 l. Pennſylvania currency, per annum; late the eſtate of Conrad Shneider, ſeized and taken in execution, by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, Feb. 13, 1769.

Province of Pennſylvania, ſſ.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons indebted to the Honourable Proprietaries for quitrents, that attendance will be given at the Receiver General's Office in Philadelphia, from Wedneſday, the firſt day of March next, to Saturday, the fourth: At Cheſter, from the ſeventh to the eleventh: At Pennſbury, from the fourteenth to the eighteenth: And at Lancaſter, from the Twenty-firſt to the Twenty-fifth incluſive. To which places, all perſons concerned are required to repair and pay off their arrears.

EDMUND PHYSICK, Receiver General.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

March 9, 1769. NUMB. 2098.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By Captain NUTTLE, from Liſbon, we have the following Advices, viz.

LONDON, December 20.

The following is the Grand Signor's Manifeſto, delivered to the Foreign Miniſters at Conſtantinople, in order to be remitted to their reſpective Courts.

WHAT follows clearly ſhews that the Sublime Porte has religiouſly obſerved the articles of peace eſtabliſhed between her and the Court of Ruſſia; which latter, on the contrary, has broke them in many ways.

"The Court of Ruſſia, againſt the faith of treaties, has not ceaſed from building different fortreſſes on the frontiers of the two States, and furniſhing them with troops and ammunition.

"In the year 1177 (or 1763) on the death of Auguſtus III. King of Poland, when that Republic wanted, according to the ſyſtem of Poliſh liberty, to proceed to the election of a King, the Court of Ruſſia by force and violence, made a King of a ſimple Poliſh officer, who had never had a King in his family, and to whom Royalty no way belonged; and, in taking part with this King, interfered in all the affairs of Poland, acting thereby quite contrary to the ſenſe of the Republic.

"The Porte having advertiſed the Ruſſians Reſident of all this, he declared that the Republic of Poland had required a certain number of troops, to protect her own liberty, and that 6000 cavalry, and 1000 Coſſacks, were granted for that purpoſe, but that they were neither furniſhed with cannon or ammunition, and were under the command of the ſaid Republic, and that there was not a ſingle Ruſſian ſoldier more in Poland. And when it was afterwards demanded of him, why the Court of Ruſſia had ſent more troops into Poland? and why they had uſed violence in the election of Poniatowſky, ſon of one of the Grandees of Poland? The ſaid Reſident aſſured, by a writing under his own hand, that his Court was not engaged to any particular perſon, and that ſhe had never made the leaſt effort, nor uſed the leaſt violence to forward the election of any one whatever.

"Notwithſtanding this aſſurance and declaration, the Court of Ruſſia ceaſed not to ſend ſucceſſively troops, cannon and ammunition, under the command of her own Generals, who continued to attack the Poliſh liberty; and to put to death ſuch as refuſed to ſubmit to the perſon whom they had elected for their King, and who was not the ſon of a King, after having deprived them, by violence, of their eſtates, both real and perſonal.

"A conduct like this, cauſing ſome diſorder on the frontiers of the Sublime Porte, ſhe gave Ruſſia to underſtand, that, according to the tenor of articles of both old and new Imperial capitulations, ſhe ought to withdraw her troops from Poland; upon which the Reſident anſwered, by different memorials, one while that thoſe troops ſhould retire in February, and then again fixing their departure for ſome other time.

"In the mean time news was received that Ruſſian troops had been ſent to Balta (one of the Turkiſh frontiers) with artillery, and had ſuddenly attacked Muſſelmen, and maſſacred upwards of a thouſand perſons, men, women and children.

"The Court of Ruſſia, after having been queſtioned on this point on the part of the Sublime Porte, as well as on that of the Chan of Crimer (a magnanimous Lord, and worthy of command) denied all that had paſſed, ſaying only, that the Haydamacks had done ſome damage, and that they ſhould be chaſtiſed; when it was at the ſame time notorious, that the Haydamacks never make uſe of cannon or bombs in their irruptions.

"We ſtill perſiſted to demand in vain the reaſon of this conduct, and why the Court of Ruſſia would not, in the courſe of three years, withdraw her troops from Poland; as the articles of the treaty of 1133 (1719) and of that made in 1152 (1738) imported, "that every time any thing happened capable "of interrupting the perpetual peace of the two empires, they "ſhould proceed, *ipſo facto*, to the means of terminating them "amicably." Nevertheleſs, the violences and damages exerciſed at Balta have been all diſavowed, and the puniſhment of thoſe who had the aſſurance to commit them, retarded, and even neglected. But the ſilence of the Ruſſian Reſident, who was invited to repair to the Porte to account for this conduct, and what was the view of his Court, in ſtill keeping her troops in Poland, was a ſort of acknowledgment of an infraction of treaty. Being particularly queſtioned in regard to the object of the Ruſſian troops who remained in Poland, he could only anſwer, that they would not depart till all the Poles had ſubmitted to the King.

"At length it was finally demanded of the Ruſſian Reſident whether, according to the old and new treaties between the two empires, the Court of Ruſſia would deſiſt from meddling with the affairs of Poland, under the pretence of guaranty and promiſe? And he replied, that his powers were limited, and that he could give no anſwer upon this head, which was only known to his Court.

"This manner of proceeding clearly demonſtrating that the ſaid power had thought proper to break the treaties, the illuſtrious Doctors of the Law have given by *fetfas* (or legal ſentences) their opinion, importing, *that the exigence of rigorous juſtice, made it neceſſary to declare war againſt the Muſcovites*; an opinion which has been unanimouſly confirmed; inſomuch that the arreſt of the Ruſſian Reſident became expedient.

"By the preſent Manifeſto all the powers of Europe are informed, that, according to the antient etiquette of the Sublime Porte, the ſaid Reſident muſt remain in the caſtle of Seven Towers; and that, during the whole time this affair has been in hand, the Sublime Porte has done nothing to break the good friendſhip with Ruſſia, but, on the contrary, diſguiſed her griefs, and deferred her reſentment for three years, out of regard for that Court, which alone has been guilty of the infraction of treaties, by the facts herein before mentioned."

Conſtantinople, Nov. 2. *On the 19th of laſt month the Chan of the Tartars was admitted to an audience of the Grand Signor, who received him with the greateſt diſtinction, and made him ſeveral rich preſents, beſides 25,000 ſequins in money. From that day till his departure, which was on the 29th, he and all his retinue were maintained at the expence of the Grand Signor, and he was paid beſides 1000 ſequins per day. The Grandees of the Empire made him preſents in proportion to their rank, and the Grand Vizir preſented him with 5000 piaſtres. His eldeſt ſon was likewiſe appointed Seraſkier, or Commander of a body of 30,000 Tartars. Theſe favours have been heaped upon him, in hopes to attach him to the intereſt of the Porte, and to engage him to act with vigour in the war againſt Ruſſia.*

On the 30th of the ſame month, the Reis Effendi, or Great Chancellor, communicated to the foreign Miniſters a manifeſto upon that ſubject, which he deſired them to communicate to their reſpective Courts.

Some time ago the Grand Signor ordered all his ſubjects to give up the arms they were poſſeſſed of, in order to be publickly ſold; in conſequence of which, great quantities of theſe arms have been brought to market, but they were for the moſt part in very bad condition. We learn upon this occaſion that the Greeks, who inhabit ſome Iſlands in the Archipelago, refuſed to comply with this order, alledging that they want their arms for their own defence.

Naples, Nov. 19. Letters from Corſica adviſe, that 13 French Officers had been carried off by a Corſican detachment, as they were walking out; but upon their deſiring to ſpeak to Paoli, and repreſenting their caſe to him, that General told them, that he would never triumph over the misfortunes of others, and immediately ordered an eſcorte to conduct them ſafe back to their camp.

Corte, Nov. 21. The French lately ſent two Monks of Rogliano, to enter into a negociation with General Paoli concerning winter quarters for their troops; but they did not meet with the deſired ſucceſs, for Paoli anſwered the Monks, that as he did not ſend for the French or any other troops into the Iſland, he was not obliged to procure winter-quarters for them, and therefore they muſt find them as they could; but that if they would enter into treaty for an accommodation, they muſt firſt abandon the poſts they took poſſeſſion of at their arrival in the Iſland, and confine them to the places they occupied before; and then he might liſten to their propoſals.

Breſt, Dec. 1. A courier has juſt arrived here with orders from the Court to fit out ten ſhips of war with the utmoſt expedition. Orders have been alſo ſent to Rochfort, for five ſhips of the line to be got ready for ſervice. We are at preſent unacquainted with their deſtination, but it is conjectured they are intended for Corſica.

LONDON.

Dec. 17. Letters from Peterſburgh, of the 22d of November, mention, that her Imperial Majeſty was preſent at the inoculation of the Grand Duke, and did Dr. Dimſdale the honour to attend at inoculating twelve children of the principal nobility. Her Majeſty received the compliments of the foreign Miniſters, &c. upon the re-eſtabliſhment of her health. The artillery of the citadel announced the general joy, and the night was concluded with an univerſal illumination.

An old Maiden Lady at Dover, having taken it into her head that ſhe ſhould die in a few days, gave directions to the Sexton of the Pariſh to which ſhe belonged, to dig her out a handſome deep grave---but meeting with a young Cornet before the much apprehended time arrived, ſhe was prevailed upon to accompany him to church, on a very different occaſion. The honeſt fellow was hard at work for her as ſhe paſſed by; when ſhe generouſly clapped half a guinea into his hand, and bid him fill it up again with the utmoſt expedition.

Yeſterday, at Guildhall, No. 45,345, was drawn a Prize of 5000l.

According to letters from Leghorn, a rupture between France and Genoa was likely to take place, on account of a majority of the Senate having refuſed to fulfil certain engagements relative to the preſent war in Corſica.

The expences of the Middleſex Election are eſtimated at about 10,000l.----The ribbons only for the hats of the candidates friends coſt near 900l.

During the polling at Brentford, a Gentleman obſerved to a certain Clergyman, that numbers of people were polling at one of the books for Sir W. B. Proctor: "No matter (replied the "Prieſt) they have only tapped an Uxbridge barrel, and it will "be out in half an hour."

There are now living at Fordham, in Cambridgeſhire, two brothers, one of whom has a ſon, the other a daughter; the ſon is brother and nephew to his father's brother, and firſt couſin and uncle to his brother and uncle's daughter.

Dec. 20. *This Morning Mr. Mello de Caſtro, Envoy Extraordinary from the Court of Portugal, had a long conference with the Earl of Rochfort on the ſubject of diſpatches from Liſbon, brought yeſterday by the Hampden Packet-boat, Capt. Braithwaite, from his Excellency William Henry Lyttleton.*

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, dated Nov. 25.

"Our excellent Sovereign is continually diſplaying inſtances of the goodneſs of his heart. A courier is juſt arrived with an order from his Majeſty, that collections be made on Sunday next, not only in the churches of this capital, and other places in Seeland, but alſo in thoſe of all the commercial towns in the kingdom, in favour of the poor Diſſidents of Poland."

On Friday evening John Glynn, Eſq; lately returned a Knight of the Shire for Middleſex, was at the Houſe of Commons, and took the oaths, but was ſo ill with the gout, that he could not take his ſeat. It is ſaid, that having heard that ſome buſineſs, relative to Mr. Wilkes, was ſuddenly coming on, when his preſence would be neceſſary, he inſiſted on being taken out of his bed, and carried to the Houſe.

On Friday laſt Col. Keith had the honour of kiſſing his Majeſty's hand, on being appointed Envoy Extraordinary to the Court of Dreſden.

Letters from Warſaw inform us, that the Ruſſian toops have received orders to evacuate Great Poland, and that they are to be relieved by a large body of Pruſſians.

They write from Liſbon, that two Britiſh Agents had been arreſted there, for having engaged ſome ſubjects of his moſt Faithful Majeſty to embark for America, to be employed in the cultivation of vines.

Some letters from Hamburgh ſay, that a Foreigner of Diſtinction had juſt arrived there incog. whom ſome conjectured to be the King of Poland.

The gentleman who is preparing an account of his diſcovery of the North-weſt paſſage, in order to lay the ſame before his Majeſty, we are informed, paſſed from Hudſon's Streights to the South Sea, and back again.

Dec. 22. Various, and even contradictory reports are ſpread about, concerning the motives and deſigns of a certain popular gentleman in ſome late proceedings; but thoſe who pretend to be moſt in the ſecret, ſay, that a new ſcene will ſoon be opened, and matters of a very extraordinary nature diſcloſed to the public eye.

An Account having been received from Bath of the death of Pryſe Campbell, Eſq; one of the Lords Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, and Member for Cardigan; his Majeſty has appointed Jeremiah Dyſon, Eſq; to ſucceed him as one of the Lords Commiſſioners of the Treaſury.

IMPORTED in the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol and Liverpool, and to be ſold on the very cheapeſt terms, by

DANIEL and JOHN BENEZET,
And THOMAS BARTOW,

At their ſtore, at the corner of Arch and Second ſtreets; the following large aſſortment of GOODS, viz.

BLUE, green, ſcarlet, claret, cinnamon, drab and copper coloured middling and low priced broadcloths; ſuperfine yard wide plains; foreſt cloths; motley hunters; blue, drab and mixed Yorkſhire kerſeys and plains; red, blue and white halfthicks; ſcarlet, blue, green, red, drab and marble mixture broad and narrow naps; red and blue yard and half wide duffils; 6, 7 and 8 quarter motley rugs; beaver frize coating; ſcarlet and red common ſerges; beſt yard wide milled German ditto, Indian blankets; white, red and ſcarlet flannels; figured, ſtriped and culgeed ditto; blue and black, red and black, and blue and white flowered and embоſſed ſerges; new-faſhioned Mecklenburgh; figured ditto; Kendall ſtriped linceys; ſuperfine yard wide ſtriped cottons; long ells; a large aſſortment of common, London and Briſtol ſhaloons; fine mazareen blue; copper coloured and ſcarlet ditto; ſtriped duffil blanketting; fine and coarſe tammies of all colours; twice preſſed ſuperfine durants; a great variety of low priced ſtriped and plain calimancoes; alſo ſcarlet, crimſon, and pink ingrained 16 inch wide ditto; brown and drab worſted ſagathies; red, white and ſcarlet bays; fine and coarſe plain and ſtriped cambleets; mazareen blue and copper coloured boiled ditto; ſilk ditto; common broad Scotch camblettees; double and ſingle worſted damaſks; blue, green, drab, purple and pompadour coloured dorſetteens; hempen and flaxen ſprigged ozenbrigs; prime beſt crown ditto; broad raven duck; Ruſſia drilling; middling and low priced Iriſh ſheeting linen; fine and coarſe German and Iriſh dowlas; Engliſh and Scotch ozenbrigs; 9 quarter Flanders bed ticks; Britiſh bedticking and bed bunts; clouting diaper; white princes linen; fine Swiſs holland; narrow Ruſſia diaper; 3 qr. wide ſtriped linen; brown Pomerania linen; double tandem ſileſias; a large aſſortment of fine and coarſe 7-eights and yard wide Iriſh linen; ſtriped cotton hollands; double folded white Ruſſia ſheeting; damaſk and diaper fringed table cloths; buckram; kenting handkerchiefs; cambricks and lawns, in whole pieces and patches; a great variety of calicoes, half chintzes, and printed cottons, viz. double and ſingle purple, three colours and blue, pompadour ground, China blue penciled works, ſpotted and ſprigged blue and white guinea hens; yard and half and ell wide muſlins; blue and white Dutch pin-work linen handkerchiefs; ſprigged and ſpotted Swiſs lawns; flowered, ſtriped, and ſpotted Scotch gauze; red and white and blue and white printed lawn handkerchiefs; net gauze; 11 nails, 3 quarters, 7-eights, yard, and yard and half wide check linen; 7-eights, yard and yard 3-eights wide cotton check; broad and narrow houſewife check; beſt Engliſh black taffaties; ſtriped, cloth coloured and black India ell wide perſians; black peelong; fine yard wide plain white cyprus gauze; flowered, ſprigged, and ſpotted ell wide ditto; womens black velvet; roſſet; lutеſtring and black Engliſh Barcelona ſilk handkerchiefs; a large aſſortment of Spitalfield manufactured bordered and ſpotted culgees, in imitation of Eaſt-India bandanoes; blue long cloths; red and white, and blue and white cotton romals; lungee and new ſilk romals; Italian hat-band crape; a variety of paduaſoy, ſattin and taffety ribbons; 2d and 4d ſilk ferrits; blue, black, cloth and light coloured beſt Balladine ſewing ſilk; Scotch thread; Holland and Mancheſter tapes; bobbins; blue and green hair pluſhes; mens and womens worſted and cotton hoſe; mens knit worſted ditto; childrens ſpotted ditto; mens half ſilk ditto; womens blue yarn ditto, with ſtamped clocks; fine and coarſe Scotch and Mancheſter check linen handkerchiefs, from 10 nails to 7-eights wide; ſtriped and plain cotton and linen laces; lettered, diaper, ſcarlet, Highland and Tully garters; narrow and middling blue and white ſtriped cotton tapes; black ſilk ſtock tape; mens and womens twig horſe-whips and whole hunters; round and flat ſmall bar lead; pidgeon, duck and goose ſhot; fine and coarſe propatria and pot paper; Holman's Britiſh ink powder; nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, and mace; beſt bohea tea, by the cheſt; ſaffron in bay; pepper; beſt London and common pewter, viz. diſhes, plates, baſons, teapots; large, middling and ſmall porringers; new-faſhioned tankards; table and tea ſpoons; likewiſe low priced Briſtol pewter, well ſorted; ſuperfine, coarſe fine, clavant, nog, large and ſmall reeven and boltop iron wire; fine and coarſe braſs wire; Engliſh paſteboards; coloured thread; ſtitching ditto; dyed pillow fuſtians; white jeans; corking, middling, and ſhort white pins; rough and glazed F and FF gunpowder in quarter caſks; London and Briſtol ſteel, in whole and half faggots; double, ſingle and latten rolled iron plate; boxes of common, croſs and double croſs tin plates; ſtraw knives; frying pans; Flemiſh kettles, beſt Engliſh hammered braſs kettles, in neſts, ſorted, from a pint to 30 gallons; long and ſhort ſcythes; block tin in large piggs, and in ſmall bars; latten ſheet braſs; waggon ſcrews; borax; large, middling and ſmall coffee mills; mens and womens three barred ſwivel ſtirrups; ſnaffle butts; diaper and ſtraining webb; globe nails; tin ſquare ſtaples; yellow ſtaple nails; Turkey, flowered, ſprinkled and embоſſed paper; gilt and half gilt ditto, for book-binders uſe; German bibles; teſtaments and pſalm books; maids and girls glazed black lamb gloves and mittens; boys and youths ſhammy and glazed black gloves; beſt new-faſhioned ſtone ear-rings, from four to ſix pounds per pair; amber beads; ſilver and Pinchbeck watches; ſilk watch ſtrings; neweſt faſhioned cut glaſs and common ſeals; large and ſmall whetſtones; braſs rulers; a variety of broad and narrow London and Mancheſter quality and ſhoe binding; nonſopretties; chip and Leghorn hats; beſt white French oil flints; common Engliſh ditto; graſs ſickles; two feet rules; a great variety of Bath, white metal and ſteel ſhoe and knee buckles; womens tin ditto; plain, flowered, white and yellow metal coat and jacket buttons; black, glaſs, japanned, gold and dollar pattern ſleeve buttons; riſle, fowling piece, and common gun barrels; braſs mounting furniture for ditto; common, flat and half round fence gun locks; lacquered, bone and box bottomed coat and jacket buttons; ivory and horn combs; fine and coarſe wove baſket and death head mohair buttons; ſilk and mohair twiſt; common, Whitechapel and darning needles; ſplit bone and ſhambuck table knives and forks; ſciſſars; piſtol cape knives; cutteaus; knitting needles; gimblets; Barlow penknives; braſs thimbles; razors; neweſt faſhioned ſnuff boxes; temple ſpectacles, &c. &c. &c.

N. B. They expect in the firſt veſſels from England, a very large and compleat aſſortment of ſpring and ſummer GOODS.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Lower Britain township, Cheſter county, near Mr. Gillaſpie's meeting-houſe, the latter end of June laſt, a bay MARE, branded on the near fore ſhoulder 3 S. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

¶ ROBERT SARGENT.

[*For new Advertiſements, ſee the fourth Page.*]

Warſaw, December 3. Every thing remains quiet here, which is an advantage we owe to the preſence of the Ruſſian troops. It is not the ſame in ſeveral Provinces of the Kingdom, where the Confederates continue to commit great exceſſes, and perſecute all that are not of their party, eſpecially the Diſſidents. They can do it with impunity in the countries which the troops have left, in order to go and form a line near the frontiers of Turkey.

As the Ottoman Porte, in its Manifeſto againſt Ruſſia, attacks the election of the King as illegal, it is eaſy to ſee what part his Majeſty muſt take. There is no doubt that the moſt valuable part of the nation will remain faithfully attached to him, and we are perſuaded that this Prince, who is ſo worthy of the throne, will be more cloſely connected than ever with the Court of Peterſburgh.

Berlin, December 13. We continue to receive very melancholy news from Poland. The Confederates ſet no bounds to their licentiouſneſs, and begin to trouble the neighbouring countries. An hundred of them lately entered Pomerania, and committed great outrages; upon which a detachment of the King's Huſſars was ſent againſt them, who attacked and took eighty of them priſoners, and carried off ten horſes, with all their booty. As to the frontiers of Sileſia, next Great Poland, his Majeſty's officers, who command there, are very attentive to preſerve the public tranquility.

Part of the 3000 Confederates, who ſome time paſt infeſted the Banks of the Warte, and committed great cruelties upon the inhabitants, has been defeated by Lieutenant Colonel de Boek, who had been ſent againſt them with a body of 500 Coſſacks.

The Bookſellers of this city have juſt publiſhed a treaty between the Empreſs of Ruſſia and her Serene Allies the Kings of Pruſſia, Denmark, England and Sweden, on one part; and the King and Republic of Poland, on the other part, concluded at Warſaw in 1768.

Warſaw, Dec. 7. *There have been great motions among the Ruſſian troops in this kingdom, in order to form a line towards the frontiers of Turkey. Their places are to be ſupplied by other troops of the ſame nation. The former are to be commanded by the Count de Soltikow, and the latter by Prince Gallitzin. As to the main army, which is to endeavour to penetrate into ſome of the provinces of the Ottoman Empire, in order to make that country the ſeat of war, it will be under the command of the Count de Romanzow.*

We learn by ſeveral letters, that 500 *of the Confederates of Bar are returned into Podolia, under the command of the Sieur Pawluſki. They ſummoned General Witte, who commands at Kaminieck, to ſurrender the place; but he made anſwer, that he regarded no orders but ſuch as he received from the King or the War Office, and that if his fortreſs was attacked, he would defend it to the laſt extremity.*

Francfort, Dec. 13. *Letters from Italy adviſe, that* 700 *troops of a certain power having been diſcharged, have entered into the ſervice of Paoli, and that that General has received ſome conſiderable ſuccours, both of ammunition and money.*

Sienne, Dec. 3. *It is pretended, that the French Court will ſend* 30,000 *men to Corſica next ſpring, in order to make an entire conqueſt of that iſland. They write from Baſtia, that the French Cavalry, not being able to find ſubſiſtence, had been obliged to return to France. The French have given leave to all ſhips to bring proviſions to Corſica duty free.*

Naples, Dec. 1. *Sixteen thouſand perſons have died here of the Small-pox; but the fury of that diſorder begins to abate.*

LONDON, *December* 22.

By accounts from Warſaw, dated the 30th of November, we hear that the Confederates have penetrated into the Province of Podolia, but that the Ruſſians were taking meaſures to oblige them to repaſs the Nieſter. A party of 3000 men lately fell upon Bromberg, and plundered the inhabitants of what they thought proper; they then directed their march along the Warte, raiſing heavy contributions upon the people.

Letters from Germany and the North import, that the troubles are every day increaſing in Poland; and that it was thought the King, for the ſecurity of his perſon, would ſoon retire to Konigſberg, in Pruſſia, as the Confederates make it pretty apparent, from all their ſteps, that their real deſign is to place another Sovereign on the throne. Whoever may be the Prince they have in view, in the preſent poſture of affairs, his election will certainly be the beginning of his ſorrows.

All the troops of Prince Radziwil, amounting to upwards of 5000 *men, excepting about* 200, *which are left him for a guard, are taken into the ſervice of Ruſſia, and formed into a regiment, under the name of the National Regiment of Poland and Lithuania; and the fortreſſes of Neſwicz and Sluck, belonging to the ſame Prince, are alſo occupied by the Ruſſian troops.*

His Majeſty has appointed Lord Viſcount Liſburn to be one of the Lords Commiſſioners of Trade and Plantations, in the room of Jeremiah Dyſon, Eſquire.

This morning an expreſs arrived at the Secretary of State's Office, from the Court of Berlin.

According to recent letters from Berlin, his Pruſſian Majeſty is on the point of concluding a treaty with the Court of Peterſburgh, to their mutual advantage.

This morning an expreſs was ſent off to Falmouth, to be immediately forwarded for his Excellency General Gage, Commander in chief of his Majeſty's forces in North America.

Dec. 24. Yeſterday the Right Honourable the Houſe of Peers adjourned to Monday January 16, and the Honourable Houſe of Commons to Thurſday, the 19th of ſaid month.

The Right Hon. Wellbore Ellis, is to be appointed one of the Joint Vice-Treaſurers of Ireland, in the room of Col. Barre, reſigned.

Letters from Italy adviſe, that the Court of Rome has formed the deſign of making a general armament throughout her provinces, and for that purpoſe is endeavouring to engage ſome experienced officers in her ſervice.

On Wedneſday laſt the Right Hon. the Marquis of Lothian was elected at Holyrood-houſe, one of the Sixteen Peers for Scotland, in the room of the late Earl of Morton.

It is reported, that his Grace the Duke of Northumberland will go abroad, in the capacity of an Ambaſſador to a certain Court, the enſuing ſpring.

Letters from Vienna, of the 7th inſtant, ſay, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has aſſured the Miniſter of the Empreſs, that he will not take any part in the preſent diſputes upon the continent, tho' he thinks it neceſſary to cover his frontiers with a large body of troops.

Accounts from Rome aſſure, that the difference between his Holineſs and the Court of Modena is moſt amicably adjuſted.

Letters from Balagna mention, that the loſs of the French in their late attempt upon the iſland of San Pietra, amounted to 900 men; the action laſted two hours, and was fought with great bravery on both ſides.

Yeſterday the Boards of Treaſury, and of Trade, adjourned till after the holidays.

Yeſterday, at Guildhall, No. 59,473, was drawn a prize of 5000l.

Some letters from St. Peterſburgh inform, that his Poliſh Majeſty was ſoon expected in that city.

According to Letters from the Hague, the Dutch will have a formidable naval force ready about the latter end of next ſpring; for the equipment of which, great diligence is now uſing in the principal ports of Holland.

Dec. 27. There is advice from Italy, that the Commandant of the Venetian troops had burnt two villages on the Confines of Dalmatia, becauſe they had not ſent hoſtages, as they promiſed, to aſſure the Republic of their fidelity; and that a Venetian Galliot, cruizing in the Canal of Cataro, had intercepted a Barque which was going to Trieſte, and on board of which was a Secretary of Stephano, with ſome papers of great importance.

Letter from the Confines of Ruſſia, Nov. 29.

"It is ſtrongly reported that a Ruſſian army, which was aſſembled in the countries of Caſan and Aſtracan, has ſuddenly fallen upon Aſoph, and taken that fortreſs, ſituated on the confines of Little Tartary, at the mouth of the Tanais or Don. We wait impatiently for a confirmation of this news."

Extract of a Letter from Warſaw, Dec. 7.

"Prince Repnin, the Ruſſian Ambaſſador, received the 4th of this month an eſtafette from Great Poland, with advice, that Major Drewitz had ſurprized and defeated the body of Confederates under the orders of Marſhal Malczewſki. He killed upwards of 200 men, took 10 pieces of cannon, ſome colours, and all their baggage; and purſued the fugitives as far as Lowſentz, where they diſperſed."

A letter from Liſbon, dated Nov. 22, ſays, "An expreſs from the Court of London is juſt arrived here, charged, it is ſaid, with very important diſpatches, on the ſubject of which ſeveral Councils have been held."

The Hon. Commodore Byron is appointed by his Majeſty Governor of Newfoundland: The above Gentleman greatly diſtinguiſhed himſelf for his good conduct in his late voyage round the world.

They write from Paris, that a body of 50,000 French troops have been ordered to be formed early in the ſpring, but the object of this force is ſaid to be different from that of Corſica.

Letters from Hamburgh mention, that upwards of twenty tranſports are now loading there with proviſions and warlike ſtores, for the uſe of the French troops in Corſica.

This morning his Excellency the Pruſſian Ambaſſador had a conference with the Miniſtry on the ſubject of important diſpatches from the Court of Berlin.

It is ſaid that orders have been ſent to Ireland for ſeveral regiments of foot on that eſtabliſhment, to be immediately embarked to replace the interior garriſons in North-America, in the room of the troops ſent to New-England.

This morning, at Guildhall, No. 41,704, was drawn a prize of 20,000l.

By the HARRIOT *Packet, Captain* LEE, *arrived at New-York in ſix Weeks from Falmouth, we have the following further Advices, viz.*

From the Confines of Poland, December 13.

THERE ſeems now but little hopes of pacifying the rebellious Polanders; on the contrary, their obſtinacy rather increaſes, by the groundleſs opinion they perſiſt in, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia will be obliged to draw her troops out of Poland, in order to face the Turks. Should that happen (which is not probable) an univerſal rebellion, inſtead of univerſal peace, muſt be the conſequence. It is ſaid ſome Pruſſian officers, with a ſmall detachment, are come to Lubawa, in Poliſh Pruſſia, to mark out the ground for an army in that neighbourhood.

Paris, Dec. 19. Some letters from Poland adviſe, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia will command in perſon her army againſt the Turks.

Warſaw, Dec. 14. Two regiments of Pruſſian cavalry began their march on the 3d inſtant, by Drieſen, into Great Poland, in order to diſperſe the Confederates, &c. who make incurſions into that Province as far as Poſnania.

Hamburgh, Dec. 23. A letter, dated the 14th inſt. which we have juſt received from Polangen, a little town in the Great Dutchy of Lithuania, brings the following advices.

"Yeſterday a courier paſſed by here going to announce to the Court of Peterſburgh, that a conſiderable body of the Ottoman troops, which had blockaded the fortreſs of Catharinenbourg, has been beaten by General Romanzow. In this battle the Ruſſians killed 2000 of the enemy, made 1800 priſoners, among whom were two Baſhaws, and took all their artillery." This news, however, ſeems to want confirmation.

LONDON.

Dec. 20. By a gentleman juſt arrived from Paris, we are informed, that the Courts of Vienna and Verſailles have lately entered into a treaty, the object of which is the ſeizing ſome of his Pruſſian Majeſty's dominions in Weſtphalia, and the Low Countries, in order to draw off ſome of the forces which he intended to ſend into Poland, to join the Empreſs of Ruſſia, in ſupport of the Diſſidents, in oppoſition to the Turkiſh army; for which purpoſe an army of 30,000 French are ſhortly to march into Flanders; and in caſe the King of Pruſſia's ſaid dominions are conquered, they are to be ceded to the Emperor, on condition of the Auſtrian Netherlands being delivered up to France. As extravagant as this piece of intelligence may ſeem, a gentleman, on Thurſday, at a certain Coffee-houſe at the weſt end of the town, offered to wager 100l. to 50l. that it was fact, and that a ſhort time would prove it to be ſo; but no body would take him up.

Dec. 29. It appears from the late advices from the Eaſt-Indies, that the Company are engaged in a new war on the coaſt of Coromandel, which is likely to give them trouble for a conſiderable time.

It is ſaid, that a certain Governor in America, who is very unpopular there, will be recalled.

Extract of a Letter from Corſica, Dec. 1.

"After the repulſe the French met with at the Iſland of Pietra, they proceeded with 13 ſhips to the Iſland of Rouge, ſituated at a little diſtance from the other, which the Corſicans have endeavoured to render impregnable for the protection of their magazines. The ſhips advanced in three diviſions towards two eminences, which are well fortified, and command the town, ſituated at the end of a canal between them. One of the diviſions ſecured the bridge of communication, while the ſecond landed the troops, and the other was placed near the town. At firſt the French drove the Corſicans from their poſts, and penetrated even to the tower; but their impetuoſity did not diſcourage the Corſicans, who returned to the charge, made 500 priſoners, killed near 700, and obliged the reſt to retire to their ſhips."

We are aſſured, a very great Perſonage has lately expreſſed the moſt earneſt deſire to have the diſputes between Great-Britain and the Colonies immediately ſettled upon the moſt amicable and laſting foundation.

Mr. Panton, Braſs Founder, in Shoe-lane, his Wife, his Brother, and three other Perſons, were equal Proprietors of No. 41,704, drawn a prize of 20,000l. on Tueſday laſt.

The write from a northern kingdom, that the French Ambaſſador is received very coolly at court, and it was expected the merchants of his country would not long enjoy their preſent commercial advantages in the dominions of the firſt mentioned power.

Dec. 31. It is ſaid the Duke of Marlborough will ſucceed Lord Viſcount Townſhend as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

It is now ſaid, that no change is intended in the office of Solicitor General.

It is ſaid, that a Great Perſonage's orders to one of his firſt ſervants, relative to American affairs, were, "Let the dignity of government be exerted with firmneſs, but moderation; and for paſt offences, let juſtice, if poſſible, give full place to mercy."

We hear that the ſubſcription lately opened here in favour of General Paoli and the Corſicans, meets with much encouragement.

We hear that yeſterday ſome important diſpatches were received at the Secretary of State's office from his Excellency Sir Joſeph Yorke at the Hague.

It is again rumoured that ſome changes in adminiſtration will certainly take place very ſoon; and that the parties who are to come in are friends to the Colonies.

On Thurſday, ſoon after the news of Sir Francis Goſling's death was publicly known, John Wilkes, Eſq; diſtributed hand-bills, offering himſelf a candidate to ſucceed him as Alderman of Farringdon Ward Without.

A gentleman on having one of the above papers put into his hand, obſerved pleaſantly, "I don't know how my friend Wilkes may ſtand as to *Caſh*; but it is certain there is not a man in the kingdom who has ſo many *Bills* in circulation as he."

The qualification of voting for Alderman is confined to the Freemen of the Ward, renting houſes of 10l. a year, and paying the uſual taxes.

We hear that a diſcovery has lately been made of a deficiency of a moſt enormous ſum.

Some letters from the Hague mention, that ſubſcriptions are now carrying on there, and at ſome of the principal towns of Holland, to raiſe money for the ſervice of the brave Corſicans.

The report of approaching changes in the adminiſtration continues ſtill ſtronger than ever; and from the numberleſs conſultations lately among the Great, there is little doubt but ſomething of that kind is in agitation. Among others it is ſaid, that the ſo long expected removal in the T------y board is effected. The D. of G------ will no longer have any ſhare in the adminiſtration; and Mr. G. G------- will be appointed Chancellor of the Exchequer, and firſt Lord of the Treaſury.

Jan. 3. Letters from Leghorn eſtimate the loſs which the French have ſuſtained in Corſica, ſince the commencement of hoſtilities there, at 200 officers, and about 6000 ſoldiers, in killed, wounded and priſoners, excluſive of deſerters. The Corſicans, according to the ſame letters, have loſt 13 officers, and 350 ſoldiers.

Yeſterday in the forenoon a wardmote was held at St. Bride's Church, Fleet-ſtreet, for the election of an Alderman for Farringdon Ward Without, in the room of the late Sir Francis Goſling: The candidates were John Wilkes, Eſq; and Mr. Bromwich, Paper-hanger, on Ludgate-hill, when the majority of hands appeared very greatly in favour of Mr. Wilkes; but a poll being demanded for Mr. Bromwich, it began at one o' clock, and on cloſing the books at three, the numbers were, for John Wilkes, Eſq; 255; for Mr. Bromwich, 69; upon which the latter reſigned, and Mr. Wilkes was declared duly elected.

The Turks begin already to ſee that they have been miſled by the rebellious Polanders, and had given too much Credit to the falſe accounts of the views of the Ruſſian Court, and that the great ſtep they had taken of breaking friendſhip with Ruſſia was too haſty, and as they repented of the ſame, they wiſh affairs could be amicably ſettled; to which purpoſe 3 articles are propoſed by the Turkiſh Court, viz. 1. That the Ruſſians ſhould quit Poland this winter. 2. That an amicable Dyet ſhould be held in the ſpring. 3. That the King ſhould remain on the throne, but without the aid of Ruſſia, as the Porte would be guarantee. But affairs are too far gone, to be ſo eaſily ſettled; at leaſt theſe articles do not appear ſufficient to accompliſh it; beſides, a Turkiſh guarantee is not neceſſary to keep the King of Poland on the throne; and it is well known that her Imperial Majeſty has declared more than once, that ſhe will not deſiſt till the troubles in Poland ſhall ſubſide, and peace and tranquility be reſtored.

A letter has been lately received from Venice, which mentions, that Lord Bute was lately ſeen there, that he lived much retired, with few attendants, and was judged in ſo ill a ſtate, as never to be able to return to England again.

Letters from the Hague mention, that a certain foreign miniſter had hinted, that a paſſage would ſoon be demanded for the troops of a certain power through the territories of the States General.

They write from Leghorn, that the French troops ſtill continue to ſuffer by ſickneſs in Corſica, whereby great numbers have been carried off.

We hear ſome of the Inhabitants of Farringdon Ward Without, have given orders for a gold chain to be made, with all expedition, for Mr. Alderman Wilkes.

'Tis now ſaid that a certain popular Gentleman's intereſt in a certain Aſſembly increaſes daily.

Conſiderable bets are laid that Mr. Wilkes will be Lord Mayor of London before the expiration of five years.

This morning at Guildhall the Lottery finiſhed drawing, when No. 49,567 was drawn a Prize of 1000l. and being the laſt drawn ticket, is entitled to 1000l. more. A boy was ſtripped, and put into the wheel, before the number could be found. Soon after the drawing, the wheels were carried back to Whitehall.

Jan. 5. It is reported that the Ruſſian Court has demanded of us aſſiſtance; and in particular, has requeſted, that our aid might conſiſt in the furniſhing out 14 ſhips of the line, in order to their being employed in their ſervice againſt the Ottoman Porte. This claim, which is founded on a treaty of alliance, made ſince the concluſion of the war, is under conſideration; ſo that whether the aid required will be granted, remains a matter of doubt.

Letters from Paris ſay, they have accounts from Baſtia, that notwithſtanding the rigour of the ſeaſon, General Paoli daily attacked their quarters, and that a great ſickneſs prevailed amongſt the French troops.

Letters from Thorne adviſe, that the Confederates commit the moſt barbarous outrages in Great Poland, ſparing neither men, women, nor children, many of whom they have lately murdered in cool blood.

Letters from Peterſburgh mention, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia has ordered two Merchants to pay Dr. Dimſdale 10,000 *l. ſterling, upon his arrival in London, and granted him* 500 *l. per annum during his life. She has likewiſe made the Doctor Phyſician to herſelf and the Grand Duke; alſo appointed him Privy Counſellor of State, and created him Baron of the Empire of all the Ruſſias.*

Extract of a Letter from an Engliſh Gentleman at Paris, dated December 21.

"*The French are extremely chagrined at the ill ſucceſs of their troops in Corſica; they talk big, however, and ſay they ſhall make a compleat conqueſt of that iſland next ſummer; for that they ſhall have an army there of* 30,000 *good troops early in the ſpring. But you know, Sir, how the French will vapour and gaſconade; and this is certain, that if they were to ſend ſuch a body of forces there, they could not poſſibly find ſubſiſtence for them upon that iſland; and where elſe can they get proviſions for the maintainance of ſuch an army? I wiſh the Corſicans well; they are a brave people, and with a ſmall aſſiſtance might find the French employment for a long time: They fight in defence of their freedom; and in ſuch a glorious cauſe, will not Engliſhmen afford them ſome aſſiſtance?*"

They write from Peterſburgh, that her Imperial Majeſty had given orders for ſeveral veſſels of war to be built at Aſtracan, and other towns on the river Wolga.

On Tueſday a Gentleman was ſent with a meſſage to John Wilkes, Eſq; from the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, acquainting him of his being elected Alderman of Farringdon Ward Without, in the room of the late Sir Francis Goſling, Knt. and deſiring him to appoint a day for his being ſworn in. Mr. Wilkes received his Lordſhip's meſſage with the higheſt regard, and begged the Gentleman to return his moſt grateful and ſincere thanks to his Lordſhip, for the great candor he had ſhewn on the day of election, and to inform him, that he hoped that he ſhould have it in his power to pay his reſpects to his Lordhip at the Manſion-houſe, on Tueſday, the 24th inſt. and to be ſworn in at Guildhall the ſame day.

It is ſaid that Mr. Wilkes will be elected Sheriff of this city the firſt opportunity.

Several of Mr. Wilkes's friends have preſented him with moſt of the delicacies now in ſeaſon, for the entertainment of the Common Council who are to dine with him on Saturday next.

We hear that many unfortunate perſons in the King's Bench priſon, though they greatly reverence the Patriot, are fearful of loſing him, as the charity of him and his friends is their principal ſupport.

Jan. 7. A letter from Vienna ſays, "The Court is informed by its internuncio at Conſtantinople, that the Porte continues her warlike preparations againſt Ruſſia with an extraordinary ardour. It has alſo received a copy of a letter which the Grand Vizir wrote the 28th of October laſt to the Republic of Poland, wherein he exhorts the Poles to proceed to the election of a new King; and it appears by ſome parts of the piece, that the Porte wiſhes that ſuch election ſhould be made in favour of one of the Princes of the Houſe of Saxony."

We hear that a worthy Alderman has voluntarily declared he is ready to diſcharge the duties of the office for Mr. Alderman Wilkes, during the term of his confinement.

We are informed that Mr. Alderman Wilkes intends to move on the firſt day of Hilary Term, his Majeſty's Court of King's

Bench for a Habeas Corpus, in order to be ſworn into his newly elected office; which is the reaſon of that Gentleman's appointing, in his anſwer to the Lord Mayor, the 24th inſt. for his perſonal appearance at Guildhall. The Habeas Corpus does not iſſue *ex officio*, but muſt be obtained from the diſcretion of the Court, on ſuggeſtions of ſufficient public or private importance, to ſhew that the Suitor is in juſtice intitled to this writ.

It is ſaid, in caſe the Court of Aldermen ſhould refuſe to ſwear in and admit Mr. Alderman Wilkes as one of their body, that the mode of proceeding muſt then be for Mr. Wilkes to move for a Mandamus in the Court of King's Bench, for the Court of Aldermen to ſhew ſufficient cauſe for their refuſal.

Yeſterday morning died at his houſe in St. James's-ſtreet, the Moſt Noble Charles Sackville, Duke and Earl of Dorſet, Earl of Middleſex, Lord-Lieutenant, Vice-Admiral, and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the County of Kent, and City of Canterbury, High Steward of Stratford upon Avon, and one of his Majeſty's Moſt Honourable Privy Council.

It having been remarked that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter does not viſit the public diverſions as often as formerly; we are informed, that it is owing to his Royal Highneſs being almoſt inceſſantly engaged in the ſtudy of the military ſciences, in which his Royal Highneſs has made an extraordinary progreſs.

It was this morning rumoured, that the French ſquadron, now fitting out at Rochfort, is intended for an expedition to the coaſt of Africa.

It is ſaid the marine diviſions at Portſmouth, Plymouth and Chatham, will ſoon be augmented to their full complement; and that ſeveral guard ſhips will ſpeedily be put in commiſſion.

We hear an enquiry will ſoon be made concerning the embezzlement of immenſe ſums.

They write from Leghorn, that a Corſican zebec had juſt taken a French tranſport, named La Mieux, of 400 tons, laden with ammunition and ſtores from Toulon to Baſtia, and carried her into Centuri.

They write from the confines of Poland, that the Confederates talk of aſſembling 100,000 cavalry, to attack the Ruſſians.

Very vigorous Meaſures are taking by Adminiſtration, to enforce the former Reſolution againſt the Americans; and we hear that the principal Gentlemen who diſtinguiſhed themſelves in America, in Defence of their Charter Rights, are to be brought over, for an Enquiry to be made into their Conduct.

Jan. 10. A letter from Vienna, dated Dec. 20, ſays, "According to accounts from Sileſia, a body of 30,000 men have received orders to be in readineſs to march, without knowing whither, or to what purpoſe.

It is given out, that ſome changes in his Majeſty's principal governments in North-America will ſoon take place.

Jan. 12. It is given as a reaſon, to the queſtion why the changes in the Miniſtry have not been yet declared, that the perſon who is to have ſome of the higheſt poſts, before his diſmiſſion from office in 1764, ſaid ſomething to a great perſonage, that gave occaſion to the latter to ſay, "he would never do buſineſs with him again." However, meaſures are now purſuing to bring about a reconciliation; and which, if not effected, will overturn the preſent plan for a new Miniſtry.

A large quantity of braſs and iron ordnance, warlike ſtores, and ammunition, have been weekly exported from the river for Portugal ever ſince the peace, where it is ſaid a magazine is forming for the uſe of the Family Compact, in caſe there ſhould be another rupture with Great-Britain.

It is now ſaid that no oppoſition will be made in the Court of Aldermen to Mr. Wilkes's election as a Member of that reſpectable Body; but that he will be received in an amicable manner.

It is remarkable, that only ten months and a few days are elapſed ſince Mr. Wilkes landed in England from France; ſince which he has been a candidate to repreſent the city of London in parliament, but loſt his election; he immediately afterwards offered himſelf as a member for Middleſex, and ſucceeded: He then ſurrendered to the Court of King's Bench Weſtminſter, and was committed to the King's Bench Priſon, where he has remained about eight months; and is juſt elected an Alderman.

Edinburgh, December 28. The 10,000l. prize laſt drawn in the State Lottery, is the property of the Earl of Errol.

St. James's, Dec. 31. The King has been pleaſed to appoint his Grace Auguſtus Henry Fitzroy, Duke of Grafton, the Right Hon. Lord North, George Onſlow, Charles Jenkinſon, and Jeremiah Dyſon, Eſquires, to be Commiſſioners for executing the office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint the Right Hon. Wills Earl of Hillſborough (one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State) Soame Jenyns, Edward Elliot, George Rice, John Roberts, William Fitzherbert, Thomas Robinſon, Eſquires, and the Right Hon. Wilmot Viſcount Liſburne, of the Kingdom of Ireland, to be Commiſſioners for Trade and Plantations.

NEW-YORK, March 6.

The Houſe of Lords have reſolved that the Statute of Attainder of Henry the VIIIth, reſpecting Ireland, ſhould be extended to America.

The Univerſity of Edinburgh has conferred the degree of Doctor of Divinity, on the Rev. Mr. JOHN RODGERS, Miniſter of the Preſbyterian church in this city.

The Packet will be diſcharged again with the mail for Falmouth, the firſt Saturday in April.

The Lord Hyde Packet, for Falmouth, and the Snow General Gage, Capt. Kemble, for London, ſail this day.

PHILADELPHIA, *March* 9.

In the Letters by the Packet, there is nothing particular relating to American Affairs, nor no material Intelligence, that has come to our Knowledge; only, in general, it was thought there would be ſome Change in the Miniſtry, and that Mr. Grenville would certainly come into Play; that it was doubted whether the Act laying Duties on Paper, Glaſs, &c. would be repealed this Seſſion of Parliament; but that there was a Probability of its being done the next Seſſion, provided the Americans *behaved better*, as they term it.

On Thurſday laſt Mr. ROBERT MORRIS, of this City, Merchant, was married to Miſs POLLY WHITE, Daughter of Colonel THOMAS WHITE; a moſt amiable and accompliſhed young Lady.

Captain Gamble, from Liſbon, on the 22d of laſt Month, about 100 *Leagues S. E. of Bermuda, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Davis, from Maryland for Boſton, who, after beating for* 16 *Days on the Coaſt, was obliged to bear away, and intended to go to Barbados; and on the* 25th, *about* 20 *Leagues from Bermuda, be ſpoke a Sloop from Rhode-Iſland for Antigua, out* 7 *Days, and all well, but did not learn the Maſter's Name.*

Captain Bridges, from Georgia, on the 24th *ult. off of Charles-Town, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Coombe, from London for South-Carolina, out* 7 *Weeks; and on the* 27th, *off Cape Charles, he ſpoke a Schooner from Maryland for Boſton, but did not learn further Particulars.*

Captain Shroudy, in 32 *Days from Liſbon, ſailed in Company with Captain Peters, alſo for this Port, and parted with him in the Night of the* 8th *of February, in Lat.* 28: 11, *Long.* 26: 6.

Captain Ayres, alſo from Liſbon, on the 12th *ult. in Lat.* 30, *Long.* 49, *ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Shewbert, from Georgia for Dominica, out* 25 *Days; 24th, in Lat.* 32: 30, *Long.* 69, *ſpoke the Captains Wilſon and Moore, in two Schooners, from the Grenades for Piſcataqua,* 12 *Days out; 27th, in Lat.* 37, *Long.* 71, *ſpoke the Sloop Live Oak, Captain Hammond, from New-York for Penſacola,* 4 *Days out; and laſt Friday Afternoon, about* 10 *Leagues from our Capes, he ſpoke the Captains Lockton, Tillet, and Curry, from this Port, and Captain Walker, from Wilmington, who had all left the Capes that ſame Day.*

Captain Cochran, in 7 Weeks from Madeira, adviſes, that a Ship from Boſton arrived at that Iſland a few Days before he ſailed; alſo that a Sloop from Boſton, bound to Gibraltar, had put in there, having loſt all her Sails in a Gale of Wind.---On the 22d ult. about 25 Leagues Eaſt of Cape Hatteras, he ſpoke a Sloop from Virginia for Jamaica, 4 Days out;----24th, about 70 Leagues Eaſt of Cape Henry, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Belford, from Virginia for Antigua, 2 Days out; and on the 26th, in Lat. 37: 43, Long. 73, he ſpoke a Brig from Rhode-Iſland for Hiſpaniola, out 2 Days, but could not learn the Maſter's Name.

On Saturday laſt, about One o' Clock, a Fire broke out in the Dwelling-houſe of Mr. Robert Hopkins, at Point-no-Point, which entirely conſumed the ſame. It is ſuppoſed to be occaſioned by a Crack in the Chimney.

On the Sixth Inſtant, in the Evening, after a long and afflicting Illneſs, borne with remarkable Patience, Calmneſs and Reſignation, departed this Life JAMES BRIGHT, of this City; a ſhining Example of Humility and Self-denial, accompanied with thoſe other Virtues, which rendered him an Ornament to Society, and are the true Characteriſtics of the real Chriſtian; and we believe it may be ſaid, in full Aſſurance of Faith,

His wafted Soul on Wings of Glory riſen,
Is hail'd with Gladneſs, welcome into Heaven!

This Day his Remains are to be interred in the Burial-ground of the People called Quakers.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captains Falconer, and Story, in London; Ruſſell, at Briſtol; and the Captains Timmons, Davis, Oſborne, Brown, Stevenſon, Rogers, and Robinſon, at Liſbon.

From Boſton. Captains Coffin, Davidſon, Bryant, and Davis, at Deal; Johnſon, at Milford; Troth, at Pool; and Captain Kent, at Bilboa.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Betſy, W. Martin, and Schooner Lovely Laſs, R. Graham, from Maryland. Brig Georgia Packet, G. Bridges, Georgia. Schooner Dove, W. Gamble, Snow Britannia, R. Ayres, Brig Willing Maid, W. Shroudy, and Brig Juliana, S. Nuttle, Liſbon. Sloop America, J. Gorham, Boſton. Sloop Philadelphia, A. Lowell, Piſcataqua. Sloop Abigail, S. Thurſtan, R. Iſland. Sloop Unity, R. Winter, Quebec. Ship Betſy, S. Hawke, from St. Kitts.

OUTWARDS. Ship Molly, B. Alliſon, and Brig Charming Peggy, G. Conyngham, for Antigua. Ship Sally, J. Oſman, Barcelona. Snow Barbados Packet, W. Sutton, Barbados. Brig Nancy, T. Leech, Ship Jupiter, W. Mackey, and Brig Patty, R. Hardie, Liſbon. Sloop Cape-Fear Packet, E. Hanſon, for North-Carolina.

CLEARED. Schooner Experiment, R. Richardſon, and Brig Scarborough, A. Seton, to Jamaica. Brig Conſtant Friends, M. Fearens, Barbados. Brig Hibernia, W. Price, and Brig Molly, J. Lockton, St. Kitts. Snow King George, R. Snowden, and Brig Roſe, G. Ord, Maryland. Sloop Polly, S. Wright, S. Carolina. Schooner Charming Nancy, J. Mullowney, Halifax. Brig Cornelia, B. Peele, Madeira. Ship Ann, G. Fortin, Liſbon.

THE MANAGERS *of the* Philadelphia Public Four Claſs Lottery, *intend to begin drawing the Fourth Claſs on Monday, the* 13th *Inſtant, at Two o' Clock in the Afternoon, at* Joſiah Franklin Davenport's *Tavern (Sign of the Bunch of Grapes) in Third-ſtreet.* PAUL FOOKS, *Clerk.*

WAS found, about a week ago, a GUN, *that is ſuppoſed to have been ſtolen; it has no perceivable mark. The owner proving his property, and paying charges, may have it again, by applying to* SAMUEL THOMAS, *living with Richard Palmer, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia.* §

For SAVANNAH, in GEORGIA,

The Brig GEORGIA PACKET,
GEORGE BRIDGES, Commander,
A prime ſailer, and has moſt excellent accommodations for paſſengers, and will ſail with all expedition. For freight or paſſage, pleaſe apply to BRIGHT *and* PECHIN, *or ſaid commander on board, at ſaid Bright and Pechin's wharff.*

N. B. Good encouragement will be given for two men that are well qualified to the ſaw-mill buſineſs; alſo a houſe carpenter, to go over to Georgia, by applying as above; who have for ſale, imported in ſaid veſſel, a quantity of choice new rice, deer, beaver and raccoon ſkins, black bottles, bees-wax, cedar poſts, logwood, orange juice, and a few barrels of beef, &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD,

Or exchanged for a houſe or lot of ground, in or near the city of Philadelphia,

A VERY convenient, pleaſantly ſituate, brick houſe and lot, near Cheſter, fronting the river Delaware; it was built on purpoſe for a ſtore, and has been applied to that uſe for many years. The houſe is 30 feet front, 2 ſtories high, a good kitchen, well of good water before the door, a garden, well boarded, and paled in, a ſtable for 3 or 4 horſes, cow-houſe, hog-houſe, and fowl-houſe; a good conveniency for a carriage of any ſort, with a good ſtore for grain or ſalt; likewiſe a piece of paſture ground near the houſe. It would ſuit a ſadler extraordinary well, as there is one wanted there. If ſold, the purchaſer may have any reaſonable time to pay the money in. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber on the premiſes. Likewiſe to be ſold, a pair of likely black HORSES, well matched, and well broke, with or without a genteel PHAETON, which has been but very little uſed, with very handſome harneſs; the phaeton painted green, and neatly gilt.

§ WILLIAM HENDERSON.

YOUNG MERRY TOM,

IS now in fine Order, and will cover MARES at Major Barnſley's, at Benſalem, in the County of Bucks, at FOUR DOLLARS the Seaſon, or TWO the ſingle Leap. He is a very genteel, ſtrong, handſome Horſe, a fine Bay, Fifteen Hands and a Half high, with a Star, and one white Foot; he is half Brother to the famous Pacolet, and free from all Kinds of Blemiſh.

EXOTIC,

Will alſo be allowed to cover a very few MARES at the ſame Place, at EIGHT DOLLARS the Seaſon, or FOUR the ſingle Leap. Exotic is a very fine dark Bay, and free from all Blemiſh, was got by Jolly Cheſter, who was got by Othello, his Dam by Spark, his Grandam by Digges's Stallion, his Great Grandam by Governor Ogle's Barb. The Dam of EXOTIC was Dulcinea, the Spaniſh Mare.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 10th *day of this inſtant March, at ſix o' clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Jeremiah Smith, in Front-ſtreet, Two three ſtory brick dwelling-houſes, ſituate on the ſouth-ſide of an alley* 8 *feet* 3 *inches wide, extending weſtward from Front-ſtreet; each houſe* 15 *feet* 9 *inches in front, and the ſame dimenſions in depth, with a vacant lot of ground of* 22 *feet* 6 *inches in breadth, and* 15 *feet* 9 *inches in depth, to each houſe; adjoining lots of Martha Brooks, George Champion, and James Parrock's eſtate. Alſo a large framed work-ſhop, about* 27 *feet by* 15 *feet* 9 *inches; the purchaſer to move it off the premiſes. Likewiſe a vacant lot, on the weſt-ſide of Seventh-ſtreet,* 40 *feet broad, and* 100 *feet deep, joining Zane's ſtreet, and ground of Jonathan Zane, jun. ſubject to Ten Pounds groundrent per annum. The whole being late the eſtate of William Faires; ſeized and taken in execution by* JOSEPH REDMAN, *Sheriff.*

To be SOLD by JAMES DIR KENDEREN,
in STRAWBERRY ALLEY,

GOOD Fall Mackarell; Oil by the Barrel; Melaſſes by the Hogſhead; and choice good Tea by the Dozen, at a low Price. Alſo a Riding Chair, &c. &c. &c. ¶

BY virtue of writs of Levari Facias to me directed, on Tueſday, the 21ſt day of this inſtant March, at 2 o' clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, two certain meſſuages or tenements, with two tracts or parcels of land thereunto belonging, lying adjacent to each other, containing about 140 acres, ſituate in Aſton townſhip, in Cheſter county; bounded by lands late of John Dutton, Thomas Dutton, Charles Conner, Charles Rouſe, Samuel Carſon, Richard Dutton, James M'Claſky, and Cheſter Creek. There are on the premiſes a good ſaw-mill, about 15 acres of good watered meadow, a young bearing orchard, &c. late the property of Joſeph M'Claſky, ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

N. B. The purchaſer, on paying down 125l. may have a conſiderable time for the payment of the remainder, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity, if required. ¶

Philadelphia, February 18, 1769.

THIS Day was found, in Market-ſtreet, a BUNDLE of PAPER MONEY. The Owner, by applying to BENJAMIN GIBBS, in Front-ſtreet, proving Property, and paying Charges, may have it again. †

To be SOLD,

A LIKELY NEGROE WENCH, with 2 Children; one a Girl of 4 Years old, the other a Boy of 1 Year old. She is very fit and handy for Country Buſineſs. Enquire of the Printers.

TO be SOLD on the premiſes, by public ſale, on the 11th day of the 4th month next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, if not ſold before that day, two tracts or pieces of land, containing upwards of 100 acres, with a valuable griſt and merchant mill thereon erected, on a fine ſtream of water, called Pennypack Creek; ſaid mill hath two pair of good mill ſtones, one pair French burrs, double geared, the other ſingle geared, two good boulting cloths, a fan, with a ſkreen in it, for cleaning wheat, and hoiſting jack, all which go by water; a good ſcale beam, ſcales and weights, a braſs wire ſkreen; the mill-houſe 43 by 33 feet, two ſtories high, a cooper's ſhop adjoining; commonly called, and known by the name of Fletcher's mill, ſituate in Abington, by a public road leading from Corryell's ferry through Wright's-town to Philadelphia, about 12 miles from ſaid city, in a good neighbourhood, and part of the country for buſineſs, convenient to ſeveral meetings, &c. a good dwelling-houſe near ſaid mill, part built of ſtone and lime, 3 rooms on a floor, good dry cellars under moſt part of the houſe, a well at the door, with plenty of excellent water in the drieſt ſeaſons; a ſtone milk-houſe over a never failing ſpring of good water; a frame barn, with ſtables under it; all ſaid buildings are covered with cedar, ſome of them but a few years ago; a ſtone ſhed ſtable, 40 feet long, covered with boards; about 40 acres of ſaid lands are cleared, and much more fenced in; about 6 acres of meadow cleared, and more may be made, and watered by a run of water, having a great fall through ſaid land; the remainder, near 60 acres, well timbered. Any perſon inclining to view and purchaſe before the ſaid day for public ſale, by applying to Thomas Fletcher, in Abington, Luke Morris, in Philadelphia, Jeſſe Tyſon, at Frankfort mills, and Robert Paul, living on the premiſes, may know the terms of ſale, have a good title, and almoſt immediate poſſeſſion; otherwiſe the terms, which are moderate, will be made known on ſaid day of ſale. ‖

To be SOLD at the London Coffee-houſe, the firſt day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon,

A LEASE of near 10 years of a lot of ground in the Northern Liberties, being 200 feet on the river Delaware; whereon are erected 3 ſtone houſes; the middle one is 40 feet ſquare, the other two are 20 feet by 40; they have in them a compleat diſtillery; the largeſt ſtill will hold 700 gallons, and the low wine ſtill 120 gallons; there are moreover 9 working ciſterns, pumps, canns, cranes, and all other things neceſſary for carrying on the diſtilling buſineſs in an extenſive manner. There is a brewer's copper ſet up in one of the ſtores, which holds upwards of 300 gallons, with a horſe malt mill, maſh, tun, cooler, and a variety of other utenſils. Each of the ſaid ſtores has a loft that will contain many thouſand buſhels of wheat, malt, ſalt, or any thing of the like nature. The river runs within 15 feet of the ſaid ſtores, where ſhallops and boats may come along ſide of the wharff. The yard in which the ſtores ſtand, is large, and very fit for a ſtave or board yard. The ſubſcriber has built a neat brick counting houſe at a ſmall diſtance from the ſtores, and made many other valuable improvements. He propoſes to ſell, at the ſame time, his leaſe of two ſmall tenements, with an acre of good garden; they are divided from the ſtores by a road to Kenſington, and lett for 25 l. a year. As they are included in the ſubſcriber's leaſe of the ſtores, they ſhall be all ſold together; ſo that the purchaſer will ſtand at but 25 l. rent per annum, as the yearly ſum reſerved in the ſubſcriber's leaſe is only 50 l. Any perſon who inclines to purchaſe ſaid leaſe, may have an opportunity of ſeeing the premiſes, by calling on the ſubſcriber any time before the day of ſale. If it will not ſuit the purchaſer to pay immediately the whole purchaſe money, the ſubſcriber will take one third, and good ſecurity for the remainder, payable in four months from the day of the ſale, at the expiration of which time his buſineſs calls him abroad. RICHARD MORRIS. ‡

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes, on the 24th inſtant, by vendue, if not ſold before by private ſale, ſix lots of land, ſituate in the Manor of Moreland, Philadelphia county, on the Old York road and Horſham road, 14 miles from Philadelphia, one lot, oppoſite the fork of ſaid roads, containing 2 acres, moſtly meadow and woodland, on which is a ſpring that never fails, and other running water, with one other lot for paſture, adjoining the Horſham road; ſaid lots are convenient for a tanner, ſmith, or other tradeſman. One lot adjoining ſaid York road, and Parry's mill road, containing 12 acres, oppoſite Paul's tavern, late the ſign of the Red Lion, on which is a good ſtone dwelling-houſe and barn, and ſpring-houſe, about 3 acres of watered meadow, and more may be made, the remainder woodland and orchard, with one other lot for paſture, adjoining the ſaid Horſham road, containing nine acres; ſaid houſe is conveniently ſituated for a ſtore, or other public buſineſs. One other lot, adjoining the ſaid York road and Parry's mill road, containing 20 acres, on which is a ſaw mill, and a conveniency for an oil mill, very convenient for the buying of flaxſeed, and 3 acres of meadow, and more may be made and watered, a young bearing orchard, and 10 acres of woodland, on which is a ſpring of mineral ſpaw water, which through a bleſſing has been highly ſerviceable to many in ſeveral obſtinate diſorders; on which account there may be a neceſſity for a houſe of entertainment, to accommodate ſuch as may uſe ſaid mineral water. One other lot, adjoining Parry's mill road, containing 9 acres, all woodland; or the whole may be ſold together; where alſo will be ſold ſundry ſhop goods, and other things. Alſo a tenement and plantation, ſituate in Hampſhire county, New Virginia, containing 247 acres of good land, 16 miles from Wincheſter, on the county road leading from there to the South Branch of Potomack, which is well timbered and watered, and an excellent ſoil for raiſing wheat and hemp. The titles indiſputable. The ſale to begin preciſely at 12 o'clock, where attendance, and reaſonable credit, will be given, by

¶ THOMAS HALLOWELL.

WHEREAS the Subſcriber, living in Cumro Townſhip, Berks County, executed a Bond and Warrant for confeſſing Judgment to a certain John Pugh, for Ten Pounds, or thereabouts, dated on or about the Fall of the Year 1763: Now theſe are to forewarn all Perſons from accepting an Aſſignment on the ſaid Bond, as the Principal and Intereſt, which were due on the ſame, are fully paid. Witneſs my Hand this Third of February, 1769, JOHN RICHARDS. ¶

To be SOLD, by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-House, on Saturday, the 18th of March, at Twelve o' Clock,

A FEW FAMILY MEDICINE CHESTS, containing a compleat Assortment of Medicines, ready prepared for immediate Use, with proper Directions.---The Whole curiously and commodiously disposed, either for Families living at a Distance from a Physician, or for Country Practitioners. The Medicines may be depended on as genuine, and good of their several Kinds.---A List of Contents may be seen at the Coffee-House.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 28th of this inst. March, at two o' clock in the afternoon, on the premises; a certain plantation, or tract of land, situate in the Forks of Delaware, in Allen's township, containing 155 acres and 42 perches of good land, well watered and timbered, bounded by lands of Thomas Boyd, ----- Clipinger, and by the West Branch of the river Delaware, a quantity of which is cleared, part exceeding good meadow, and more can be made, all under good fence, together with the buildings, and other improvements thereon; late the estate of John Stenton, deceased, seized, and taken in execution, by

¶ JOHN JENNINGS, Sheriff.

N. B. The purchaser paying 160l. may have a considerable time to pay the residue, giving security.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, and tract of about 100 acres of land, situate in Cheltenham township, in the county of Philadelphia, whereon is erected a good stone dwelling-house, with 4 rooms on a floor, a grist-mill, with 2 pair of stones, the boulting and hoisting works all go by water, and well situated for merchant or country work; about 25 acres of said land is extraordinary good meadow, and about the same quantity well timbered, the remainder is good arable land; there are also on the premises, a good barn, out-houses, and a valuable orchard. Any person inclining to purchase the premises, may apply to the subscribers, and know the title and terms of sale.

¶ RICHARD MARTIN, JOHN MARTIN.

STOLEN on the 28th of February last, from the subscriber, living in Milford Hundred, Cæcil county, near Little Elk, a grey gelding, with saddle and bridle; the gelding is 7 years old, a light grey, and darkest on his buttock and legs, neither brand nor ear-mark, pretty thick set, and broad behind, is long haired, and has a long head, his mane cut under the bridle, paces, trots, and hand gallops, shod before, and is about 14 hands and an half high; the saddle is half-worn, with a barred cloth, bound with blue, and had no crupper. Any person taking and securing said gelding, so that the owner may have him again, shall have Four Dollars reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ JOHN MACKEY.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Lower Merion, about 10 miles from the city of Philadelphia, lying on Lancaster road; the said plantation contains about 45 acres, 8 thereof is good meadow, part of it watered, and the rest may be watered by a spring running through the same; it has a good bearing orchard of about 4 acres, and 6 acres of woodland, the rest of the land in good order, and produces as good crops of grain as any thereabouts; it is, and has been, an old accustomed tavern for near fifty years, commonly known by the name of the Prince of Wales; there are on the premises a good stone two story house, 3 rooms on a floor, a large kitchen, two stories high, with several good sheds and stables, an out-house and barn, a good spring house, besides a pump of excellent water at the kitchen door. Whoever inclines to purchase the above premises, may view the same, and know the conditions of sale, by applying to John Roberts, miller, living near the premises, or of Francis Holton, living in the District of Southwark. In case the said premises are not sold before the 25th day of this instant March, then the same will be sold at public vendue, on Monday, the 27th day of March, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, on the spot, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known, and attendance given, by me the subscriber, FRANCIS HOLTON. ¶

THE partnership of JOHN WHARTON and JONATHAN HANSON, Mast-makers, having expired the 20th of February last, those that have any accounts against said partnership, are desired to bring them in; and those indebted, to make payment to said Wharton, who is impowered to receive the same.

N. B. JOHN WHARTON carries on the Mast-making business, as usual. ¶ 6 W.

THIS is to certify, that I John Flourie, of Rapho township, in Lancaster county, discharge any man to trust my wife Elizabeth Flourie, or Gresbil, for I will not pay any debt of her contracting from the date hereof. Given from under my hand this 24th day of February, 1769. JOHN FLOURIE. ‖

A DUTCH SERVANT GIRL's time to be disposed of, who has about three years to serve; she can cook, and do all kinds of house work, and is an excellent spinner. Enquire of the printers hereof.

WHEREAS Mary M'Clyster, Wife of William M'Clyster, of the township of West Malborough, in Chester county, hath eloped from me her said husband; I do therefore hereby forewarn all persons from dealing with, or trusting her, on my account, for I will not pay any debt or debts of her contracting, after the date hereof.

February 22, 1769. WILLIAM M'CLYSTER. ¶

To be LETT for a Term of Years,

A SMALL tenement, situate in East Whiteland township, Chester county, joining on the great road leading from Lancaster to Philadelphia; the house has two rooms on a floor, two fire places, cellar and shop, a large kitchen garden, and fire wood convenient, and other privileges, if required. It has for many years past been in the tenor of a weaver, shoemaker, sadler, and store-keeper. It is well situated for such like business, For terms, enquire of the owner, living adjacent,

¶ RICHARD RICHISON.

To be SOLD, by way of public vendue, on the 10th day of April next, on the premises,

A VALUABLE plantation and tract of land, containing about 97 acres, situate in Chester township, Burlington county, fronting the river Delaware, at a place called Senemenson, about 9 miles from Cooper's ferry, by land, and about the same distance from Philadelphia by water; there is a share of a good shad fishery belonging to the premises, a good apple orchard, and other fruit trees, about 12 acres of drained meadow, supposed to be as good as any in said county, most part of which is cleared, and under good grass, and is well secured from the tide by a good dam and flood-gates; there is on said premises, a log house, with two rooms on a floor, a spring-house, and sundry other convenient buildings. The land is exceeding fertile for raising market truck; late the property of William Cox, deceased. Any person who has a mind to view the premises before the day of sale, may apply to John Cox, in Moore's-town, or the subscriber, living on the premises. The conditions will be made known at the time and place aforesaid, when attendance will be given, by SARAH COX, Executrix. §

Sussex County, New-Jersey, February 24, 1769.

NOTICE is hereby given, to whom it may concern, That two of the Judges of the inferior Court of Common Pleas, for the County of Sussex, have appointed Friday, the 31st Day of March next, to meet, at the House of David Reynolds, Innholder, at Hacket's Town, in order to discharge John Wolfel Litzel, and David Penwell, insolvent Debtors, agreeable to the late Act of Assembly, made and provided in that Case. †

To be SOLD by the subscriber, living in Reading-Town, Hunterdon county, West New-Jersey, the following tracts of land, viz.

THE noted and valuable PLANTATION, whereon he now lives, containing 335 acres, of which 250 acres are cleared, and a sufficient quantity of meadow, the remainder being well timbered, and the whole well watered, being pleasantly situated on the South Branch of Rariton River, with a large brick mansion house, 4 rooms on a floor, a good frame kitchen adjoining, and a cellar under the whole; a good large Dutch barn, with other necessary out houses belonging thereto, and a large bearing orchard of the best grafted fruit. Also one other very valuable large tract of land, in Sussex county, West New-Jersey, within three miles of Squire's Point Forge, containing 1000 acres, of which there are 100 acres of choice good meadow cleared, and a sufficient quantity of plough land, a dwelling-house, a good new large Dutch barn, and several barracks, with a very good bearing orchard of the best grafted fruits, &c. the above being well watered and timbered. Also one other tract of land, in Newtown, Sussex county, bounded by the foot of the Blue Mountain, where the main road crosses said Mountain, within 4 or 5 miles of Sussex Court-house, containing 431 acres, whereon are two small improvements. Also one other tract of land, bounded by lands commonly called Reading's Bottom, near Sussex Court-house, containing 200 acres. Also one other tract, lying at the Head of Alamuchey, near Andover iron works, in Sussex county, containing 137 acres. Also one other tract of land, bounded by George Beaty, in Sussex, containing 214 acres. Also three other small tracts, lying between Squire's Point Forge and George Beaty's mill, being extraordinary good wood land, one containing 100 acres, one 72 acres, and the other 52 acres. Also one other tract of land, situate in Mansfield Wood-house township, near Pahatkunk, containing 341 acres. Also one other tract of land, in Morris county, near Hacket's Town, containing 218 acres, with a small improvement thereon. Also one other tract of land, in Morris county, near George Beaty's mill, containing 182 acres. Any person or persons inclining to purchase any of the aforesaid lands, may apply to William Norcross, Esq; or Mr. John Gregg, both of Amwell, or to the subscriber, who will sell any of them uncommonly cheap, and an indisputable title given.

He has also for sale, a number of Negroe men, women and children, who have had the small pox, and are capable of doing all kinds of country business. MARTIN RYERSON. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given, That I the Subscriber, intend to present a Petition to the Assembly of the Province of New-Jersey, at their next Sitting, in order to obtain a Law for the Owners and Possessors of the Meadows, on Little Timber Creek, in the County of Gloucester, to contribute towards the Expence of keeping up and maintaining the Dam, Bank, and Water-works, in Proportion to their Meadow, from the Hill on Masters's Plantation, to the Plantation belonging to the Heirs of Joseph Harrison, deceased, at the Mouth of said Creek; if any Person or Persons have any Objections, they are desired to appear, and make the same known. WILLIAM GERRARD. ‖

TO be SOLD by the subscriber, living in the township of Haverford, and county of Chester, a valuable plantation, situate in the aforesaid township, containing 241 acres of land, 100 whereof is what may be justly called good woodland, 12 acres of meadow, now made, and more may be made; there is on it a spacious stone house and kitchen, with a barn, and 2 stables, and a never failing spring near the door, 2 orchards of the best fruit, together with a variety of pear, plumb, English and American cherry trees. The said plantation is 8 miles and a half from Philadelphia, 10 from Chester, and 7 from Germantown, and within a mile of a Quaker Meeting-house, a Dutch Lutheran church, grist, fulling and saw-mills; the said premises well and conveniently watered. The terms of payment will be made easy to the purchaser; it will divide well for two tenements. For title and further intelligence, enquire on the premises of

¶ AARON COATES.

To be SOLD by public vendue, on the 13th day of March inst. on the premises,

A PLANTATION, containing about 45 acres of land, situate in Lower Dublin, adjoining the road leading from Busseltown to Lower Pennypack mill; late the real estate of Isaac Willard, deceased. There is on the premises a good one story stone house, with two rooms and two fire places on the lower floor, and a cellar under the whole, a hewed log barn, covered with cedar, a good orchard of about 100 apple trees, mostly winter fruit, some red and black-heart cherry trees, about 6 acres of good meadow, 18 acres of cleared upland, the remainder wood land. The conditions to be made known on the day of sale, where attendance will be given, by

§ JOHN PAUL, and JOHN ROBERTS, Executors.

Germantown, February 15, 1769.

ALL persons who have any demands against the estate of Daniel Ent, late of Germantown Tanner, deceased, are hereby requested to bring in their accounts, properly proved, to the subscribers, at the house of Adam Haas, Innholder in said place, on the 20th day of March next: And those that are indebted to said estate by book debts, vendue, or otherwise, to pay off their respective ballances before that day, so that there may be a full settlement made of said estate. Due attendance will be given by JOHN FREY, and

¶ THEOBALD ENT, Administrators.

TO be sold, on Friday, the 10th Day of March inst. at Thomas Dewees's, in Potts-Grove, Philadelphia County, the following Plantations, situate in Amity and Douglass Townships, Berks County, being Part of the Estate of John Potts, Esq; late of Potts-Grove, deceased, viz. Four valuable Plantations, containing about 200 Acres each, with Plenty of good Meadow on each Place, good Part cleared, the Upland extraordinary good, and the Whole well timbered. Also one other Plantation, containing about 350 acres, 25 of Meadow, and about 80 Upland cleared, there is on this Place a Forge for making Iron, called Pine Forge, a Saw-Mill, &c. Also a good Stone Dwelling-House, Workmens Houses, Barn, Stables, &c. the unimproved Land well timbered. Also one other Tract, containing 150 Acres, with about 10 Acres of Meadow cleared, the Remainder exceeding good Land, and well timbered. The Purchasers, paying Part of the Money down, may have a considerable Time given for Payment of the Remainder, by

¶ SAMUEL POTTS, Executor.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of WILLIAM RIGDEN, of the city of Philadelphia, deceased, or to the partnership of WILLIAM RIGDEN and SON, are desired to make speedy payment; and those that have any demands against the same, are desired to bring in their accompts, that they may be adjusted and paid, by

LYDIA RIGDEN, Administratrix, and

¶ WILLIAM RIGDEN, Administrator.

PHILADELPHIA *and* WORCESTER LOTTERY,

For raising the Sum of *Three Thousand and Ninety-nine Pounds Twelve Shillings*, by Virtue of an Act of Assembly, passed the 18th of February, 1769, to be applied to such public Uses as are therein particularly directed.

The SCHEME.

CLASS the FIRST.

1	Prize of	£	200	is	£	200
1			100			100
3			50			150
6			25			150
25			10			250
50			5			250
1307			1 10 0			1960 10 0
1393	Prizes,				£	3060 10 0
3773	Blanks.					
5166	Tickets, at 15 s. each,				£	3874 10 0
	Deduct the Sum of the above Prizes,					3060 10 0
	The Remainder to be carried to the Third Class,				£	814 0 0

CLASS the SECOND.

1	Prize of	£	500	is	£	500
1			200			200
4			100			400
10			50			500
10			25			250
25			10			250
50			5			250
1201			2 10 0			3002 10 0
1302	Prizes,				£	5352 10 0
3864	Blanks.					
5166	Tickets, at 25 s. each,				£	6457 10 0
	Deduct the Sum of the above Prizes,					5352 10 0
	The Remainder to be carried to the Third Class,				£	1105 0 0

CLASS the THIRD.

2	Prizes of	£	1000	is	£	2000
2			500			1000
4			250			1000
8			150			1200
15			100			1500
25			50			1250
30			25			750
50			10			500
1017			3			3051
1153	Prizes,				£	12251 0 0
4013	Blanks.					
5166	Tickets, at 40 s. each,					10332 0 0
	Brought from the First Class,					814 0 0
	Brought from the Second Class,					1105 0 0
					£	12251 0 0

The Scheme of this Lottery is far more favourable to the Adventurer than most that have hitherto been published.---Tho' the Price of a Ticket, in the First Class, is only *Fifteen Shillings*, yet a Person being fortunate in that, may be enabled to go through the other Classes, without any additional Expence, and thus have a Chance of drawing three Prizes, one of £200, one of 500, and one of 1000.

In this Scheme there are about three Blanks to a Prize, so that a Person can hardly, at the ordinary Rate of Chances, go through the Classes, even with a single Ticket, without drawing one Prize at least.

The Third Class is made very rich, by the Ballances which are transferred from the First and Second Classes. And in order to enlarge the Number of valuable Chances to each Adventurer, Care has been taken not to throw too large a Sum into one Capital Prize; hence this Class alone, besides two Prizes of £1000 each, contains 84 Prizes, from 25 to £500, a much greater Number than is generally found in Lotteries of this Size.

The Price of a Ticket, in the First Class, is *Fifteen Shillings*, in the Second *Twenty-five Shillings*, and in the Third Class only *Forty Shillings*, and the Adventurer in the First Class, has the exclusive Privilege of renewing his Ticket in the Second, and so in the Third Class, provided he does it within two Months after the Drawing of each Class. Thus, by laying out small Sums at a Time, or perhaps no more than one small Sum in the First Class, the Adventurer obtains a greater Number of valuable Chances, than he could possibly have purchased on such easy Terms in any Lottery of the usual Construction.

TICKETS are to be had of

William Rush, *John Bayard*,
James Mease, Dr. *William Shippen*, jun.
Dr. *Hugh Williamson*, *Jonathan B. Smith*, and
Gunning Bedford, *Isaac Snowden*,
John Rhea, in the City of *Philadelphia*.

And of *Philip Wentz*, *Peter Wentz*, *Jacob Sneider*, *Jacob Weaver*, *Michael Croll*, *Henry Conrad*, and *Isaac Lefever*, in the Township of *Worcester*, PHILADELPHIA County; who are by Law appointed Managers, and are upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of the Trust reposed in them.

Also from *William Hodge*, *James Craig*, *Robert Knox*, Messieurs *William* and *Thomas Bradford*, Mr. *William Goddard*, and Messieurs *Hall* and *Sellers*, Printers, in PHILADELPHIA.

The Deduction on each Prize is Fifteen per Cent. and the Drawing of the First Class will begin the 29th of *May* next, or sooner, if sooner full, of which Notice shall be given in this Paper, in which a List of the Prizes shall also be published.

TO be sold at the subscriber's, living near Mount-Pleasant in St. George's hundred, and county of New-Castle, upon Delaware, by way of vendue, on the 10th day of March inst. (or by private sale, any day between this time and then) A valuable TRACT of LAND, situate near Mount-Pleasant aforesaid, containing about 207 acres, about 100 acres of clear land, and about 12 acres of meadow, in tolerable good order, and sowed with timothy seed, and about 20 acres more may be made; the place is well stored with timber, and excellent water, with a good pump, a good square log dwelling-house, a good barn, stables, and other improvements, and a small bearing apple orchard. Also, at the same time, will be exposed to sale, on the premises aforesaid, a house and lot, containing about 7 acres, and a blacksmith's shop. The whole may be purchased together or separate, as best suits the purchaser. For terms apply to the subscriber, on the said premises,

† DAVID EVANS.

Aquia, in Virginia, Dec. 10, 1768.

TO be sold, on Tuesday, the 4th day of April next, the valuable tract of land, known by the name of BRENTON, containing 8000 acres, lying in Prince William county, and within 18 miles of Colchester, 14 of Dumfries, and 25 of Falmouth. This land is remarkable for being level, of a rich soil throughout the tract, and well timbered and watered, has many valuable improvements on it, and pays no quitrents. The sale will begin precisely at 12 o'clock, at the house of SCARLET MADDENS, on the premises, and the land sold either in lots, or the whole, as shall be agreed upon on the day of sale, as well as the terms for payment. ROBERT BRENT, WILLIAM BRENT, DANIEL CARROLL, HENRY ROZER. &c.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

March 16, 1769. NUMB. 2099.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

LONDON, December 15.

By letters from St. Peterſbourgh, of the 9th and 20th of November, we receive the declaration of the Imperial Court of Ruſſia to the Courts of Europe, upon the arreſt of its Miniſter, Reſident at Conſtantinople.

HER Imperial Majeſty, in taking a part in the tranſactions of the Republic of Poland, as humanity on one ſide, and the obligations of her Crown on the other, had prompted her, was no leſs careful to conduct herſelf in ſuch a manner, as not to give any umbrage to a jealous and powerful neighbour: Every part of her conduct was public, and ſhe had likewiſe a particular attention to communicate, in confidence to the Ottoman Porte, her reſolutions upon every ſtep ſhe took, and the conduct ſhe intended to obſerve till the peace and tranquility of that kingdom was entirely re-eſtabliſhed. But the enemies to the peace of theſe two Empires, were not wanting to blacken at the Porte all the actions of her Imperial Majeſty, and to ſow there the ſeeds of diſcord, by the moſt falſe imputations. The Porte, reſtrained by the upright conduct the Court of Ruſſia continued to maintain towards them, liſtened, but it was with caution, to the calumny that was ſpread. Some attention to the affairs of Poland, and an impartial examination of what Ruſſia had done, compared with the overtures made by that Court at the Porte, had diſpelled all ſuſpicion, and the public tranquility ſeemed to be no more threatened. The common enemies, however, repeated their inſinuations with more rage and audacity than ever, to impoſe upon the credulity of the Turkiſh nation, and infuſed a ſpirit of diſcontent among them, which called for the notice of government, for it had forced its way even into the Seraglio. The change in the Miniſtry, brought about by theſe events, ſoon produced a revolution in the ſyſtem of peace, equally dear to both nations. The new Vizir, upon his advancement, immediately ſent for M. Obreſkow, her Imperial Majeſty's Reſident at the Porte, and after having cauſed to be read in his preſence a declaration, full of heavy charges againſt his Court, part of which had already been invalidated by the moſt fair and candid explanations, and others that had never exiſted, or were ever thought of, the Vizir preſſed him to ſign immediately, under the guaranty of the allies of his Sovereign, ſome very offenſive conditions, in regard to which there never had been made the leaſt propoſal, during the whole courſe of the operations in Poland. Theſe conditions, very derogatory to the honour and glory of an Empreſs accuſtomed to receive no law, propoſed in a tone and form repugnant to the freedom of negotiation adopted by every power, were attended by the alternative of an immediate rupture of the perpetual peace between the two empires. The Ruſſian Miniſter, confident of the upright intentions of his Court, and conſcious of the probity of his own conduct, as having fulfilled the duties of a long Miniſtry, was incapable of unworthily committing his Court and his own character by a humiliating engagement, and which would have exceeded the power and commiſſion of any Miniſter, let them be ever ſo extenſive; he gave therefore a poſitive refuſal, as became his honour and his duty---and the reſolution of the Divan, which followed immediately after, was to arreſt him, and part of his retinue, and carry him to the Caſtle of the Seven Towers.---It would be needleſs for the Imperial Court of Ruſſia to dwell any longer upon this event, or to enter here into an examination of it. The fact ſpeaks for itſelf. The honour and glory of her Imperial Majeſty---the regard to her Empire, point out the part it is right for her to take. Confiding in the juſtice of her cauſe, ſhe appeals to all Chriſtian Courts, on the ſituation ſhe finds herſelf in with regard to the common enemy of Chriſtianity, certain as ſhe is, that her conduct will meet with equal approbation from each of them, and that ſhe ſhall have the advantage to join to the Divine Protection, the juſt aſſiſtance of her friends, and the good wiſhes of all Chriſtendom."

December 22.

A little before the preſent lottery began drawing, a foreign Gentleman came to England, and brought with him a very agreeable female Negroe girl, about 17 years of age, but through the narrowneſs of his circumſtances, he was obliged to ſell his ſlave for 30 guineas; with part of which he purchaſed a lottery ticket, ſince drawn a prize of 5000 l. and he has ſince re-purchaſed the girl, made her free, and ſettled on her an annuity for her life.

A morning paper ſays, that at the General Court of the India Company held yeſterday, it appeared, that a very extraordinary ſtep had been taken, in order to conceal the preſent brilliant ſtate of the Company's affairs, viz. the ſecreting the ſum of 1,200,000l. from the annual account of the Company, made up to June laſt. This manœuvre, when diſcovered, afforded no ſmall diverſion to the Proprietors, eſpecially as the excuſe made for this pious fraud was, that it was done with the beſt intention poſſible, that of not letting government into the true ſtate of the Company's affairs, leſt they ſhould *ſqueeze the Company*;---the truth however came out, which, in few words, is, that (notwithſtanding common-place complaints of bad ſales, ſimple contract debts, &c.) the Company has been going on for three years paſt in the accumulation of one million three hundred thouſand pounds per annum, excluſive of the ſums paid to government, and the augmentation of dividend; ſo that the Proprietors have this conſolation at leaſt, that if they have not been allowed two and a half per cent. more than their preſent dividend, they have nevertheleſs been laying up, ever ſince the acquiſition of the Dewanny, forty per cent. per ann. an accumulation, which, in the twelve unexpired years of the charter, would leave the Company the trifling capital of twenty millions.

A gentleman at a coffee-houſe in Fleet-ſtreet, on the evening of the riot at Brentford, was ſaying, that he thought Serjeant Glynn's friends would not *ſtand the Poll out*: "How the Devil ſhould they (cried another) when they are *knocked down* by hundreds."

The dreadful fire that happened at Rocheſter, was occaſioned by a Brewer's drunken ſervant, who took it into his head to hang his wife, and ſet his houſe on fire: The firſt part of this helliſh project was prevented, by his wife's making her eſcape; the latter he accompliſhed, by burning his own houſe, and a dozen more.

It is ſaid, that from what paſſed at the India Court yeſterday, it appears that the India Company have already profited by their territorial acquiſitions more than five millions ſterling, for they have diſcharged in Bengal bond debts to the amount of 700,000 l. they have allowed increaſe of their annual accounts 1,600,000 l. they have remaining in the different treaſuries of Bengal 800,000 l. they have at Madraſs 140,000 l. they have 200,000 l. in China; they have paid off in England 1,000,000 l. Total 5,640,000 l. Excluſive of this, they have their warehouſes full of goods, their homeward and outward-bound ſhips richly laden, and they have juſt acquired the Dewanny of the Myſore Country and Balagat Carnatic; an acquiſition which is variouſly repreſented, ſome ſtating it at three millions annually, and others at no more than two.

December 24.

The County of Middleſex have received a greater honour, and done more real ſervice to their country, by their late choice, than ever happened before, as was fully evinced on a recent occaſion; where no man was ever ſpoken of with greater honour, for integrity, ability, learning, veracity, candour, and all the mental qualifications that human nature can poſſeſs, than Mr. Glynn, which, it is hoped, will ever be remembered; eſpecially as this amiable character was depicted by a n-------n, who inherently poſſeſſes all thoſe extraordinary qualities, with which he ſo nobly and ſpontaneouſly diſtinguiſhed Mr. Serjeant Glynn.

Sunday laſt the Earl Temple paid a viſit to the Earl of Chatham at Hayes, who is greatly recovered from his late indiſpoſition.

We hear that a popular Gentleman has been long ſince a Member of one of our Inns of Court, and that, after the proper term of probation, he propoſes to aſſume the long robe.

Letters from Turky mention, that the Malecontents of Poland having made an offer to the Grand Signor of a part of Podolia and Volhinia, on the ſame footing as Moldavia, the arrangements taken thereon were pretty far advanced, and that the Porte was juſt on the point of publiſhing a declaration on the ſubject.

We hear that the writs of error, that were to have been heard yeſterday, were poſtponed by the party's petition, on account of the indiſpoſition of Mr. Serjeant Glynn.

We hear from Corſica, that the French viſit all ſhips that are drove on the coaſts of that iſland, but they don't moleſt them, as was reported. This ſearch has no object but to hinder the Malecontents from being ſupplied with warlike ſtores from foreign nations.

It was the other day the debate, at a coffee-houſe, whether a certain gentleman did not, for ſomething he had lately written, deſerve to be committed to Newgate? "No (ſays a perſon preſent) I am for no ſuch *barſh* uſage; I am for more *lenitive* treatment: Let him be committed to Bedlam, and denied the uſe of pen, ink, and paper.

Letters from Paris, dated December 12, ſay, "The King of Denmark has made a preſent to the Duke de Duras of his portrait, enriched with diamonds, which are valued at above 200,000 francs. His Majeſty alſo made preſents of gold boxes, and other valuables, to the Directors of the ſeveral Manufactories, which he went to view, to Poets who had addreſſed verſes to him, to Authors who had dedicated Works, and to renowned Artiſts; and alſo to the celebrated Actors and Actreſſes, who had performed before him; for each performance his Majeſty was preſent at, he ſent a thouſand crowns. In one word, his Majeſty's munificence exceeded the moſt ſanguine expectations. The day of his departure a great concourſe of people ſurrounded his hotel, to wiſh him a happy journey, with acclamations of "Long live the King of Denmark;" he ſhewed himſelf ſeveral times to the people, ſaluting them with the greateſt affability. The fiſhwomen, who did homage to his Majeſty on his arrival, have been to pay him their eloquent adieus; when one of the handſomeſt offering him a noſegay, requeſted the ſingular favour of ſaluting him, and he was pleaſed to turn his cheek to her; he gave them ten or a dozen louiſdores, and diſtributed as many more among the poor on his ſetting out."

It is reported that ſome recent inſtances of American oppoſition to the meaſures of government, have occaſioned a reſolution to keep a naval force upon the coaſt ſome time.

It is the general opinion, that that truly honourable title, "THE GREAT COMMONER," will very ſoon be beſtowed on Mr. Serjeant Glynn, by the public voice.

Yeſterday the Commiſſioners of the Navy contracted for 400 tons of ſhipping, to be employed in the tranſport ſervice, to carry naval and victualling ſtores to his Majeſty's garriſons of Gibraltar and Port Mahon.

December 27.

We hear that a motion will be made, at the next Court of Common Council, that a congratulatory letter of thanks from the Corporation, be ſent to the Freeholders of Middleſex, for their noble and ſpirited conduct in electing Mr. Serjeant Glynn.

We alſo hear, that inſtructions from the Freeholders of Middleſex will ſpeedily be given to their members.

Extract of a Letter from Algiers, Nov. 12.

"On the 12th of October a Spaniſh ſquadron of four ſail of men of war, one of 80 guns, two of 70 and 74 guns, and a large frigate, caſt anchor in this Bay.

"Under the pretence of carrying on a ranſom for ſlaves, the directors of the expedition endeavoured to negotiate a peace with the Regency. The Dey had only agreed to ranſom 600 Turks. This ſquadron brought all the Turks and Moors detained in ſlavery in Spain, to the amount of 1200 perſons.

"The Negotiators offered to buy with money all the Spaniards in private hands, not agreed for in the exchange; and to give the 600 Turks and Moors remaining gratis; however, notwithſtanding theſe propoſitions, which became an almoſt univerſal douceur, and though ſupported alſo by the mediation and aſſiſtance of the Emperor of Morocco, the plan failed, and ended in a very partial redemption.

"This ſquadron, which was not meant to act in a military capacity, but rather deſigned to ſave the expence of other tranſportation, ſailed the 6th of November.

"The 9th of November the Dey was very near being murdered, during the time of paying the ſoldiers (a ceremony which happens every two months, and where the Dey muſt be preſent in perſon) by one of the old ſoldiers, who, having loſt an arm in the ſervice, and being, beſides, reverend with grey hairs, nobody ſuſpected him. The aſſaſſin, ſtepping up to the Dey, drew his piſtol, which miſſing fire, he drew his artagan, or ſhort ſword, and made ſuch a blow at the Dey, that had not his large turban of muſlin received the weight of it, it would certainly have put an end to his life.---The bye-ſtanders, whether to maſk their zeal, or prevent the inveſtigating facts relative to an unſucceſsful affair, cut the old Turk inſtantly in pieces."

It is ſaid that when her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Dowager of Wales accompanies their Majeſties next ſummer to Hanover, ſhe will retire to Zell, which place her Royal Highneſs propoſes to make her future reſidence, and will not return again to England.

BOULTING-CLOTHS,

A freſh Aſſortment of ſuperfine, fine, middling, and coarſe,

To be SOLD by

ROBERT and NATHANIEL LEWIS,

At their STORE, near the DRAWBRIDGE,

WHERE Millers, and Others, may be ſupplied, on reaſonable Terms, with Cloths of the beſt Quality, ſuitable to every Branch of the Boulting Buſineſs.---And thoſe who are unacquainted therein, may depend on having proper Directions for affixing them to the moſt Advantage.

They have alſo a few Pair of Cologne MILL-STONES, of various Dimenſions, to diſpoſe of. Tbc. 3 M.

Philadelphia, March 9, 1769.

TO BE SOLD,

THE famous Horſe NORTHUMBERLAND, bred by Lord Mazareen, in Ireland, and got by Old England, Son to the Godolphin Arabian, and own Brother to his Grace the Duke of Ancaſter's famous Stallion Blank, Sire to Lottery, his Dam by Mr. Panton's noted Crab, his Grandam by Old Partner, which was Mr. Panton's famous Witherington Mare, his Dam was alſo the Dam of Ferdinand, high bred Froſtyface, and Mercury, and own Siſter to Sheppard's Crab.---Northumberland is 15 Hands high, ſtrong, boney and beautiful, he won with Eaſe the 100 l. Purſe at Philadelphia, in October laſt, and 3 Weeks after won a Subſcription Purſe, beating over the New-Market Courſe, on Hampſtead Plains, ſome very capital Racers.---For Terms of Sale, apply to Benjamin Fuller, Randle Mitchell, John Pringle, James Craig, and John Boyle, Aſſignees to the Creditors of Meſſieurs Orr, Dunlope, and Glenholme.-----The Aſſignees deſire thoſe indebted to ſaid Company, to ſettle their reſpective Accounts with them, as ſoon as poſſible, to prevent further Trouble; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt ſaid Company, are deſired to furniſh the Aſſignees with their Accounts.

To be SOLD, on Wedneſday, the 4th of April next, at public Vendue, on the Premiſes, or at any Time before, at private Sale,

A HOUSE, and LOT of GROUND, in Princetown; the Houſe is of one Story, and almoſt new, and has four Rooms, with a Kitchen, and a Cellar under Part of it; the Lot conſiſts of about Half an Acre, and has a Well ſunk in it.---The Situation is very convenient for a Tradeſman.-----Good Bonds, on Intereſt, with proper Security, will be as acceptable as the Caſh, and an indiſputable Title given by

WILLIAM TENNENT.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on Monday, the Firſt Day of May next, at the London Coffee-Houſe, at 6 o'Clock in the Evening,

A CERTAIN Brick two Story Houſe, and Lot of Ground, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Fifth-ſtreet from Delaware River, and between Mulberry and Saſſafras Streets, in Philadelphia, containing in Breadth, on Fifth-ſtreet, 56 Feet, and in Length or Depth, on Saſſafras or Race-ſtreet, 80 Feet; bounded Eaſtward with Fifth-ſtreet, Northward with Race-ſtreet, Weſtward with a 10 Foot Alley, to be left open for ever, and Southward with Ground of Caleb and Joſhua Creſſon; ſubject to the yearly Groundrent of 40 Spaniſh milled Dollars, or Pieces of 8; late the Eſtate of Jacob Kaiſor, of this City, Taylor. For further Particulars, enquire of

WILLING and TOD, Aſſignees.

To be SOLD, by public vendue, on Tueſday, the 4th of April, on the premiſes, for the benefit of the creditors of William Imlay,

ALL his real eſtate, conſiſting of ſundry houſes and lots in Bordentown, Burlington county, Weſt-Jerſey, viz. One lot of ground, containing one acre, on which is erected a large two ſtory brick houſe and kitchen, a large pork-houſe, ſmoke-houſe, fat-houſe, cooper's ſhop, barn, ſtable, chair and hay-houſe; the houſe is ſituate on the main ſtreet, and is well calculated for a ſtore, and convenient for barrelling pork, &c.---Alſo one other lot, on which is erected a two ſtory brick houſe and kitchen, and a good young orchard, of choice graſted trees, on the ſame.----Alſo one lot, containing one fifth of an acre, with a frame dwelling-houſe thereon.----Alſo two other lots of ground, containing one fifth of an acre each.----Alſo about 20 acres of woodland, near the ſaid town. At the ſame time will be ſold, cedar tubs for curing gammons, iron pots, a large iron boiler, a parcel of pork barrels, cooper's tools, ſcales and weights, a fiſhing net and boats, and one black walnut ſcruitore. Attendance will be given by JOHN IMLAY, HENRY DRINKER, and CLEMENT BIDDLE, Aſſignees.

Likewiſe will be ſold, on the ſame day, if not ſold at private ſale before, one other lot of ground, ſituate in Bordentown aforeſaid, fronting the two main ſtreets, containing one acre, on which is erected a commodious two ſtory brick houſe, well built, and compleatly finiſhed, a two ſtory brick kitchen, with a ſeparate apartment for ſervants, a good well in the yard, and pump in the ſame, a very good garden, ſtable, chair and hay-houſe; the dwelling-houſe is pleaſantly ſituated, and commands an agreeable proſpect of the river Delaware, and in every reſpect is calculated for a gentleman's country ſeat.----Alſo will be ſold, with or without the abovementioned houſe and lot, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers, 130 acres of good land, about 3-qrs of a mile from the town, 60 acres are cleared, and in good fence, on which is a flouriſhing young orchard, of choice graſted fruit, about 9 acres of good mowing ground, the remaining part is woodland.

Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may have time to pay the purchaſe money, paying intereſt. For further particulars, enquire of Mr. Clement Biddle, of Philadelphia, or John Imlay, on the premiſes. 4 W.

To be SOLD, by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on Saturday, the 18th of March, at Twelve o'Clock,

A FEW FAMILY MEDICINE CHESTS, containing a compleat Aſſortment of Medicines, ready prepared for immediate Uſe, with proper Directions.---The Whole curiouſly and commodiouſly diſpoſed, either for Families living at a Diſtance from a Phyſician, or for Country Practitioners. The Medicines may be depended on as genuine, and good of their ſeveral Kinds.----A Liſt of Contents may be ſeen at the Coffee-Houſe.

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

From the Frontiers of RUSSIA, *December* 14.

HOSTILITIES are already begun on the Boriſthenes, or Nieper, which the Tartars have paſſed, and, together with the Confederates, have entered Poland, where they plunder the country without mercy.

Confines of Poland, Dec. 16. According to our advices from Tranſilvania, the Turks continue advancing their artillery, ammunition, and proviſions, towards Poland. The troops which come from the interior parts of the Ottoman States, are badly diſciplined, and worſe armed.

Warſaw, Dec. 16. The Confederates of the Sieur Malczewſky fell the 4th inſt. upon the little town of Zirke, near the Wartha, and demanded of the inhabitants a contribution of 20,000 florins, beſides all the corn and forage they took away with them; but the adminiſtrator having, not long before their arrival, carried off all the caſh to Drieſſen, theſe malecontents deſtroyed the caſtle, and moſt of the houſes, and in revenge for having miſſed their prey, they maſſacred ſeveral of the unfortunate inhabitants.

Leghorn, Dec. 9. We are informed that the Corſicans have lately taken a French Tartan, on the coaſt of Iſola Roſſa.

LONDON.

Dec. 20. It is reported that a certain Court, being required to give an explanation with Regard to their Proceedings with Corſica, the Miniſter received for anſwer, "You had better attend to your own buſineſs at home, and prevent your Windows from being broken, when you gratify the Humour of the Populace, by illuminating them, than concern yourſelves with the affairs of another Prince and his ſubjects, as theſe People NOW ARE, by the Ceſſion from their former Sovereigns. "Certainly his Court, if any ſuch Thing was ſaid, did not depend on, or allude to the trifling Diſturbances that are paſt; but on the Diviſions and Troubles which they expected would be raiſed by future Means; poſſibly at that Time concerted and reſolved on, and ſince executed.

Dec. 24. The Empreſs of Ruſſia's declaration of war againſt the Turks has already appeared in Poland, where fifty thouſand troops are ſpeedily expected from Finland, Ingermania, and Livonia, beſides twenty thouſand Calmucks.

Letters from Warſaw, dated the 7th of Dec. are filled with the accounts of the enormities committed by the Confederates in Great Poland; they have been lately joined by a body of Tartars, and a detachment of them have fallen upon the eſtate of Mr. Gyzick, at Wyſſegrod, which after pillaging, they murdered that gentleman, and all his Tennants and Domeſticks.

According to letters from Leghorn, General Paoli has now a number of Scotch Highlanders in his pay, ſeveral of whom had ſerved in the laſt war.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, Dec. 16.

"*It is aſſured that his Daniſh Majeſty has made a preſent to the King of a regiment of cavalry, which is to be called the Royal Danes; upon condition that the Duke de Duras and his deſcendants ſhall always be Colonels of it. There are two precedents of the ſame kind in the families of Noailles and Beauffremont.*"

We hear that Prince William Henry, and the Princeſs Royal, have both had the Small-pox in the moſt favourable manner, and are judged to be out of danger.

A letter from the Confines of Poland, dated Dec. 9, ſays, "We learn from Caminiec, that the Turks and Tartars have orders to retire from the frontiers of Moldavia, and Walachia, probably, in order to go into winter quarters."

Dec. 29. The General Court of the Eaſt-India Company laſt Wedneſday was held, to conſider ſome advices of the ſtate of their concerns in ſeveral parts of the company's ſettlements, and alſo the conſideration of ſome propoſals made by the Directors to the Board of Treaſury, and the anſwers of that Board to them. The principal matters were, an offer of 400,000 l. for five years, in conſideration of waving any claim to the territorial revenues of the Company in Aſia, and on an implied condition, that the reſtriction on the dividend ſhould be enlarged to twelve and an half per cent. with the limitation, that not more than one per cent. advance be made in one year. The ſenſe of the Court, as far as could be gathered from the debates, and other appearances, ſeemed to be againſt concurring with the propoſals; but the farther conſideration was adjourned till that day fortnight.

The term of two years, for which the India Company paid the government 800,000 l. to avoid any diſcuſſion of the claim of the Crown to the revenue accruing from their Aſiatic dominions, being expired, there is great reaſon to believe, that their affairs will occaſion great ſpeculation and diſpute. Their negociations with the Miniſtry will not only be attended with great difficulty, but beſides, the two parties are ſtruggling for the Directorſhip; the Directors themſelves are now engaged in warm diſputes reſpecting their meaſures.

A very favourite Toaſt among the Freeholders of Middleſex, is, "May the HORNE of Freedom gore the Vitals of Slavery!"

A morning paper ſays, Thurſday laſt Miſs Gardiner, only daughter of Frederic Gardiner, Eſq; of Bloſſom Hall, in Wiltſhire, being dreadfully frightened by a bull, was ſo ſtrangely affected, that in the ſpace of four hours her hair, which was of a fine brown, became as grey as that of a perſon of 80 years of age.

Some letters from Copenhagen mention, that his Daniſh Majeſty has iſſued orders for his navy to be put upon a reſpectable footing, the regiſter of ſeamen to be augmented, and ſeveral more men of war to be built in the different ports of the kingdom.

A letter from the Hague, dated December 22, ſays, "Our laſt diſpatches from Paris import, that Mehemet Bey, appointed Envoy Extraordinary from the Regency of Tripoli to the States General, is ſtill at Paris, and that his long ſtay there occaſions a belief that he is charged with a Commiſſion at that Court."

Dec. 31. The King of the Two Sicilies has iſſued a circular letter to the Biſhops of that kingdom, whereby they are ſtrictly enjoined to forbid all foreign eccleſiaſticks from performing any miſſions, or other ſpiritual exerciſes, within his dominions. The motives for this letter are undoubtedly the apprehenſions his Majeſty is under, that in his preſent diſpute with the Pope, ſome of theſe foreign emiſſaries may endeavour to avail themſelves of an opportunity, under theſe holy pretences, of exciting a ſpirit of inſurrection among his ſubjects.

Their Royal Highneſſes Prince William Henry, and the Princeſs Royal, are both ſo well recovered of the ſmall-pox, as to be able to take an airing with their Majeſties to Kew this day.

Jan. 3. A Clergyman, greatly in the intereſt of Mr. Wilkes, being at the Coffee-houſe near St. Paul's on Saturday, a Gentleman preſent took that opportunity to ſay aloud, that if Mr. Wilkes was choſen an Alderman, one of the Court would appear no more in the City, but reſign his gown: On this the Prieſt anſwered, "The Public will ſuſtain no great loſs by ſuch a ſtep, as a Gentleman with twice his capacity, and thrice his fortune, is ready to take his place, as ſoon as ever an opportunity offers."

The Sieurs Horrebow and Butzow, two celebrated Aſtronomers, are ſet out from Copenhagen for Wardhous, at the expence of his Daniſh Majeſty, in order to obſerve at the latter of thoſe places, the Paſſage of Venus over the Sun's Diſk.

Several foreign agents have arrived here within theſe few days, with commiſſions to buy up Engliſh horſes.

Letters from Corſica, dated December 4, bring no material advices; the French ſeemed inclined to continue quietly in their winter quarters; and the Marquis de Chauvelin was dangerouſly ill of a violent quinſey, for which he had been bliſtered, but little hope of his recovery.

Jan. 5. When the officers of the ancient Lumber Troop waited on Mr. Wilkes, to accept the honour of his becoming one of their Comrades, the Colonel, on his inveſting him (being one of their ceremonies) with a ſtar and ribband, very politely informed him, it was a faint emblem of what true merit was ſometimes rewarded with in reality: Mr. Wilkes's anſwer was, that he received it with the utmoſt pleaſure and ſatisfaction, being conferred on him by the hands of citizens; but never would accept an honour of that nature from any other whatſoever.

They write from Copenhagen, that a camp is to be formed in the neighbourhood of that City early in the Spring.

A letter from Paris, dated Dec. 23, ſays, "We learn from Brittany, that the three orders who compoſe the ſtates of that Province, have unanimouſly agreed to grant the King a Free Gift."

A Correſpondent at Bath informs us, that an Officer there took an opportunity lately, in the hearing of a Lady pretty nearly related to Mr. Wilkes, to ſpeak of that Gentleman in a diſreſpectful virulent manner, and concluded with ſaying, D--- him, I wiſh I had his head." To which the Lady replied, with a very ſignificant emphaſis, "I wiſh, Sir, you had but half *his head." What do you mean by that, Madam, returned the Officer?----"Becauſe (replied the Lady) you would not then, Sir, have rendered yourſelf ſo ridiculous as to calumniate an abſent man, who, notwithſtanding the aſperſions you have ſcandalouſly thrown out againſt him, is greatly above being guilty of ſo mean, ſo unmanly an act.*"

Jan. 7. *Letters from Warſaw, dated Dec.* 15, *ſay,* "*The Confederates of Great Poland have made an invaſion on the lands of the Prince Primate, and committed great violences there; but they found only* 2000 *rix dollars in ſpecie, which they carried off with them.*"

Mr. Landcake, the greateſt artiſt this nation ever had in drawing and cutting of patterns for the Callico Printers, is engaged, and now in France, near Paris, in the ſervice of the Duke de Choiſeul, the Prime Miniſter, who is eſtabliſhing a moſt extenſive manufactory in that way.

A certain great man, we are told, mentioned at a particular meeting lately, that he had hit upon a ſcheme for ſubduing the ſpirit of the people; to which a much greater man replied, That he had better have deviſed a plan for ſubduing corruption and venality among the Great, and endeavour to conciliate the affections of the people.

Jan. 12. The King of Denmark, who was not expected at Altena till the 6th inſt. arrived there the 2d, his Majeſty, it is ſuppoſed, having accelerated his return to his capital, in order to be more at hand to hear of the important affairs tranſacting in Sweden, where ſeems to be a great difference between the King and Senate.

According to letters from Conſtantinople, the Grand Signor has ordered all the Turkiſh caſtles and garriſons on both ſides the Propontis to be fortified and augmented.

On Saturday laſt an expreſs arrived from the Court of Berlin, which occaſions much ſpeculation.

The Trial ſloop of war is ſailed from Plymouth with Governor Elliott on board for Florida.

BOSTON, *February* 27.

At a Meeting of the Selectmen, February 16, 1769, *Preſent,* Joſhua Henſhaw, Joſeph Jackſon, John Ruddock, John Hancock, John Rowe, Samuel Pemberton, *Eſquires, Mr.* Henderſon Inches.

Voted unanimouſly, That the following Addreſs be preſented His Excellency FRANCIS BERNARD, Eſq;

May it pleaſe your EXCELLENCY,

AT a Time, when artful and miſchievous Men have ſo far prevailed, as to foment and ſpread Diviſions in the Britiſh Empire: When mutual Confidence, which had ſo long ſubſiſted, with mutual Advantage between the Subjects in Britain and America, is in a great Meaſure broken: When Means are at length found, even to excite the Reſentment of the Mother State againſt her Colonies; and they are publicly charged with being in a State of Diſobedience to Law, and ready to reſiſt the conſtitutional Authority of the Nation: The Selectmen of this Metropolis, cannot be the unconcerned or ſilent Spectators of the Calamities, which in Conſequence thereof have already fallen upon its Inhabitants.

To behold this Town ſurrounded with Ships of War; and military Troops, even in a Time of Peace, quartered in its very Bowels: Exerciſing a Diſcipline, with all the Severity which is uſed in a Garriſon, and in a State of actual War, is truly alarming to a free People. And what ſtill heightens the Misfortune is, that our Gracious Sovereign and his Miniſters, have formed ſuch an Idea of the preſent State of the Town, as to induce a Neceſſity of this naval and military Force, for the Aid of the Civil Magiſtrate, in the Preſervation of its Peace and good Order.

Your Excellency can witneſs for the Town, that no ſuch Aid is neceſſary: Loyalty to the Sovereign, and an inflexible Zeal for the Support of His Majeſty's Authority, and the happy Conſtitution, is its juſt Character: And we may appeal to the impartial World, that Peace and Order were better maintained in the Town, before it was even rumoured that His Majeſty's Troops were to be quartered among us, than they have been ſince. Such a Meaſure then we are perſuaded, would never have been ordered by the Wiſdom of the Britiſh Adminiſtration, had not the Neceſſity of it been drawn from the Repreſentations of ſome of His Majeſty's Servants in this Province.

Your Excellency will allow us to expreſs our Opinion, that the public Tranſactions of the Town, and the Behaviour of ſome of its individual Inhabitants, have been greatly miſapprehended by His Majeſty's Miniſters.

We therefore, in Duty to the Town we have the Honour to ſerve, reſpectfully wait on your Excellency; and pray that you would be pleaſed to communicate to us ſuch Repreſentations *of Facts only* as you have judged proper to make ſince the Commencement of the laſt Year. And as there is a prevailing Report, that Depoſitions are and have been taken *ex parte,* to the Prejudice of the Town and particular Perſons, may we not aſſure ourſelves that your Excellency will, in Juſtice, cauſe to be laid before us, ſuch other Repreſentations as may have come to your Knowledge; that the Town knowing clearly and preciſely what has been alledged againſt it, may have an Opportunity of vindicating itſelf. Atteſt.

WILLIAM COOPER, *Town-Clerk.*

The foregoing Addreſs was accordingly preſented his Excellency by the Selectmen of the Town laſt Friday Morning, and on Saturday Afternoon his Excellency was pleaſed to return the following Anſwer.

GENTLEMEN,

THE Propriety of your addreſſing me upon public Buſineſs I ſhall not now diſpute; but in my Anſwer I ſhall confine myſelf to ſuch Parts of your Addreſs as relate to you as the Selectmen, or to the Town as a Body.

I have no Reaſon to think that the public Tranſactions of this Town have been miſapprehended by His Majeſty or his Miniſters, or that their Opinions thereon are founded upon any other Accounts, than thoſe publiſhed by the Town itſelf.

If therefore you can vindicate yourſelves from ſuch Charges as may ariſe from your own Publications, you will in my Opinion have nothing further to apprehend.

Province-Houſe, Feb. 18, 1769. FRA. BERNARD.

At a Meeting of the Selectmen, February 23, 1769, *Preſent* Joſhua Henſhaw, Joſeph Jackſon, John Ruddock, John Hancock, Samuel Pemberton, *Eſquires, Mr.* Henderſon Inches.

Voted unanimouſly, That the following Addreſs be preſented to His Excellency FRANCIS BERNARD, Eſq;

May it pleaſe your EXCELLENCY,

THE Selectmen of the Town of *Boſton,* beg Leave once more to wait on your Excellency, hoping you will excuſe this further Trouble, as it is upon a Matter of the greateſt Importance to the Town.

In your Anſwer to our late humble Requeſt, your Excellency was pleaſed to ſay, that "you have no Reaſon to think that the public Tranſactions of this Town have been miſapprehended by His Majeſty or His Miniſters; or that their Opinions thereon are founded upon any other Accounts than thoſe publiſhed by the Town itſelf." And "that if we can vindicate ourſelves from ſuch Charges as may ariſe from our own Publications, we ſhall, in your Opinion, have nothing further to apprehend."

As the Town has publiſhed nothing but its own Tranſactions, in Town Meeting legally aſſembled; it gives us the greateſt Pleaſure to find your Excellency, in your Reply to us, thus vindicating it from any juſt Cauſe of Apprehenſion, from the general Character of its Inhabitants, conſidered as Individuals: If therefore the Town has ſuffered, on Account of the Diſorders which happened on the 18th of *March,* or the 10th of *June* laſt, by Perſons unknown (the only Diſorders that have taken place in this Town within the Year paſt) we take your Excellency's Declaration to us, to be a full Teſtimony, that in your Opinion, it muſt be in Conſequence of ſome partial or falſe Repreſentations of thoſe Diſorders to His Majeſty's Miniſters. And we rejoice to find your Excellency's Sentiments, as expreſſed in your Reply, ſo far harmonizing with thoſe of His Majeſty's Council, not long ago publiſhed. We have in this Caſe, the moſt authentic Evidence that can poſſibly be had, the joint Teſtimony of the Governor and Council of the Province, that the Town has not been *in a State of Oppoſition to Order and Government,* and ſuch as *required a military Force to ſupport civil Authority.*

With Regard to the public Tranſactions of the Town, when legally aſſembled, from which *alone,* in your Excellency's declared Opinion, the Town could have any Thing to apprehend, we beg Leave to ſay; That after the moſt careful Retroſpect, and the beſt Enquiry we could make, into the Nature and import of thoſe Tranſactions, we are utterly at a Loſs, in what View they can appear to have militated with any Law, or the Britiſh Conſtitution of Government. And we entreat your Excellency would condeſcend to point out to us, in what particular Reſpect, they either have been, or may be viewed in ſuch a Light; that either, the Town may be made ſenſible of the Illegality of its Proceedings, or, that upon the moſt critical Examination, its Innocence may appear in a *ſtill clearer* Light.

Your Excellency's high Station in the Province, and the Regard you have *profeſſed* for the Intereſt of the Town, we humbly apprehend, muſt give *Propriety* to this, as well as our former Addreſs. Atteſt. WILLIAM COOPER, *Town-Clerk.*

The foregoing Addreſs was accordingly preſented his Excellency by the Selectmen laſt Friday, when his Excellency was pleaſed to return the following Anſwer.

GENTLEMEN,

AS in my Anſwer to your former Addreſs, I confined myſelf to you as Selectmen, and the Town as a Body, I did not mean to refer to the Diſorders on the 18th *of* March, *or of the* 10th *of* June, *but to the Tranſactions in the Town Meetings, and the Proceedings of the Selectmen in Conſequence thereof.*

February 24. FRA. BERNARD."

March 6. We can with Truth aſſert, that there have been born at the North Part of this Town, ſix Pair of Twins, five of which are Male Children, all within a Stone's Throw of each other, and are now alive and well.------If every Stone's Throw in America ſhould produce the like Effects, in a very little Time we ſhould have no need of a Standing Army to protect our Rights.

We are told, that the Affairs of theſe Colonies were to be ſtrictly canvaſſed in Parliament, and that every thing would be done for them which could reaſonably be expected.

A Leter from London ſays, "American Affairs engage the attention of the Public here, and truly they are in a critical Situation. The late Reſolution of ſeveral of the Colonies not to import any Britiſh Manufactures, &c.----make great Impreſſions on the Minds of People here, and perplex the Miniſtry, ſo that they are at a loſs how to act-----for as the Stamp-act was calculated to execute itſelf,-----ſo the late one of Taxation, muſt drop, by the Colonies not purchaſing the Articles taxed. A better Way could not have been fallen upon, in the preſent Juncture, to ſerve the Liberties of America.-----I hope the different Provinces will lay aſide their little Party Affairs, firmly unite, and ſtand to their Reſolutions."

Letters from London mention, that the Halifax Packet, which was ſent home laſt Summer with Diſpatches from Commodore Hood, is lying at Portſmouth fitted for Sea, and ready to ſail at an Hour's warning; and is only detained till the Parliament has determined the American affairs; when ſhe will ſail with Orders for General Gage, and the American Governors.

The ſame letters inform us, that it is more than probable, that the Earl of Chatham, and George Grenville, Eſq; will be appointed Secretaries of State before the End of the Holidays, as all the different Branches of the Grenville Family, are now firmly united.---That if this Arrangement ſhould take Place, it is not doubted, but a war will ſoon enſue; which will give great Satisfaction to a noble Earl, as he will then moſt certainly, *ſolely* guide the Reins of Government.

NEW-YORK, March 13.

The 26th ult. at about half Ebb, the Schooner Mary, Captain Criſp, from New-London, bound to this Port, having 19 Hogſheads of Sugar, and ſome other Goods on board, in coming through Hell-Gate, the Wind ſuddenly dying away, was driven by the Current on the Grid Iron-Rock, where ſhe lay till the Flood; as ſoon as ſhe could float ſhe went off, and ſunk directly. The Captain and Men were obliged to quit her before ſhe ſunk, and could ſave nothing. Part of her Stern has ſince been found on the Long Iſland Shore, but nothing elſe of either Veſſel or Cargo.

Captain Creighton arrived here Thurſday Evening in 6 Weeks from Coracoa, met with ſevere Weather on the Coaſt; he acquaints us, that on his arrival at Coracoa in December laſt, he found the Inhabitants greatly alarmed on a Report that their Negroes had formed a Conſpiracy againſt them, whereupon Guards were doubled, and all neceſſary Precautions taken to ſuppreſs the Attempt; but that when he left it, the Iſland ſeemed to be ſettling into Quiet again.-----A Dutch Frigate of 32 Guns, arrived at Coracoa from Holland and the Coaſt of Guinea the 25th of January. The firſt Inſtant Captain Creighton ſpoke Captain Atkinſon from Virginia for Liverpool, out 3 Days, and the 4th ſpoke a Brig from Surrinam for Boſton, but the Wind blowing freſh, he could not learn the Maſter's Name.

PHILADELPHIA, *March* 16.

The two following papers, read February 17, *before the* AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, *held at* Philadelphia, *for promoting Uſeful Knowledge, were committed to the two Secretaries acting for the night, to be immediately publiſhed, for the benefit of Farmers, and others, viz.*

On the METHOD of deſtroying WILD GARLIC.

To the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, *held at Philadelphia,* for promoting Uſeful Knowledge.

GENTLEMEN,

THE laudable deſign with which you ſeem actuated to promote the good of your country, and the earneſt deſire you have expreſſed in the public papers, to be informed of whatever may tend to that purpoſe, induce me to lay before you ſuch experiments as I have made, and found effectual to deſtroy *the wild garlic,* with which the country is in many places infeſted, and which is very pernicious to the grain. If what I offer, ſhall meet with your approbation, and be judged worthy the attention of the public, you are at liberty to communicate it, in ſuch a way as you ſhall think moſt proper. For my own part, I ſhall think myſelf happy, if my experience may, by your means, be made uſeful to my country.

In 1753 I fallowed and ſowed with wheat a field of about 50 acres, the greateſt part of which was very full of garlic. I fallowed in May, ſtirred in Auguſt, and ſowed in September. In April, 1754, I perceived the wheat much choaked with garlic, and at harveſt found, in many parts of the field, almoſt every tenth head was garlic, which rendered the wheat unfit for uſe, until by immerſing it in tubs of water, the garlic (which floats) was ſeparated from it. But though the wheat, if carefully dried, receives little injury from this immerſion, yet the trouble attending it is ſo great, as to diſcourage Farmers from raiſing large crops.

In April, 1755, I planted the ſame field with Indian corn, and had a good crop. In April, 1756, I ſowed the ſame field

with oats. In Auguſt I ploughed down the oat ſtubble, and in September ſowed a crop of wheat. In April, 1757, I was agreeably ſurprized at ſeeing but very little garlic, and that ſmall and dwindling; and at harveſt there was ſcarce a head to be found, except along the ſide of the fences. The ſucceſs of this culture, which was merely accident, and done without any view of deſtroying the garlic, induced me to try the following experiment.

In April, 1758, having fixed on a field for my next fall crop, which had produced Indian corn the year before, and was equally full of garlic with that I mentioned before, I ſowed part of it with oats, the other part I fallowed in June, and ſtirred in Auguſt, at which time I ploughed in the oat ſtubble as before, and ſowed the whole in September, cauſing the ſame ridges to paſs through part of the ſtubble, and part of the fallowed land. In April, 1759, there was a very perceivable difference. The ſtubble part was green with wheat, but the fallowed part was of a bluiſh colour, occaſioned by the quantity of garlic, and at harveſt was full of large heads, while in the ſtubble part there was not one to be found.

Since that I have continued to ſow oats in the garlicky lands, deſigned for wheat, and find I have ſucceeded ſo well in deſtroying the garlic, that after three years culture in that way, the lands may be fallowed and ſown with wheat in the uſual manner, without any danger from that noxious plant.

Several of my neighbours have purſued the ſame method, and find it anſwers. As the advantage of a crop of oats is more than equal to the difference between fallow and ſtubble ground wheat (where the land is tolerably good) I would recommend it to all who are troubled with garlic to make a trial. The only diſadvantage will be the impoveriſhing their lands, which, if they have manure, may be eaſily remedied. At the ſame time I would obſerve, that the ſtubble which is ploughed down, ſerves for a manure, and nearly repairs the waſte occaſioned by the crop of oats.

If it be aſked why oats deſtroy garlic, I muſt confeſs, I am unable to reſolve the queſtion. Perhaps ploughing the land in the month of April, when the greateſt part of the oil of the root or clove is in the ſhoot, and turning it under at that time, deſtroys the roots more effectually than at any other ſeaſon, and the mowing the oats, which is the method purſued by us, deſtroys the heads that would otherwiſe come to ſeed later in the year. Poſſibly the ſame tillage in the ſame ſeaſon, without ſowing oats, might anſwer the end propoſed. But having never made the experiment, I can ſay nothing certain on that head.

I am, &c. H. HOLLINGSWORTH.

Head of Elk, Nov. 20, 1768.

Extract of a letter from Mr. PETER MILLER, *of* Ephratah, *to Mr.* CHARLES THOMSON, *on the time of ſowing* PEASE, *ſo as to preſerve the crop from being worm-eaten.*

THE peaſe I ſend you the ſample of are the produce of laſt ſummer. Their ſeed was very much worm-eaten, but as the crop produced from them was no way infected, it is evident that their ſafety depended entirely on the time of ſowing; which is about the 10th of June, new ſtyle. This hath been confirmed to me by a Farmer here of a long experience.

"The beſt method would be to begin ſowing towards the latter end of May, and continue for a few weeks, ſowing ſome each week, or at the diſtance of 3 or 4 days, in order to diſcover whether the worm does not come from ſowing in an improper ſeaſon. Some Albany peaſe might likewiſe be tried as ſeed; all which I recommend to the prudent conſideration of your ſociety. For, if you could make any ſure diſcovery for the uſe of the country, the public would be greatly indebted to you.

"Peaſe were heretofore very plenty in Pennſylvania. I knew one Farmer in *Oley* raiſe ſixty buſhels at a crop, and I did not hear that they were damaged at that time by the worm. I muſt not forget to tell you, that, as the peaſe I have ſent you are of an excellent kind, and very ſcarce here, you will be careful to propagate their ſpecies. As to the *lentils* which are ſent, the time of ſowing them is early in the ſpring, and moſt commonly with oats."----

N. B. It is recommended to ſuch as ſhall make experiments of ſowing peaſe late, in order to have a crop free from the worm, that they would keep an account of the times of ſowing, and the effect thereof, in regard to their crops.

True copies from the Minutes,
CHARLES THOMSON, WILLIAM SMITH,
Secretaries of the night.

Princetown, March 9. Friday laſt, about 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, a Fire broke out in Naſſau Hall: But by the immediate and vigorous Aſſiſtance of the Students, and Inhabitants of the Village, it was extinguiſhed, without doing any conſiderable Damage. It did not appear to have been owing to the Heedleſſneſs of any Perſon whatever, but probably to a Spark, from the windward, dropping on the leeward Side of the Building, as it kindled in the Roof, where was no Communication with any of the Chambers.

On the 6th Inſtant were interred at Abington, Philadelphia County, the Remains of MARY KNIGHT, many Years a Preacher among the People called Quakers.--She was born near this City, and died, after a ſhort Illneſs, in the 88th Year of her Age.

On the 9th Inſtant died at Abington, THOMAS WOOD, a Preacher among the People called Quakers; a Gentleman of exemplary Piety and Virtue; aged 98 Years.

Captain Weeks, from Cadiz, on the 28th of laſt Month, in Lat. 32, Long. 72, ſpoke a Schooner, from South-Carolina for Antigua, out ſix Days, but paſſing her very faſt in the Night, he did not learn the Maſter's Name.

Captain Peters, from Liſbon, about 20 Days ago, in Lat. 30, Long. 65, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Stewart, from Jamaica for London, 5 Weeks out, all well.

Captain Hanſe, from Jamaica, on the 2d of February, about five Leagues from Port-Royal, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Giles, of Wilmington, bound to the Bay of Honduras; the Ship Speedwell, Captain Wilſon, of this Port, was then in Company with him, alſo bound to the Bay.

Laſt Friday Afternoon a Fire broke out in a wooden Tenement, in Front-ſtreet, which entirely conſumed the ſame, and greatly damaged another wooden Building adjoining. As the Flames were very rapid, and the Wind very high, ſeveral fine Dwelling-houſes adjoining would have been deſtroyed, had not the Inhabitants exerted themſelves in a very extraordinary Manner, by which Means they were preſerved.----There were two more Alarms the ſame Evening, occaſioned by Chimnies; and another on Sunday Morning, during Divine Service, but happily no Damage enſued. *Theſe Alarms, it is hoped, will caution the Inhabitants to be very careful of their Chimnies.*

On Saturday laſt the Tide in Delaware River was remarkably low, occaſioned by the hard North-weſt Winds; it is ſaid to have been at leaſt two Feet and an Half lower than common low Water Mark; and in the River Schuylkill, it was ſo low, that the Ferry Boats could not get to the faſt Land, on either Side, for ſome Time.

ARRIVALS from this Port.

Captain Caton, at Cadiz; Gregory, at Barcelona; Captain Steel (laſt from New-York) and Captains Francis and Cooper, at Jamaica.

Arrived at Jamaica. Captain Northam, from Rhode-Iſland; Vincent, Dotten, and Bartlett, from Boſton; Welſh, from New-York; and Captain Thompſon, from Virginia.

☞ The MEMBERS of the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, held at Philadelphia, for promoting Uſeful Knowledge, are to meet at the College To-morrow Evening, at Six o' Clock.

N. B. It will be the laſt Evening in which, by the Laws, any New Members can be propoſed for the quarterly Election that is to be on the Third Friday in April.

The Members of the CROWN AND BEAVER *Fire Company, at their laſt Meeting, unanimouſly agreed not to purchaſe any* LAMB, *nor ſuffer any to be conſumed in their Families, the preſent Seaſon.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia,* INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Eagle, J. Cochran, from Madeira. Brig Anne and Catherine, J. Cooper, Sardinia. Ship Rachel, J. Hanſe, Jamaica. Brig Two Friends, J. Peters, Liſbon. Sloop Sandwich. S. Coffin, Nantucket. Ship Cheſter, J. Wickes, from Cadiz.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Philadelphia, A. Lowell, for Piſcataqua. Brig Juliana, S. Nuttle, Liſbon. Brig Willing-Maid, William Shroudy, St. Croix. Ship Betſy, S. Hawke, Jamaica. Sloop Sandwich, S. Coffin, Nantucket. Sloop Phebe, W. Allen, St. Euſtatia. Schooner Lovely Laſs, D. Badger, for Maryland.

CLEARED. Ship White Oak, R. Caſſan, and Schooner Barbados Packet, W. Sutton, to Barbados. Brig Two Brothers, J. Duncan, Dublin. Brig Dolphin, E. Bingley, Ship Hayfield, W. Macky, Snow Betſy, W. Barber, Brig Nancy, T. Leech, and Brig Patty, R. Hardie, Liſbon. Brig Carpenter, T. Powell, Montſerrat. Brig Prince of Wales, T. Maſon, S. Carolina. Sloop Cape-Fear Packet, E. Hanſon, N. Carolina. Ship Molly, B. A. Alliſon, and Brig Charming Peggy, G. Conyngham, Antigua. Sloop Succeſs, J. Byrne, Virginia. Sloop Abigail, S. Thurſtan, to Rhode-Iſland.

To be ſold at public ſale, on Thurſday, the 23d of March, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Mrs. Cummings, on the Falls road,

A CERTAIN PLANTATION or tract of LAND, ſituate on the road leading from Wiſſahickon to Germantown road, commonly called Shute's road, containing about 22 acres, the greateſt part meadow ground, and a thriving orchard, having a wooden tenement and large barn erected thereon, adjoining lands of James Logan and others; now in the tenure of JOHN DEEL.

ALSO a certain lot of ground, ſituate on Manheim-ſtreet, in Germantown, containing about 13 acres; bounded eaſtward and weſtward by ground of Edward Shippen, Eſquire.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, on the 4th day of April next, at 2 o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, a certain meſſuage, plantation, and two tracts or parcels of land, lying contigueus to each other, thereunto belonging, containing in both the ſaid pieces 78 acres, and the uſual allowance of 6 acres per cent. be the ſame more or leſs, with the one moiety of a water corn griſt-mill, and its appurtenances thereunto belonging, ſituate in the townſhip of London-Grove, in Cheſter county; bounded by lands of John Henderſon ſenior, John Small, John Roſs, David Correy, James Whitcraft, and others; late the eſtate of John Henderſon junior; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by
JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Wedneſday, the 5th day of April next, at one o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, a certain meſſuage, tenement, plantation and tract or parcel of land, containing about 40 acres, more or leſs, ſituate in the townſhip of Weſt-Nottingham; bounded by lands of James Evans, Samuel Ewing, William Rowland, and others. Alſo will be ſold at the ſame time and place, a variety of houſhold furniture, horſes, cows, &c. and ſundry ſmiths tools; late the eſtate and effects of Martha M'Kee, and Victor Craig; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by
JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of writs of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on the 5th day of April next, at 2 o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract or parcel of land, thereunto belonging, containing 187 acres and a half, be it more or leſs, ſituate in the townſhip of Charleſtown, in the county of Cheſter; bounded by lands of William Graham, and George Martin, and the river Schuylkill; the land is good, a ſtone-houſe, and other buildings, with a young orchard thereon, and other improvements. At the ſame time and place will be ſold a crop of wheat in the ground, a waggon and horſes, cows and young cattle, ſwine, and a variety of houſhold furniture, and other things, too tedious to enumerate; all late the eſtate and effects of Bernard Vanborn; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by
JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of writs of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on the 6th day of April next, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract or parcel of good land, thereunto belonging, containing 255 acres, ſituate in Weſt Nantmell townſhip, in the county of Cheſter; bounded by lands of John Gilliland, Joſeph Long, Andrew Spence, and William Mackey; there is now a noted tavern kept on the premiſes, and its public ſituation near the Manor Meeting-houſe, where two roads croſs each other, makes it a place of good cuſtom, the buildings are a good ſquare log-houſe, a barn, and ſundry out-houſes, a choice orchard of 400 apple trees in their prime; about 25 acres of good watered meadow is on the premiſes, in good order, it may juſtly be ſaid to be a compleat farm, and a proper place for a tavern, late the eſtate of James M'Coſkry, ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by *JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.*

N. B. At the ſame time and place will be ſold horſes and cattle, wheat in the ground, and various houſhold furniture.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, on the 7th day of April next, at 2 o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, one full equal undivided moiety, in two equal parts to be divided, of and in a meſſuage and plantation, with 176 acres of land thereunto belonging, ſituate in the townſhip of Eaſt Bradford, in the ſaid county; bounded by lands of Benjamin Hawley, Michael Righter, John Baldwin, &c. The ſaid premiſes will be ſold ſubject to right and intereſt of the mother of George Jeffrys herein after named, during her natural life; late the eſtate of the ſaid George Jeffrys; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by
JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Cheſter, March 7, 1769.

THIS day was committed to my cuſtody, as a runaway ſervant, a man who calls himſelf JOHN MONDAY, and ſays he is a ſervant to John Read, of Upper Paxton, near Juniata, in Cumberland county. His maſter is deſired to come pay charges, and take him away, or he will be diſcharged in ſix weeks from the date hereof, according to law, by
† *JOSEPH THOMAS, Goaler.*

New-Caſtle, March 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 24th day of this inſtant March, at the houſe of William Lee, in New-Caſtle Hundred, a likely Negroe MAN, about 30 years of age, a young Negroe WENCH, and a likely young MARE, fit for the ſaddle; ſeized and taken in execution as the property of Daniel Turner, at the ſuit of Samuel Anderſon, and to be ſold for ready money, by
§ *JOHN THOMPSON, Sheriff.*

ON Saturday, the 25th day of March inſtant, at 11 o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, if not ſold before by private ſale, a leaſe of two years to come of a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract of land, containing about 120 acres, 80 acres whereof is good drained and upland meadow, ſituate on the iſland of Tinecum, in the county of Cheſter, on which Luke Nethermark, in his life time dwelt. Alſo at the ſame time will be ſold, a crop of wheat and rye in the ground, a quantity of hay, horſes, good milch cows, ſheep, implements of huſbandry, two good carts, a harrow, &c. Houſhold furniture, ſuch as a good eight day and 24 hour clock, feather beds and bedding, tables, chairs and ſundry other things, too tedious to mention; late the eſtate of Luke Nethermark, deceaſed, and to be ſold by MARGARET NETHERMARK, *Executrix, and* JOHN MORTON, *Executor.* ‡

N. B. Thoſe who have a mind to purchaſe the ſaid leaſe at private ſale, may apply to either the Executrix, or Executor, at their place of dwelling, any time before ſaid day.

A LUSTY SERVANT MAN, fit for town or country buſineſs, to be ſold by George Cooper, who has almoſt 3 years to ſerve, and ſold for no fault, but want of employ. Whoever wants ſuch a one, may enquire of the Printers hereof. ¶

Third Month 14th, 1769.

THE Creditors of JACOB COOK are hereby requeſted to bring in their Accounts to RICHARD PARKER, one of the Truſtees, in order to receive their Dividends.

To be LETT by the SUBSCRIBER,

HIS DWELLING-HOUSE, at the Corner of Second and Union-ſtreets, which may be entered on any Time in April next.

Alſo to be Lett, a ſmall Place on Paſſyunk Road, about three Quarters of a Mile from the City. There is on it a new Brick Houſe, two Rooms on a Floor, a Garden well fenced in with Cedar Boards, a Pump of good Water, and a large Barn. It is divided into four Lots; the whole in good Order, produces remarkably well, and the beſt Kinds of Graſs.

¶ CHARLES COXE.

Juſt opened, and to be ſold on the loweſt terms, for CASH or ſhort credit, by

RANDLE MITCHELL,

At his STORE in Water-ſtreet, near Walnut-ſtreet,

A GENERAL aſſortment of 3-qrs, 7-8ths, and yard wide Iriſh linens; Wilton cloths, ſaggathies, hardwares, checks, ſtriped cottons, crapes, dorſettees, calimancoes, and yard wide ſtuffs. A parcel of the beſt German ſcythes and cutting knives, with an aſſortment of other GOODS.

THE Subſcriber, in order that he may be enabled to continue riding, and further oblige his Employers, deſires that they would pay off their reſpective Subſcriptions by the 22d of this inſt. March, at the places where their News papers are delivered, otherwiſe he will be obliged to diſcontinue riding.

JOSEPH REED, Nottingham Meſſenger.

Will COVER this SEASON, The

BELLSIZE ARABIAN.

HE is a genuine Arab, of ſuperior form, full ſize, great ſtrength, and admirable beauty. This very elegant horſe has already been largely deſcribed in the News-Papers, ſince which his ſtock has ſhewn, that all that has been ſaid is unequal to his natural powers. He is a horſe of great vigour, and the certainty of his being a ſure foal-getter cannot be better proved than by the breeding ſtate of the mares he has covered.--There are now in and about this city ſuch large, boney and beautiful colts got by him as the continent cannot equal, which ſhews that he is fitted for mixing his blood with our country mares, to breed for the ſaddle or carriage, or with high blooded mares for the turf. As he was originally ſent over to improve the breed, to keep cloſe to this intention, ſo that the public may receive the advantage, he will now cover under the care of John Perkins, at the ſtables in Fifth-ſtreet, at Thirty Shillings a leap, or Three Pounds the ſeaſon, and in either caſe Five Shillings to the groom.

The ſaid PERKINS has procured good and ſecure paſtures for mares, at a moderate price per week.

York-Town, March 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, on Monday, the 10th of April next, at ten o' clock in the forenoon, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the premiſes, a griſt-mill, ſaw-mill, plantation, and tract of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, ſituate in Chanceford and Fawn townſhips, York county, adjoining lands of Thomas Greer, William Mackey, William Miller, John Buchanan, and Henry Robeſon; taken in execution as the eſtate of Samuel Leeper, and to be ſold by

¶ GEORGE EICHELBERGER, Sheriff.

York-Town, March 6, 1769.

BY virtue of ſundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, on Wedneſday, the 12th of April next, at ten o' clock in the forenoon, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the premiſes, two plantations, and tracts of land, contiguous to and adjoining each other, containing 700 acres; on one of which tracts is a tanyard, with all neceſſary buildings for that buſineſs, and a very good mill ſeat, with a never-failing ſtream of water; on each tract there is about 100 acres clear, with good buildings, and an orchard, about 50 acres of clear meadow made, and double that quantity may be made, the land very rich, and well timbered, and the meadow well watered, it is ſituate in Cumberland townſhip, York county, on the road from Bedford to Philadelphia and Baltimore, about 60 miles from the latter; and alſo a farm in the South Mountain, about 4 miles from the above, containing 200 acres, with a fine range for ſtock. The aforeſaid three tracts of land are ſurveyed, and a conſiderable part of the purchaſe money paid; they will be ſold either ſeparately, or all together, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer; all taken in execution, as the eſtate of Joſeph Morriſon, and to be ſold by

¶ GEORGE EICHELBERGER, Sheriff.

N. B. The two firſt mentioned tracts are under mortgage, for 600 l. and intereſt, for which the purchaſer may have any reaſonable time, paying intereſt.

To be SOLD by way of public VENDUE, on Monday, the 27th of this inſt. March, by the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes, in Warrington townſhip, Bucks county,

A LOT of LAND, containing about 20 acres, on which there is a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, 2 ſtories high, large and commodious, having 4 rooms on a floor, with 7 fire-places, beſides the kitchen; it has been a licenced tavern for many years; likewiſe a convenient ſtone ſhed, 50 feet long, with a good loft above, with a large barn, and ſtone ſtables; the whole in good repair; alſo a good garden, walled and boarded in, and a well at the door; likewiſe a good bearing orchard; the ſituation is pleaſant, and would ſuit for almoſt any kind of public buſineſs; it is two miles from Neſhaminey Meeting-houſe, and 22 from Philadelphia. Alſo will be ſold, at ſaid time, two other lots, adjoining the above, containing above 50 acres each, upon one of which there is a dwelling-houſe, coal-houſe, and ſmith's ſhop; the whole will be ſold together, or ſeparate, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer. The terms will be made eaſy. The titles are indiſputable. The vendue to be held on the premiſes, and to begin at ten o' clock ſaid day, where due attendance will be given by

JOHN CRAIG. ¶

To be SOLD, RENTED, or LETT on SHARES,

ALL the lands and mills belonging to the ſubſcriber, living in Uchland townſhip, Cheſter county, viz. the plantation he now lives on, of about 250 acres of land, 80 acres of meadow, and as much more may be made; one other adjoining the above of 200 acres, with about 10 acres of meadow; two good merchant mills on Brandywine, with two pair of ſtones in each; one other in Ridley townſhip, and one on Crumb Creek, within two miles of Cheſter, with a landing, about half a mile from the mill. Any of the above premiſes may be entered on immediately. JOSEPH PHIPPS. ¶

THE creditors of LEVALLIN BARRY, of Radnor, in Cheſter county, Innholder, are deſired to ſend their reſpective Accounts to Richard Miles, of Radnor, aforeſaid, before the 7th of April next; and thoſe whoſe Accounts are unſettled, are deſired to meet the ſubſcribers, at the ſign of the Unicorn, on that day, to ſettle the ſame, as the books of the ſaid Levallin Barry will immediately be put into the hands of a Magiſtrate, in order to ſue (without reſpect of perſons) all who appear to be indebted under Five Pounds. SAMUEL MILES, EDWARD JONES, SAMSON DAVIS, Aſſignees.

N. B. The Aſſignees have a ſervant girl's time to diſpoſe of, who has about four years to ſerve.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A FULLER, who underſtands fulling, dying, ſhearing, and preſſing of cloth, in all its branches; and one who can be well recommended for care and truſt. Such a perſon will meet with extraordinary encouragement, by applying to GEORGE BROWN, in Kennet townſhip, Cheſter county. A ſingle perſon will ſuit beſt, but there will be no Objection to one that has a family. ¶

JUNIPER,

IS now in excellent order, and will cover MARES at Jacob Hiltzheimer's, in Seventh-ſtreet, near Market-ſtreet, at Twelve Dollars a mare the ſeaſon, or Six Dollars a ſingle leap, and Five Shillings to the groom. He is a fine bay horſe, of ſize, ſtrength and beauty, very healthy, and free from any blemiſh whatſoever, was got by Babram, ſon of Lord Godolphin's Arabian, his dam, which won the four years old plate at Burford, from the famous Guſtavus, and 7 others, at 4 heats, by Stamford Turk; his grandam by a ſon of Fox, which was own brother to the famous gelding, called Conqueror; his great grandam by the Flying Childers; his great, great grandam, which was alſo the dam of the noted horſes Old Crab, Black Legs, Snip, &c. by Baſto; his great, great, great grandam, which was alſo the dam of Old Partner, and own ſiſter to Minburey, by the Curwin bay barb; his great, great, great, great grandam, by the Curwin Spot; his great, great, great, great, great grandam, by the white legged Lowther barb; his great, great, great, great, great, great grandam, was the famous Vintner mare. JUNIPER, after winning 15 plates in different parts of England, from the beſt horſes in the kingdom, ſtarted for the Jockey Club plate, on the 1ſt of May, 1760, and won it, beating Mr. Panton's famous horſe Feather, and Lord Rockingham's Remus, ſince came to Virginia to Col. Syme, who ſold him for 1000 l. Virginia currency.

Likewiſe, to cover at the ſame place, the fine horſe, called WHITE NOSE, bred in New-England, at Four Dollars a mare the ſeaſon, or Two Dollars a ſingle leap, and Two Shillings and Sixpence to the groom; he is a horſe of 15 hands high, and upwards, and more likely to get good ſaddle horſes than any other horſe in the province. The money, for both horſes, to be paid before the mares are taken out of the ſtable.

N. B. Thoſe mares that did not prove with foal by Juniper, the laſt ſeaſon, may have this ſeaſon for Six Dollars.

Tbc. 4 M. JACOB HILTZHEIMER.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the Firſt Day of April next, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Eaſt Caln, in the County of Cheſter, containing 168 Acres, with the uſual Allowance for Roads; there are on the Premiſes, two good Dwelling-Houſes, and a good Barn, a good Orchard, and a conſiderable Quantity of Meadow, and more may be made; it is ſituate on a large Road, leading from Philadelphia to Harris's Ferry, about 60 Acres of cleared Land, the Remainder well timbered. The Purchaſer, paying 100 l. down, may have conſiderable Credit for the Remainder. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may know the Terms, before the Day of Sale, by applying to the Subſcriber, on the Premiſes, JAMES HICKEY. †

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Whitpain townſhip, Philadelphia county, bounded on Skippack road, 2 miles above Samuel Morris's mills, and 15 from Philadelphia, containing 200 acres of land, 120 cleared, the reſt woodland; the plough land is good for winter or ſpring grain, ſome of the ground being freſh, and ſome well limed, it being but two miles from the kiln, good watered meadow, and more may be watered, with a ſtream of water running through the place, large enough for a fulling-mill. There are upwards of 200 loads of dung now at the barn, which has been reſerved for the meadows; alſo ſome rich bottom, that produces a great quantity of graſs; there is hay, yearly, to maintain ten cows, and four horſes, a good bearing orchard, a large two ſtory ſtone houſe, 4 rooms on a floor, and a good cellar, a pump of good water at the door, a large new barn, 57 by 25 feet, one half ſtone, a good ſpring, and a new ſtone houſe over it, near the door, and fences in good repair; it is a healthy and pleaſant ſituation; the title indiſputable, and will be ſold on reaſonable terms, either together, or 140 acres, with the buidling and meadows, or as would beſt ſuit the purchaſer. For terms of ſale, apply on the premiſes, to

¶ CALEB BYRNES.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber, living in Briſtol Townſhip, Bucks County,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, ſituate in the ſaid townſhip, within one mile of Briſtol wharff, containing 207 acres, 65 of which is cleared, 9 thereof good meadow, and 20 acres more may be made; the upland remarkably good for wheat; the remainder chiefly woodland, with ſome valuable timber thereon. And if the ſame ſhould not be ſold at private ſale before the 30th day of this inſt. March, on that day it will be ſold by public vendue, at my houſe in Briſtol townſhip aforeſaid, adjoining the premiſes. At the ſame time will be ſold, horſes, cows, ſwine, waggons, carts, plows, harrows, and gears, caſes of drawers, and ſundry other articles of houſhold furniture, too tedious to mention. The terms of the vendue will be made known at the time of ſale; before which time, any perſon may be ſhewn the premiſes, by applying to

¶ DANIEL THOMPSON.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Upper Paxton townſhip, Lancaſter county, on Monday, the 27th of February laſt, a native Iriſh ſervant man, named John Monday, ſpeaks very much on the brogue, appears very ſimple, both in his deportment and converſation; he is about 5 feet 4 inches high, of a fair complexion, brown hair, hanging down, but may probably cut it off, as he took with him a tye wig, made of his own hair; he had on, when he went away, a blue broadcloth coat, jacket and breeches, home made brown ſtockings, and half worn ſhoes, with ſmall ſteel buckles. Whoever ſecures ſaid runaway in any of his Majeſty's goals, if taken in this province, ſhall receive Forty Shillings reward, or if taken out of the province Three Pounds, or brings him home to his maſter, at Read's ferry, on Saſquehanna, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me JOHN READ.

N. B. It is ſuppoſed he is gone down to Lancaſter, or to Philadelphia, in order to enliſt himſelf in his Majeſty's ſervice. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. §

WHEREAS there are ſundry lots of land in the borough of Wilmington, and county of New-Caſtle, that have been leaſed out to ſundry perſons on groundrent, by the Swedes Congregation of Trinity Church, in the borough and county aforeſaid, and thoſe perſons have neglected to pay up the groundrents for many years paſt: This is therefore to give notice to all ſuch perſons that do ſtand in arrears, that if they do not pay or diſcharge the ſame, before the fifth day of April next, they will be ſold on ſaid day, according to an act of aſſembly of this government provided, in order to diſcharge the ſame. Attendance will be given that day, at the houſe of William Marſhall, in Wilmington, from the hours of ten o' clock to five, in order to receive the groundrents, that at that time ſhall become due, by us NEILS JUSTIS, and JUSTA WALRAVEN, Truſtees. ¶

RUN away from his bail, in Uwchland townſhip, Cheſter county, on the 7th of this inſt. March, one John Benſon, this country born, a blackſmith by trade, with ſhort black hair, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, 24 years of age, has a ſcar above his right eye; had on, when he went away, a blanket coat, old felt hat, new buckſkin breeches, new leather apron, much given to drink; it is likely he may change his clothes for money. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid John Benſon, in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, if taken within this province; and if taken out of the province, FIVE POUNDS, with reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ WILLIAM MELCHIOR.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable plantation, or tract of land, ſituate in the county of Salem, and province of Weſt New-Jerſey, near the town of Salem aforeſaid, containing about 600 acres, with good buildings, orchards, and every other thing neceſſary for grazing and tilling. For further particulars enquire of SAMUEL OAKFORD, on the premiſes; JOSEPH HART, at Port Penn; WILLIAM HEWLINGS, Eſq; in Burlington; or JOHN HART, in Philadelphia.

N. B. Any time, not exceeding ſeven years, will be given for the payment of the purchaſe Money, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity, if required. Tbctf.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED, or ſtolen away, from the ſubſcriber, living at the Head of Elk, in Cæcil county, Maryland, on Sunday, the 19th of February laſt, a light iron-grey HORSE (or rather may be called a muddy grey) 6 or 7 years old this ſpring, near 15 hands high, paces, trots and gallops, branded on the near ſhoulder W, and on the near buttock B, he is a waggon horſe, and the hair is chafed on each ſide of his body, with the chains, he has a large white ratch down his face, and when he went away, was ſhod all round. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and ſecures him, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges if brought home; and if ſtolen, whoever apprehends the thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have Three Pounds more.

† TOBIAS RUDULPH.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, about the 16th of November laſt, a ſervant man, named JAMES DAVENPORT, about 30 years of Age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, a dark complexion, hollow eyes, long black hair, tied behind; had on, when he went away, a good caſtor hat, a grey lappelled coat, a blue waiſtcoat, buckſkin breeches, old ſhoes, and pinchbeck buckles; alſo took with him, a claret coloured coat and waiſtcoat, and a red ſilk waiſtcoat; he ſays, he was born in London, and has been 11 years in the ſervice, and got his diſcharge in Cork, in Ireland; he is a very good ſcholar, and has taught ſchool two years and a half in Sadſbury townſhip, Cheſter county, and took with him a certificate, ſigned by ſeveral of his employers. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, in any goal, or brings him to the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhip aforeſaid, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me

¶ 6 W. JAMES BOYD.

To be SOLD by JAMES DER KINDEREN,

in STRAWBERRY ALLEY,

GOOD Fall Mackarel; Oil by the Barrel; Melaſſes by the Hogſhead; and choice good Tea by the Dozen, at a low Price. Alſo a Riding Chair, &c. &c. &c. ¶

Germantown, March 1, 1769.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE, on Monday, the 8th day of May next, on the premiſes,

ONE of the pleaſanteſt ſituated tracts or lots of land, of 125 feet front, on the main ſtreet, in the middle of Germantown, containing between two and three acres of land, with a large two ſtory ſtone meſſuage, of 40 feet long, a large ſtone kitchen, a good pump, a curious, well improved, large garden, a thriving orchard, of a great variety of apple, pear, plumb, apricot, Engliſh walnut, and other curious fruit trees, with many other valuable improvements, and conveniencies, on the ſame. The whole is very well adapted for a country ſeat, or a tavern (or a ſhop, as is there now kept) or any other public buſineſs. Sundry other lots, fit for graſs land (now in corn) &c. will be ſold the ſame day. The purchaſer may (on giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt) have ſeveral years time to pay the greateſt part of the purchaſe money, if deſired. This early notice of ſaid ſale is given, on purpoſe that any perſon, living at a diſtance, willing to ſuit himſelf with a place, ſo well adapted to carry on any buſineſs to advantage, may alſo have timely notice. The ſaid ſale is to begin at two o' clock in the afternoon on the ſaid day. Further information may be had, on ſaid place, of the owner, CHRISTIAN LEHMAN.

N. B. Said Chriſtian Lehman hath alſo a great variety of curious fruit trees for ſale, ſuch as Engliſh Walnut, pear, plumb, neſtarines, apricot, &c. &c. &c. ‖ 6 W.

TO BE LETT,

A GOOD commodious BRICK HOUSE, with a good convenient kitchen adjoining the ſame; there is a well of good water, an orchard of good apple trees, and many other improvements thereon; it is ſituated on Paſſyunk road, about half a mile from the city, and has long been a noted tavern, and much frequented; it is commonly known by the name of the Horſe and Dray tavern. For further particulars, enquire of DANIEL DUPUY, Goldſmith, in Second-ſtreet, below the Friend's Meeting-houſe, where he continues to ſell all kinds of gold and ſilver work.

*** And at the ſame place are made and mended, all kinds of clocks and watches, in the neateſt and moſt reaſonable manner, by JOHN DUPUY. †

To be SOLD,

TWO new and well built BANK HOUSES, in this City, each 22 Feet Front, and 44 Feet deep; bounded Northward by Samuel Sanſom, junior, and Southward on an 8 Feet public Alley, next the City Vendue Store, are nearly oppoſite to Judah Foulke's, in Front-ſtreet, and Thomas Riche or Thomas Clifford's, in Water-ſtreet, being about Mid-way from Market to Arch-ſtreet, and a very good Stand for the Dry Goods Buſineſs, or any other Trade. The Houſes are three Stories and a Half in Water-ſtreet, having very large dry lower Stores for Caſk Goods; alſo next above, large and convenient Dry Goods Stores, neatly ſhelved; they have good Vaults in Front-ſtreet, and altho' appearing there only one Story, yet will, on Examination, be found roomly and commodious for any middling Family. For further Particulars, pleaſe to enquire of the Subſcribers, who will ſhew the Premiſes to any Perſons inclined to purchaſe,

4 W. KEARNY and GILBET.

All Perſons indebted to Kearny and Gilbert, are earneſtly requeſted to make ſpeedy Payment. They have for Sale, lately imported, choice Briſtol Beer, and Taunton Ale; a compleat Sett of Rigging, with Cables ſuitable for a Brig of about 140 Tons; Crates of Apothecary's Phials, Ditto of Wine Glaſſes and Tumblers ſorted, Ditto of Stone Tea Ware, Ditto of Gallon, Half Gallon and Quart Bottles; Cart and Waggon Boxes; Iron Pots ſorted, from one to ten Gallons; Pewter; Tin-plates; Nails; Crowley's Steel; Weare and Company's beſt Scotch Snuff; Bird or Canary-ſeed by the Buſhel; fine Table Salt in four Buſhel Bags; and a Variety of Dry Goods.

ROBERT BASS, APOTHECARY,

In Market-ſtreet, continues to ſell, on the eaſieſt terms,

NEAT and genuine DRUGS, of the laſt Fall's importation; all the valuable kinds of patent medicines, with many articles but very lately received from the Weſt Indies, and divers parts of the American continent.

MEDICINES, as preſcribed and directed by the London College of Phyſicians, prepared as uſual.

By the firſt ſpring ſhips he will have a freſh ſupply of the beſt London capital drugs, which he will punctually ſell at no more than accuſtomed price during the Summer.

Philadelphia, Land-Office, February 25, 1769.

THE LAND-OFFICE will be opened on the third day of April next, at ten o'clock in the morning, to receive applications from all perſons inclinable to take up lands in the new purchaſe, upon the terms of Five Pounds Sterling per hundred acres, and One Penny Sterling per acre per annum quit-rent. No perſon will be allowed to take up more than 300 acres, without the ſpecial licence of the Proprietaries or the Governor. The ſurveys upon all applications are to be made and returned within 6 months, and the whole purchaſe money paid at one payment, and patent taken out within 12 months from the date of the application, with intereſt, and quit-rent from 6 months after the application. If there be a failure on the ſide of the party applying, in either procuring his ſurvey, and return to be made, or in paying the purchaſe money, and obtaining the patent, the application and ſurvey will be utterly void, and the Proprietaries will be at liberty to diſpoſe of the land to any other perſon whatever. And as theſe terms will be ſtrictly adhered to by the Proprietaries, all perſons are hereby warned and cautioned, not to apply for more land than they will be able to pay for in the time hereby given for that purpoſe.

By Order of the Governor,

JAMES TILGHMAN, Secretary of the Land-Office.

N. B. So long a day is fixed, to give the back inhabitants time to repair to the office.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale on Saturday, the 18th of March, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon at the houſe of John Schrack, in Providence townſhip, a certain plantation or tract of land, ſituate in Providence townſhip aforeſaid, about 26 miles from Philadelphia, containing about 100 acres, about 40 acres clear, the remainder wood land, about 7 acres meadow ground, with a never failing ſpring, having a wooden waſh-houſe erected thereon, about 7 acres orchard, with bearing trees, moſtly grafted, and two kitchen gardens, near the houſe, bounded by lands of the Lutheran Church and School-houſe, and lands of Peter and Ludwick Harpel, and Andrew Miller; having erected thereon a good two ſtory ſtone meſſuage, with a convenient cellar under the ſame, and a well of good water in the cellar. Alſo a ſtone building annexed to the meſſuage, with a fire place therein, and a large ſtone barn and ſtables.

Likewiſe a wooden tenement, with two rooms and a cellar thereunder, with ſtables, and a kitchen garden thereto allotted, ſuitable for a tradeſman or tenant of the place; late the eſtate of Frederick Martin; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, *Sheriff.*

N. B. The purchaſer paying down 200 l. of the purchaſe money, may have credit for the remainder, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity for the ſame.

TO be SOLD at public vendue, to the higheſt bidder, at Queen's Town, in Queen Ann's county, on Wedneſday, the 29th of March inſt. about 600 acres of land, more or leſs, ſituate on both ſides of the river Choptank, about 5 miles above the Bridge, being part of a tract called Codſhead Manor, is well ſuited for tillage, and convenient for three ſettlements, with a parcel of rich low ground, fit for meadows to each. The land is near a church, a mill, and a landing place, and does not exceed 14 miles to a landing on the river Delaware. The title is good. Six months credit will be given for the purchaſe money, the purchaſer giving bond, with ſecurity, to the ſubſcriber, who will attend the ſale. In the mean time apply to JOHN FISHER, *in Queen Ann's county, or* BENJAMIN KENDALL, *in Philadelphia.* §

To be SOLD at public vendue, on Thurſday, the 6th of April,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, containing about 2000 acres, lying in Faquier county, in Virginia, well wooded and watered; the ſaid land lays within half a mile of the main road from Dumfries to Wincheſter, and 3 miles to the weſtward of the Bull Run Mountain, on a branch of Gooſe Creek, near one fourth part of this land may be made exceeding good meadow. The ſale will begin at 12 o'clock, at the houſe of Mr. John Sciers, who lives within half a mile of the land, and will ſhew it to any perſon who wants to view the premiſes, which will be parcelled out or ſold together, as may be agreed on at the day of ſale. Time will be given for payment on bond, with ſecurity, if required. JUDSON COOLIDGE.

Aquia, in Virginia, Dec. 10, 1768.

TO be ſold, on Tueſday, the 4th day of April next, the valuable tract of land, known by the name of BRENTON, containing 8000 acres, lying in Prince William county, and within 18 miles of Colcheſter, 14 of Dumfries, and 25 of Falmouth. This land is remarkable for being level, of a rich ſoil throughout the tract, and well timbered and watered, has many valuable improvements on it, and pays no quitrents. The ſale will begin preciſely at 12 o'clock, at the houſe of SCARLET MADDEN, on the premiſes, and the land ſold either in lots, or the whole, as ſhall be agreed upon on the day of ſale, as well as the terms for payment. ROBERT BRENT, WILLIAM BRENT, DANIEL CARROLL, HENRY ROZER. Tbc.

To be LETT, by the SUBSCRIBER, and may be entered on next March,

THAT exceedingly valuable and commodious plantation, whereon he now dwells, in Brandywine Hundred, New-Caſtle county, about one mile from Wilmington, and about half a mile from three convenient mills, containing about 300 acres, whereof about 50 acres is drained marſh, well embanked and improved; and about 40 acres of the upland is now very good mowable meadow, and the whole extreamly natural to graſs, and anſwers well for grain; there is a large and convenient brick dwelling-houſe thereon, two ſtories high, having four rooms on a floor, with fire places in each, beſides a large brick kitchen; there is alſo a large frame barn, with ſtables and cow-houſe adjoining, a large ſpring-houſe, granary and chair-houſe, a large and rich garden, a large young orchard of beſt grafted fruit, and a remarkable large orchard of fineſt peach trees; the whole being in good repair. For terms apply to the owner,

T. b. c. JONATHAN HULINGS.

GEORGE WILLIAMSON,

From Ireland, but laſt from London, hereby informs the public,

THAT he has, at a great expence, furniſhed himſelf with all neceſſary utenſils and conveniences for dreſſing of flax and hemp, according to the moſt approved method uſed in the linen manufactories in Europe, and has for ſale, at his ſtore in Market-ſtreet, five doors above the Coffee-houſe, a great variety of dreſſed flax, and ſhoe hemp. And as this kind of manufactory is become not only the grand intereſt of this province, but of importance to almoſt every particular family in it, he hopes his endeavours, which ſo evidently tend to the public utility, will meet with general encouragement by all who are diſpoſed to introduce a manufacture ſo neceſſary as is that of linen, all of whom may depend on being ſupplied with flax and hemp of the beſt quality, and dreſſed to as great perfection as any in the old countries. Alſo tow of every quality, and undreſſed flax, may be bought at the loweſt prices, at the ſame place. Tbc.

To be LETT or SOLD,

A GRIST MILL, on Pennypack creek, in the Manor of Moreland, about 14 miles from Philadelphia; the mill is in good repair, with two pair of ſtones, two bolting mills, and hoiſting works, all going by water, a large ſtone mill-houſe, and a ſtone dwelling-houſe and plantation of 100 acres of land, or any leſs quantity, as may beſt ſuit the perſon renting or buying the ſame. Any perſon inclining to view the premiſes, and know the terms, may apply to the ſubſcriber, living in Abington townſhip, Philadelphia county. JOSHUA MORRIS. 5s. tbc

---

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

March 23, 1769. NUMB. 2100.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

LEGHORN, December 16.

THEY write from Corſica, that two Engliſh Noblemen who came there, after having ſpoken with General Paoli, returned to Italy in a ſhip under French colours. The Corſicans have taken into their pay 5000 regular troops, in order to enable them to oppoſe the 40 battalions of French troops that are to go to Corſica in the ſpring. Notwithſtanding theſe reinforcements, the Corſicans are more than ever determined to ſpend the laſt drop of their blood in defence of their liberty.

Boſtia, Dec. 4. A few days ago arrived here in a French ſhip many foreign workmen, with utenſils to erect barracks for the French troops in this iſland. The Corſican affairs bear the appearance of regaining a very favourable poſition, as the remonſtrances of many foreign powers to the Court of France, have had a good effect.

Leghorn, Dec. 13. According to the laſt advices from the iſland of Corſica, every thing there is in a ſtate of profound peace; but no exchange of priſoners has yet been made. General Paoli continues to take every meaſure that can enable him to reſiſt the attacks which the French may make in the ſpring.

From the Frontiers of Poland, Dec. 22. They write from Warſaw, that Prince Repnin received a courier the day before yeſterday, with advice, that Major Drewitz, with 300 men, having purſued Prince Sulkowſki, who commanded 1000, had obliged him to fly towards Sileſia, where he fell into the hands of the Pruſſians, to whom he ſurrendered priſoner of war, with 600 of his men; who have moſt of them enliſted into the ſervice of the King of Pruſſia.

LONDON.

Jan. 10. The Friends Goodwill, Lott, from North-Carolina to London, is put into Cambletown in diſtreſs, having loſt all her ſails, and all the people, excepting the maſter and two men, the reſt being waſhed overboard in bad weather.

A young couple went to a church in Wiltſhire on Monday laſt to be married; but the parſon not coming till above an hour after the appointed time, the young lady changed her mind, and would not be married; on which the lover, who is an attorney, has brought his action againſt the parſon, for the loſs of his wife and fortune.

A letter from Warſaw, dated Dec. 21, ſays, "It is aſſured that Prince Repnin has formerly declared at Court, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia is reſolved, not only to fulfil the engagements ſhe has entered into for maintaining the new conſtitutions of the Republic, but likewiſe to take the neceſſary ſteps for the perfect ſecurity of the King, as well as for this city, and for all the Magnates, who chuſe to reſide here during the war."

Extract of a Letter from Stockholm, Dec. 20.

"Some difference having ariſen between the Senate and the College of the Chamber, the Senate had reſolved on the eſtabliſhment of an extraordinary tribunal to take cognizance of, and to decide them. Of which the King being informed, he went to the Senate on the 12th of this month, declared his diſapprobation of that meaſure, propoſed the holding an Aſſembly of the States, and cauſed a writing to be entered in the Regiſters of the Senate in his preſence, at the end of which his Majeſty declared, that if the College continued to oppoſe the Convention of the States, he would abdicate the Crown.

"As ſoon as the King had retired, the Senate took into conſideration his Majeſty's declaration. At the cloſe of their deliberations, the Senators Frieſendorff, and de Ribbing, went to Court, and earneſtly prayed the King that he would deſiſt from his demand; but his Majeſty declared he would not, and deſired that the Senate might give him a categorical anſwer. An hour after, ſix other Senators went and intreated the King to grant the Senate a delay of four days. His Majeſty then loſing all patience, told them, that he conſidered their requeſt of a delay, as a refuſal; that he renounced the Government till the States ſhould be aſſembled; that he forbad the diſpatching the leaſt buſineſs in his name; and that he inſiſted the Seals ſhould be delivered to him.

"The next day the King ſent the Prince Royal to the reſpective Colleges, there to read the following declaration:---- 'We 'order by theſe preſents our dear ſon, the Prince Royal, to notify 'to the Colleges of the State, that judging it neceſſary to con'voke the States of the kingdom, we have preſumed that the 'Senate would have conſented thereto this day, which not be'ing done, we can conſider this ſilence only as a refuſal; con'ſequently, we find ourſelves under the neceſſity of abdicating 'the Regency, until the ſaid States ſhall be convoked.

'*Done at Stockholm, Dec.* 13, 1768.

(Signed) ADOLPHUS FREDERICK.'

"The Prince went firſt to the College of the Chancery, and afterwards to ſome others, where he read the above order; and demanded the Seals in the firſt-mentioned College, but the keeper of them being abſent, the requeſt of his Royal Highneſs could not be complied with. However, the Prince ſignified to the Members of that College, that they ſhould be reſponſible to his Majeſty and the States, if they continued to make uſe of them.

"In about three hours after, affairs took a happy turn, the King reſumed the Crown and the Sceptre, and the Aſſembly of the Dyet is fixed for the 17th of March."

Letters from Leghorn ſay, that General Paoli had lately received a conſiderable ſum of money, which it was reported his Agents had ſucceſsfully negociated in a certain ſtate, to enable the Corſicans to carry on the war vigorouſly againſt France.

It is imagined that the example of the Freeholders of the county of Middleſex, who are to meet on Thurſday next, in order to conſider of proper inſtructions to be given by them to their Repreſentatives in Parliament, will be followed by the Electors of many other counties and boroughs.

Jan. 14. At a very numerous and reſpectable meeting of the Freeholders of the county of Middleſex, held yeſterday at the Mile-End Aſſembly-room, the following inſtructions were unanimouſly agreed to, and directed to be tranſmitted to the Knights of the Shire.

To JOHN WILKES, *Eſq; and* JOHN GLYNN, *Eſq; Knights of the Shire for the County of Middleſex.*

"GENTLEMEN,

"We the Freeholders of the county of Middleſex, direct and inſtruct you our Repreſentatives in Parliament,

"1. To endeavour to continue to us, and to confirm our old conſtitutional, and only rightful trial---by Jury.

"2. To promote a ſtrict parliamentary inquiry into the military in St. George's-fields, on Tueſday, the 10th of May laſt.

"3. To promote a like inquiry into the riot and murders committed at Brentford, on the 8th of December laſt.

"4. To examine into the adminiſtration of juſtice in this county; particularly into the preſent ſtate of the Commiſſion of the Peace.

"5. And, as far as in your power, to promote an inquiry into the rights of the public to the territorial revenue ariſing from the conqueſts in India."

John Sawbridge, Eſq; Member of Parliament for Hithe, in Kent, was, by the general voice, placed in the chair.

The inſtructions relating to the trial by jury, was moved by the Rev. Mr. Horne.

The three inſtructions relative to inquiries into the tranſactions of St. George's-fields, the riot at Brentford, and the Commiſſion of the Peace, were moved by James Adair, Eſq; And,

The inquiry relative to the territorial revenue of the conqueſts in India, was propoſed by Benjamin Hayes, Eſquire.

The three Gentlemen above mentioned were appointed to convey theſe inſtructions to the Knights of the Shire, and deſired to repeat to them the reaſons (as well thoſe advanced by themſelves as by others in the courſe of the debate) and the motives which induced the county to form ſuch inſtructions at preſent.

We hear that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland will ſail again for the Mediterranean early in the ſpring, in the Venus frigate, of which his Royal Highneſs is Commander; and the ſeveral men of war deſtined for that nation, and fitting out for ſea.

The poſtſcript of a letter from an Engliſh Gentleman in Paris ſays, "It is the admiration of all thoſe, who dare conjecture on government affairs here, what the court can mean by ſending ſuch a paltry force againſt Corſica. They account for it only on two principles, that they either do it to cover ſome deep-laid deſign (or, to uſe their own phraſe, to amuſe) or elſe they have ſtumbled upon that wretched ſyſtem of politics we adopted the beginning of the laſt war in regard to America; which gave riſe to that juſt remark, made by the then celebrated Mr. Pitt,----- That the conduct of the Miniſtry put him in mind of Dolly's Chop-houſe---where you were ſerved chop after chop, for the benefit to eat them hot.

Soon after an Engliſh Nobleman, of very great fortune, arrived at Rome, his Holineſs the Pope ſent him a congratulatory compliment in a letter of his own hand-writing, aſſuring his Lordſhip, that during his reſidence there, he ſhould receive the ſame marks of diſtinction, as ſhould be paid to any German Prince.

It is ſaid an Officer refuſed drawing the other day on a challenge, alledging that he bought in to live quietly, and not to fight privately or publicly, otherwiſe he ſhould not have paid ſuch a large price for his commiſſion.

We hear, a hundred gentlemen have actually entered into a ſubſcription of twelve guineas each, to be renewed annually, for the benefit of a certain patriot.

It is reported, as a fact, that in the Weſt-India Iſlands, and a part of America, the ſum of 9000 l. has been raiſed by ſubſcription, as a preſent to Mr. Wilkes, "to enable him the better to preſerve his patriotiſm and independency."

The following is the Concluſion of the Declaration which the King of Sweden made to the Senate on the 12th ult. when he abdicated the Crown.

"To the right of the nation to tax itſelf, I would have the greateſt attention paid, becauſe I am engaged by oath to let my ſubjects enjoy their liberties and privileges without any reſtriction.

"Nevertheleſs, I pretend not to render the States culpable of that impoſition [the lowering the courſe of exchange to 42 marks, a tax fixed by law, as mentioned, in our laſt] equally imprudent, and contrary to the laws; but from whatever cauſe it may have ariſen, the right of the nation requires that it ſhould judge for itſelf, whether it would accept the tax; that is to ſay, the States alone being veſted with power as to this point, ought to be convoked. Conſequently I inſiſt again, that they aſſemble as ſoon as poſſible.

"If it will happen, that contrary to my expectation they oppoſe my will, I am obliged to declare to them, in ſuch a caſe, that I diſcharge myſelf of the weight of government, which is become quite inſupportable to me by the grievous affliction which the unhappy ſituation of the neceſſitous occaſions me, and the daily exhauſting of the ſtrength of the kingdom, reſerving to myſelf, when the States, my faithful Counſellors, ſhall aſſemble on my account, to acquaint them further with all the reaſons which have induced me not to concern myſelf, 'til that time, with the government of the kingdom. I alſo ſeriouſly forbid my name being made uſe of during this inverval, in any concluſion of the Chamber of Council.

(Signed) ADOLPHUS FREDERICK."

By letters from Stockholm, dated the 29th ult. every thing was very quiet in that Capital; but that ſome of the great Officers had reſigned their poſts.

Letters from Warſaw of Dec. 21, adviſe, that the troubles which lately deſolated Great Poland, are diminiſhed ſince the Pruſſian troops have patrolled there.

We hear that Commodore Palliſer will ſoon be appointed to the Command of his Majeſty's ſquadron in the Mediterranean.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

At the late Dwelling-Houſe of JOHN MALCOLM, in Second-ſtreet, near the South Sugar-Houſe,

SUNDRY HOHSHOLD FURNITURE, PLATE, &c. The Sale to begin at 10 o' Clock, on Thurſday, the 6th of April next.

Philadelphia, March 18, 1769.

STRAYED away, from the commons of this city, on the 7th of this inſtant, a dark bay HORSE, about 12 years old, 13 hands high, branded on the near buttock R, has ſeveral white ſpots on his back, ſhod all round, a large buſhy tail, and a natural pacer. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid horſe, ſo that the Subſcriber may have him again, ſhall receive TWO DOLLARS reward, paid by SEYMOUR HART. ‖

TO BE SOLD,

AN Engliſh Servant LAD's Time, who has ſix Years to ſerve, fit for Town or Country Buſineſs. Enquire of BENJAMIN RAWLE, next Door to the Old Ferry Houſe, in Water-ſtreet. ¶

PROPOSALS for printing by SUBSCRIPTION, In Two Volumes Octavo,

SERMONS, on Uſeful and Important SUBJECTS. By the Reverend SAMUEL DAVIES, A. M. late Preſident of the College in Princetown, New-Jerſey. SUBSCRIBERS are deſired to ſend in their Names to either of the following Perſons. The Rev. Doctor John Witherſpoon, in Princetown; the Rev. Alexander M'Whorter, in Newark, New-Jerſey; the Rev. John Rodgers, the Rev. Joſeph Treat, Mr. Garrat Noel, Bookſeller, in New-York; the Rev. Samuel Blair, in Boſton; the Rev. Mr. Sprout, Daniel Roberdeau, Merchant, Meſſieurs William and Thomas Bradford, and Meſſieurs Hall and Sellers, Printers, in Philadelphia; the Rev. Robert Smith, in Pequea; the Rev. George Duffield, in Carliſle; the Rev. Elihu Spencer, in St. George's; the Rev. Jacob Ker, in Somerſet County, Maryland; Mr. William Holt, Merchant, in Williamſburg, Virginia; Captain Craighead, in New-Caſtle, Hanover County, Virginia; Mr. David Smith, in Weſt-Nottingham; and Mr. Joſiah Smith, in Charles-Town, South-Carolina.

CONDITIONS. I. The Volumes, each containing 400 Pages, to be printed on a good Paper, and a neat Type. II. The Price to Subſcribers to be each Volume a Spaniſh milled Dollar; half of the Price to be paid at the Time of ſubſcribing, and half at the Delivery of the Volumes, ſewed in blue Covers; Such as ſubſcribe for ſix Setts, to be entitled to a Seventh gratis.

*** *A Number of Sermons of the firſt Edition of the Reverend* SAMUEL DAVIES's *Works, printed in London, were duly ſent from thence for Subſcribers in the ſeveral Colonies in America, but through ſome Miſtake the Allotment deſigned for Pennſylvania was ſent to New-York, whereby Subſcribers in this Province have been much diſappointed, but they may be now furniſhed with a few Copies, by applying to* DANIEL ROBERDEAU, *in Third-ſtreet, betwixt Arch and Race-ſtreets, Philadelphia.*

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Thurſday, the 6th of April next, at 9 o' clock in the morning, at the houſe of Meſſieurs Orr, Dunlope and Glenholme, on Mr. Fiſhburn's wharff, and oppoſite Mr. Reeſe Meredith's,

ALL ſaid Orr, Dunlope, and Glenholme's houſhold furniture, conſiſting of feather beds, mahogany chairs and tables, a mahogany deſk and book-caſe, looking glaſſes, pictures, carpets, andirons, and a variety of other houſe and kitchen furniture, too tedious to mention.-----A parcel of very choice Engliſh rigging, and 3 machines for cleaning of flaxſeed, in compleat order; alſo a very likely negroe boy. Attendance will be given, by Benjamin Fuller, Randle Mitchell, John Pringle, James Craig, and John Boyle, Aſſignees to the creditors of Meſſieurs Orr, Dunlope, and Glenholme.

The Aſſignees deſire thoſe indebted to ſaid company, to ſettle their reſpective accounts with them, to prevent further trouble; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid company, are deſired to furniſh the Aſſignees with their accounts.

To be ſold by ſaid Aſſignees, at private ſale, the famous horſe NORTHUMBERLAND.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber, living in Dover, Kent County, on Delaware,

SUNDRY tracts or parcels of LAND, viz. One tract, containing 320 acres of land, ſituate in Murtherkiln Hundred, and adjoining lands belonging to Meſſieurs Nicholas Lockerman, George Soward, and others, all unimproved, well timbered land, great part of it is rich ſwamp, which may be made into choice meadow. One other tract, containing 150 acres of land, ſituate in Miſpillion Hundred, being part of a tract of land called Diden Fields, formerly belonging to a certain John Rudolphus Bundelin, whereon is a ſmall plantation, dwelling-houſe, orchard, &c. now occupied by Richard Collins; the wood land is very well timbered, and moſtly low rich bottoms, very fit for making meadows, &c. One other tract, containing 98 acres, ſituate in ſaid Miſpillion Hundred, adjoining lands belonging to John Maſtin, and others, is unimproved, well timbered land, moſtly low ground, and very rich, and may be eaſily made into choice meadows. One other tract, containing upwards of 300 acres, part of a larger tract, called Shoemaker's Hall, ſituate in Murtherkiln Hundred, on the great road, about one mile below Dover, bounded on the ſouth by that noted ſtream of water called Iſaac's Branch, on which Col. John Vining has erected a valuable grift and ſaw-mill, and adjoining the land of ſaid Col. Vining: The whole is choice wheat land, nearly half cleared, on which are two plantations, dwelling-houſes, out-houſes, orchards, &c. The wood land is well timbered, watered, &c. and is, from its ſituation, ſoil, &c. judged to be as valuable as any ſpot of equal bigneſs, within its neighbourhood, being alſo within one mile of that public landing place, commonly called the Foreſt Landing, and is very convenient for any public buſineſs. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe all or any part of ſaid tracts of land, may, on paying one half the value in hand, have any reaſonable time, on paying intereſt, for the remainder, by applying to

THOMAS NIXON.

BEST Indian river SHINGLES, by the quantity, to be ſold by the Subſcriber, in Second ſtreet, near Walnut-ſtreet; who has to lett, a ſmall place, two miles from the city of Philadelphia, and a three ſtory brick houſe, in Front-ſtreet, near John Hart's vendue ſtore, from which is a pleaſant view of the river, and an extenſive proſpect of the commons. For further particulars, apply to JOHN MIFFLIN.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY NEGROE WENCH, about 16 Years of Age, who has been uſed to Country Work. Enquire of MARY ASHTON, in Lower Dublin Townſhip, and County of Philadelphia. ¶

To be LETT, and may be entered on about the middle of April next,

A SMALL PLANTATION, ſituate in Radnor townſhip, Cheſter county, and on the great road leading from Phil delphia to Lanc.ſter, and about 16 miles from the former. The ſaid place is now under licence for a tavern, and there are extraordinary good buildings erected for the ſaid uſe. Any perſon inclining to rent the ſame, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living near the premiſes. SAMUEL PUGH. ¶

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

Extraordinary ANECDOTE.

DURING the troubles in the reign of Charles I. a country girl came to London in ſearch of a place as a ſervant maid; but not ſucceeding, ſhe applied herſelf to carry out beer from a brew-houſe, and was one of thoſe then called Tub-women. The brewer obſerving a well-looked girl in this low occupation, took her into his family as a ſervant, and after a while married her; but he died while ſhe was yet a young woman, and left her a large fortune.----The buſineſs of the brewery was dropped, and the young widow was recommended to Mr. Hyde, as a Gentleman of ſkill in the law, to ſettle her huſband's affairs. Hyde (who was afterwards the great Earl of Clarendon) finding the widow's fortune very conſiderable, married her: Of this marriage there was no other iſſue than a daughter, who was afterwards the wife of James II. and mother of Mary and Anne, Queens of England.

LONDON, January 7.

Letters from Vienna, dated Dec. 10, ſay, "Lord Stormont, the Britiſh Ambaſſador, had a few days ago a long conference with the Miniſters of their Imperial and Royal Majeſties, on the ſubject of ſome diſpatches he had juſt received from his Court. It ſeems that many Powers endeavour to extinguiſh the flames of war between Ruſſia and the Porte, for fear that the conflagration ſhould become more general, and extend too far."

Extract of a Letter from Berlin, Dec. 20.

"The Director of the Police has publiſhed an edict, by order of the King, forbidding the game of hazard, by making the player liable to pay a fine from 100 to 300 ducats, or to ſuffer impriſonment in one of the fortreſſes. Several other games are alſo forbid, as Baſſet, Pharaoh, Lanquenet, &c. All keepers of coffee-houſes, taverns, and alehouſes, are made liable to the ſame penalties, if they ſuffer theſe games to be played in their houſes."

An ancient Farmer, who came to town lately on ſome buſineſs relative to the Cumberland elections, called on Mr. Wilkes, and told him, that though he was a ſtranger to him, he could not forbear waiting on him, to expreſs his regard for his patriotic ſpirit, and begged of him, as a ſmall teſtimony of his gratitude, that he would accept of 10l. which he brought up with him; but this Mr. Wilkes politely refuſed; and the Farmer reluctantly carried it away with him; declaring at the ſame time, that he would conſider him handſomely in his will.

CHARLES-TOWN (South-Carolina) Feb. 28.

Friday laſt Captain Chriſtopher Brooks, of the Brig Norton, arrived here from Jamaica, who informs us, That he was bound from Dominico for this Port, but to Leeward of St. Euſtatia, his People mutinied, and forcibly carried his Veſſel for St. Croix, off which Place he fortunately overcame them, ſo that they only got away with his Boat, and about 25 Johanneſſes; he was then obliged to make the beſt of his Way for Jamaica, in order to get a Boat, and Hands ſufficient to proceed on his intended Voyage.

We are authoriſed to aſſure the Public, that the Body of Merchants in Briſtol, truly ſenſible of the Baſeneſs and Injuſtice of the Proceedings and Sentence in the Caſe of the Ship A---, are determined to purſue ſuch Meaſures to make a full and proper Repreſentation of the whole of that iniquitous Affair, as will probably bring about ſome Regulations in the Proceedings of American Courts of Vice Admiralty, as well as Limitations of that exorbitant Power lately veſted in a *Sole Judge*.---Events more ardently wiſhed for by the particular Owners of that Veſſel, than any pecuniary Satisfaction or other Gratification to themſelves.

We learn by Letters from London, That Rice ſold as low as 14s. Sterl. per 100 lb. and was likely to be lower.

WILLIAMSBURG, *February* 23.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in London, to his friend in Virginia, dated November 5, 1768.

"Till the Parliament meets, nothing can be certainly known about American affairs, but they have ſtrong friends in it; and they may be ſatisfied, if the colonies are but ſteady and united, nothing here can hurt them. I think it is incumbent on every American to forbid his goods being purchaſed here of Mauduit, and Crowley, the ironmongers. They are your moſt violent enemies in this town, and do every thing they can againſt you. I think they ſhould ſuffer for their imprudence."

Extract of another letter from a gentleman in London, to his friend in Virginia, dated November 9.

"During the debate in the Houſe of Commons, on the King's Speech, doctrines were mentioned that would ſet America in flames, if they were admitted, by N--th, C-----rl, and B-----n. Theſe were to govern America by military force, ſeize Otis (whoſe name was frequently mentioned) and all the leading men at Boſton, and every where elſe, who oppoſed their meaſures, bring them here, and hang them. The Miniſtry are violent againſt us, but they will meet with very violent Oppoſition. The ſenſe of the Houſe, which was uncommonly full, ſeemed to me to be this: They will receive American complaints, amend or take away the force of the late revenue law, puniſh Boſton, reward that devil B-----d, and inſiſt on the right of Taxation, which you muſt acknowledge. How this will go down with you, I know not; but I think all America ſhould be ſwallowed up in an earthquake, if they do not ſtand by Boſton; for if that fall, they will in a ſhort time; they muſt ſhare the ſame fate. And let this be the American political creed, that a firm, ſteady and determined union, and conſtitutional oppoſition, will be the ſureſt ſafeguard from any violence from hence. The affair of Boſton being totally miniſterial, when it comes to be fully debated, and all the papers are before the Houſe, it is very poſſible the Miniſtry may be overſet; for they have only the Bedford landed intereſt for them, and I think they have not the confidence of the mercantile intereſt."

BOSTON, *March* 9.

A Gentleman at Marblehead writes his Friend in Boſton as follows. ---- "By the Packet I received a Letter from my Friends in London, dated 10th of December, as alſo one from the Maſter of my Ship, who had diſcharged his Freight there,---adviſing me there was no Freight for Boſton, nor did they expect any, there being no Orders on hand for ſhipping any Goods, ſo expect my own Hemp and Duck, for the Uſe of the Fiſhery only, and 50 Chaldrons Sea-Coal for Ballaſt.---They ſay all Trade is at a Stand, and no Proſpect of mending,---what they are to do with the Ships at Home they know not.------*It now looks as though the Boſton Gentlemen were in earneſt.*"-----

By Advices received per the Lord-Hyde Packet we learn, That the Friends of America frequently met to conſult the propereſt Meaſures for the Relief of the Colonies: That ſome of the Miniſtry had declared they were againſt ſevere Meaſures.----That as the Petition of the Committee of Convention in Boſton, was not received by the Secretary of State, it was delivered in with the other American Papers to the Committee, who were arranging all the Papers to lay before the Parliament:---That there were ſome in both Houſes who were Advocates for the Colonies:---That it was thought by ſome the Acts would not be repealed.---That our Friends thought the People here acted very prudently in their agreeing not to uſe any Tea, and in going into other Meaſures of Oeconomy, and promoting Manufactures; and adviſe to a ſteady and perſevering Purſuit to theſe Meaſures, as the only Means to convince the Miniſtry of the Impolicy of the late Act.

We have advice from Turk's Iſland, that on the 25th of January, Captain Cartin, in a Sloop from Caſco-Bay, towed in there the Wreck of a Brig from Piſcataqua, Edmund Coffin late Maſter, who was foundered at Sea the 15th of December, as appeared by a Writing in Chalk in the Cabbin; the People are ſuppoſed to have been taken up by ſome other Veſſel, as ſhe was ſtripped of almoſt every Thing but the Lumber in the Hold.

March 13. Thurſday, the 6th Day of April next, is appointed, by Authority, to be obſerved as a Day of Faſting and Prayer throughout this Province.

Monday the 27th ult. the Poſt-Rider with the Mails for Rhode-Iſland, New-London, New-York, Philadelphia, &c. &c. was aſſaulted on Boſton-Neck, juſt after Sun-ſet, as he was ſetting out for his Journey, by 4 or 5 Perſons, who appeared dreſſed as Officers; one of them took his Sword from his Belt, and with the ſmall End in his Hand, ſtruck the Rider on the Head with the Hilt, that it forced the Sword out of the Scabbard, and went to a conſiderable Diſtance.----The Rider recovering himſelf, informed them that he was on his Majeſty's Service, whereupon they all ran off. The Rider would have returned to Town, but as there had been Stoppages lately, occaſioned by the bad Travelling, he was determined not to be the Means of the Mails returning out of Seaſon; he went on, and at the firſt Stages had his Head bathed, which was conſiderably ſwelled by the Blow; he reached Newport on Wedneſday, from whence he employed another Perſon to perform for him the laſt Week.

Captain Lindſay, of the Halifax Packet, writes of the 7th of December, "That he had Orders to be in Readineſs to ſail at an Hour's Warning." And a Letter from a Gentleman in London, dated December 11th, ſays, "Captain Lindſay, in the Halifax Packet, ſailed the 9th Inſtant, with Diſpatches for Boſton." This Veſſel may be hourly expected.

Some Time ſince, a Woman that lived in good Faſhion, in the Town of Sunderland, in the Weſtern Part of this Province, was endowed with ſuch a noble Spirit of Freedom, Liberty and Frugality, that ſhe entirely laid aſide all foreign Goods, eſpecially Cloths of a foreign Manufacture, and clothed herſelf in Cloth of her own Manufacturing from Head to Toe.----But in ſearching her Houſe ſhe found ſome Fragments of a foreign Manufacture, and that there might be nothing loſt, ſhe compoſed herſelf a Petticoat out of them, and the Pieces were ſo ſmall, that it took 45 Pieces for the Outſide, and 92 for the Inſide, quilted them together, and wears the ſame to this Day.

A Letter from Montreal, of the 19th ult. mention, that Major Rogers is releaſed from cloſe Confinement, and has Permiſſion to go any where within the Lines of that City, till his Majeſty's Pleaſure is known.

Laſt Tueſday the Officers of the Cuſtoms for this Port, made a Seizure of a Ship of 200 Tons, Captain M'Cowen, belonging to London, lately from St. Ubes, and alſo a Sloop from Virginia.

There are Advices in Town, that three of the four Regiments coming out this Spring to America, are the 56th, Colonel Welch, the 61ſt, Major General Grey, and 63d, Col. Hotham's.

By Orders from Home, the Regiments quartered in Town, are to encamp on the Common, as ſoon as the Weather permits.

The 21ſt Regiment is arrived at Charleſtown, S. Carolina, from St. Auguſtine, and another Regiment is alſo expected there.------A Carolina Gazette ſays,----"All the Troops arrived here are lodged in the Barracks, and none of them come into Town without ſpecial Leave of their Officers."

A Letter from a Member of Parliament, to a Gentleman in this Town mentions, that the American Affairs had not been ſpoke of in the Houſe ſince the Debate on the King's Speech, the firſt Day of their Meeting.

From the PROVIDENCE GAZETTE *of March* 4.

Being a Spectator at the Sitting of the Aſſembly at Providence, I had an Opportunity of hearing the public Letters read. Among others, one in particular excited my Curioſity; I therefore took it down in Characters, from which I wrote the Whole at large, and having heard the ſame read a ſecond Time, you may be aſſured the following is a correct Copy. As it is of a pretty extraordinary Nature, you are requeſted to inſert it in your uſeful Paper. *Yours,* ARGUS.

Swanſey, March 3, 1769.

No. XI. *Circular.*

Duplicate. *Whitehall, September* 2, 1768.

GENTLEMEN,

THE King having obſerved that the Governors of his Colonies have, upon ſeveral Occaſions, taken upon them to communicate to their Councils and Aſſemblies, either the Whole, or Parts of Letters which they have received from his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State; I have it in Command from his Majeſty to ſignify to you, that it is his Majeſty's Pleaſure, that you do not, upon any Pretence whatever, communicate to the Aſſembly any Copies or Extracts of ſuch Letters as you ſhall receive from his Majeſty's Principal Secretary of State, unleſs you have his Majeſty's particular Directions for ſo doing. I am, Gentlemen, *Your moſt obedient humble Servant,*

HILLSBOROUGH.

Governor and Company of the Colony of Rhode-Iſland.

A CARD.

THE Coloniſts preſent their Compliments to L--d H-----h, to whoſe Care the A------n Department has been committed, and humbly requeſt, that before his L------p proceeds to write any more c---ul-r L-tt--s, he would make himſelf acquainted with the Conſtitution of the Colonies. His L------p's Ignorance, as appears by ſome of his m---ſt-- -l Mandates, has rendered him manifeſtly ridiculous; for Inſtance, in one of his curious L-tt--s, his L------p gave Orders to the G------r of P--nſ--va--a, that in caſe the Aſſembly of that Province did not act conformably to his Pleaſure, immediately to diſſolve them; whereas it is an inherent Privilege of that Houſe to ſit on their own Adjournments, and not in the Power of any G------r to diſſolve them. Other Inſtances might be produced, to ſhew that his L------p has moſt egregiouſly blundered; theſe will appear evident to himſelf, when his L------p becomes acquainted with the Duties of his Office; but ſhould any other C---ul-r L-tt--s from his L------p be *circulated*, with unconſtitutional Orders to the American G-------s, the Coloniſts will "*treat them with the Contempt they deſerve.*"

CONSTITUTION HILL, NORTH-AMERICA.

NEWPORT (Rhode-Iſland) March 13.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in London, to another in this Town, dated January 4, 1769.

------"In ſhort, it is impoſſible for you on the other Side of the Water, to judge of the Opinion the People in this Country have of America.----There is a Number of Veſſels here put up for Freight for Boſton, New-York, Philadelphia, &c. and not one Merchant in this City dares comply with their Orders, unleſs the Act of Parliament, impoſing Duties on America, be repealed; which there is not the leaſt Proſpect of at preſent.----Many Ships are ordered to be ſold, and others to return in Ballaſt. I have nothing new to tell you, only that a Report prevails, that a Rupture between England and France is ſoon expected."

NEW-YORK, March 16.

On Monday laſt, according to Deſire, there was a Meeting at the Houſe of Bolton and Sigel, of the Subſcribers to the Agreement for Non-importation of Goods, when, we hear, a Committee was appointed to inquire into and inſpect all European Importations, in order to a ſtrict Compliance with the ſaid Agreement, and alſo to correſpond with the other Colonies.

By our late Accounts from South-Carolina, we have Reaſon to think they will very ſoon come into a ſimilar Agreement, and alſo, not to import, or purchaſe one imported Slave.

By the Antigua News Papers, we have a Relation of a barbarous Murder, committed at that Iſland, on the 22d of January laſt, on two Seamen; the Subſtance of which is as follows----- On the Evening of that Day, one Robert Dunbar, returning home from a public Houſe, was met near the Door of his Lodgings, by one Butler, a Corporal in the Army, with the Piquet Guard; who after ſome Words aſſaulted Dunbar, whereupon a Scuffle enſued between him and Butler in the Street; this occaſioned ſeveral Seamen and others to gather round to ſee what was the Matter; and Butler obſerving the Crowd, whilſt he was down, ſuddenly cried out to the Guard, and ordered them to *prime, load and fire among the thickeſt of them*, which being immediately obeyed, two of the Seamen were ſhot dead upon the Spot. The Guards were ſoon after taken, and delivered to the Civil Power, to be dealt with according to Law.---But it is ſaid, the Seamen, in general there, are much exaſperated, and threaten Revenge againſt the Soldiers: However, it was hoped all illegal Extremities would be prevented. Dunbar in the Scuffle alſo got wounded.

March 20.

We are greatly obliged to the Gentleman who favoured us with the following.

15 *December*, 1768.

1. *Reſolved*, by the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament aſſembled, That the Votes, Reſolutions and Proceedings of the Houſe of Repreſentatives of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, in the Months of January and February laſt, reſpecting ſeveral late Acts of Parliament, ſo far as the ſaid Votes, Reſolutions and Proceedings, do import a Denial of, or do draw into Queſtion the Power and Authority of his Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in Parliament aſſembled, to make Laws and Statutes, of ſufficient Force and Validity, to bind the Colonies and People of America, Subjects to the Crown of Great-Britain, in all Caſes whatſoever, are illegal, unconſtitutional, and derogatory of the Rights of the Crown and Parliament of Great-Britain.

2. *Reſolved*, That the Reſolutions of the ſaid Houſe of Repreſentatives of the Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, in January laſt, to write Letters to the ſeveral Houſes of Repreſentatives of the Britiſh Colonies on the Continent, deſiring them to join with the ſaid Houſe of Repreſentatives of the Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, in Petitions, which do deny, or draw into Queſtion the Right of Parliament, to impoſe Duties and Taxes upon his Majeſty's Subjects in America, and in Purſuance of the ſaid Reſolutions, the writing ſuch Letters, in which certain late Acts of Parliament, impoſing Duties and Taxes, are ſtated to be Infringements of the Rights of his Majeſty's Subjects of the ſaid Province, are Proceedings of a moſt unwarrantable and dangerous Nature, calculated to inflame the Minds of his Majeſty's Subjects in the other Colonies, tending to create unlawful Combinations, repugnant to the Laws of Great-Britain, and ſubverſive of the Conſtitution.

3. *Reſolved*, That it appears, that the Town of Boſton, in the Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, has, for ſome time paſt, been in a State of great Diſorder and Confuſion; and that the Peace of the ſaid Town, has at ſeveral Times been diſturbed by Riots and Tumults of a dangerous Nature, in which the Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue there, have been obſtructed by Acts of Violence in the Execution of the Laws, and their Lives endangered.

4. *Reſolved*, That it appears, that the ordinary civil Magiſtrates, in the ſaid Town of Boſton, did not exert their Authority for ſuppreſſing the ſaid Riots and Tumults.

5. *Reſolved*, That in theſe Circumſtances of the Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, and of the Town of Boſton, the Preſervation of the Public Peace, and the due Execution of the Laws, became impracticable, without the Aid of a Military Force to ſupport and protect the Civil Magiſtrates, and the Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue.

6. *Reſolved*, That the Declarations, Reſolutions and Proceedings in the Town Meetings at Boſton, on the 14th of June, and 19th of September, were illegal, unconſtitutional, and calculated to excite Sedition and Inſurrection in his Majeſty's Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay.

7. *Reſolved*, That the Appointment of the Town Meeting on the 12th of September, of a Convention to be held in the Town of Boſton on the 22d of that Month, to conſiſt of Deputies from the ſeveral Towns and Diſtricts in the Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, and the iſſuing a Precept by the Select Men of the Town of Boſton, to each of the ſaid Towns and Diſtricts, for the Election of ſuch Deputies, were Proceedings ſubverſive of his Majeſty's Government, and evidently manifeſting a Deſign in the Inhabitants of the ſaid Town of Boſton, to uſurp a new and unconſtitutional Authority, independent of the Crown of Great-Britain.

8. *Reſolved*, That the Elections by ſeveral Towns and Diſtricts in the Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, of Deputies to ſit in the ſaid Convention, and the Meeting of ſuch Convention in Conſequence thereof, were daring Inſults offered to his Majeſty's Authority, and audacious Uſurpation of the Powers of Government.

9. *Reſolved*, That an humble Addreſs be preſented to his Majeſty, to return his Majeſty Thanks for the Communication which he has been graciouſly pleaſed to make to his Parliament, of ſeveral Papers relative to public Tranſactions in his Majeſty's Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay.---To expreſs our ſincere Satisfaction, in the Meaſures which his Majeſty has purſued for ſupporting the Conſtitution, and inducing a due Obedience to the Authority of the Legiſlature: To give his Majeſty the ſtrongeſt Aſſurances, that his Parliament will effectually ſtand by and ſupport his Majeſty in ſuch further Meaſures as may be found neceſſary, to maintain the Civil Magiſtrates in a due Execution of the Laws within his Majeſty's Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay.

And as we conceive, that nothing can be more immediately neceſſary, either for the Maintenance of his Majeſty's Authority in the ſaid Province, or for guarding his Majeſty's Subjects therein, from being further deluded by the Arts of wicked and deſigning Men, than to proceed in the moſt ſpeedy and effectual Manner, for bringing to condign Puniſhment the chief Authors and Inſtigators of the late Diſorders, to beſeech his Majeſty, that he will be graciouſly pleaſed to direct his Majeſty's Governor of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, to take the moſt effectual Methods for procuring the fulleſt Informations that can be obtained, touching all Treaſons, and Miſpriſions of Treaſons, committed within the Government ſince the 30th of December laſt, and to tranſmit the ſame, together with the Names of the Perſons, who were moſt active in Commiſſion of ſuch Offences, to one of his Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State, in order that his Majeſty may iſſue a ſpecial Commiſſion for enquiring of, hearing and determining the ſaid Offences within this Realm, purſuant to the Proviſion of the Statute of the 35th Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, if his Majeſty ſhall, upon receiving ſaid Information, ſee ſufficient Ground for ſuch a Proceeding.

Tueſday laſt was married at Elizabeth-Town, in New-Jerſey, Col. TEMPLER, of the 26th Regiment, to Lady SINCLAIR, Relict of Sir JOHN SINCLAIR, Bart.

Saturday laſt being the Anniverſary of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, the Sons of Liberty, in this City, aſſembled at the Houſe of Mr. Edward Smith, on the Green, where they dined, and ordered the Proviſions that were left to be delivered to the Priſoners in the Goal; they afterwards ſpent the Day in a joyous Manner, when, among many other Toaſts, the following were drank, viz.

1. The KING.
2. The QUEEN.
3. The PRINCE OF WALES, and Royal Family.
4. The Earl of Chatham, Marquis of Rockingham, General Conway, Col. Barry, Mr. Burke, and every other generous Aſſertor of American Rights.
5. Alderman WILKES.
6. John Dickinſon, Eſq; the ingenious Author of the Farmer's Letters.
7. The GOVERNOR and PROVINCE.
8. The NAVY and ARMY.
9. The ſpirited Aſſembly of Virginia of the Year 1765.
10. Thoſe Friends to Liberty (and Supporters of the Britiſh Conſtitution) the truly patriotic Miniſtry, and glorious Majority of both Houſes of Parliament in 1766.
11. The 92 Members of the Maſſachuſetts Aſſembly, who voted againſt reſcinding.
12. The late worthy Members of the Aſſembly of this Province, who aſſerted the Rights of themſelves and their Conſtituents.
13. The Friends of Liberty, and Enemies of Oppreſſion and arbitrary Power in Great-Britain, Ireland, and elſewhere.

*** For ANTIGUA and St. KITTS, the Ship *Earl of Donnegall*, DUNCAN FERGUSON, Maſter; has excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers, will ſail about the Firſt

14. May the illuſtrious Houſe of Hanover rule the Britiſh Empire to the End of Time.
15. Proſperity to Great-Britain and her Colonies.
16. Proſperity to Ireland.
17. Trade and Navigation, and a ſpeedy Removal of the Difficulties with which they are now embarraſſed.
18. A perpetual Union and Harmony between Great-Britain and her Colonies, and Infamy and Diſgrace to the Enemies of either.
19. Succeſs to that uncorrupted Patriot General Paoli, and the brave Corſicans.
20. Succeſs to the American Manufactures.
21. The Liberty of the Preſs, and Diſappointment to thoſe who endeavour to ſubvert it.
22. The ever memorable 18th of March, 1766, and Unanimity, Fidelity, and Perſeverance to the Sons of Liberty in America.

The ſame Day another Company of Gentlemen met at Mr. Van de Water's on the ſame Occaſion, where they had a very elegant Dinner; drank a Number of Healths much the ſame as thoſe mentioned above; and ſpent the Afternoon with the greateſt Chearfulneſs, and perfect Harmony.

On Friday laſt as Mr. Daniel Kemper, a Shop-keeper at the Fly-Market, was ſitting at the Door uſing his Penknife, a Fray happened in the Market, and as he was running to know the Occaſion of it, in riſing the Market Steps, ſtumbled and fell, and having the Knife ſtill in his Hand, it unfortunately penetrated into his Breaſt near two Inches. The Wound was at firſt thought to be dangerous, but as timely Aſſiſtance was brought, he is now in a fair Way of Recovery.

PHILADELPHIA, *March* 23.

Kent County, Maryland, March 14, 1769.

Laſt Saturday departed this Life Mrs. ELIZABETH MONTGOMERY, Wife of the Rev. Mr. JOSEPH MONTGOMERY, in the 28th Year of her Age; a Gentlewoman who, by her obliging, chearful, and modeſt Behaviour, and unaffected Piety, had rendered herſelf univerſally eſteemed by all who had the Pleaſure of an Acquaintance with her. Yeſterday ſhe was decently interred at the Preſbyterian Church, in George Town, where a Sermon, ſuitable to the Occaſion, was delivered by the Reverend Elihu Spencer, to a great Concourſe of People.

Captain Craig, from St. Euſtatia, adviſes, that the Sloop Margaret, Captain Hodge, bound to New-York from the Weſt-Indies, after beating for ſome Time on the Coaſt, was obliged to bear away, and arrived at that Iſland, but was to ſail again in a Day or two after him; that the Schooner Sally, Captain Lyell, and the Schooner St. John, Captain Stewart, both from New-York, were arrived there; and that Captains Shaw, and Snell, alſo from New-York, had touched there, and ſailed again, the former for St. Croix, and the latter for Coracoa.---On the 13th Inſtant, in Lat. 33, Long. 72: 30, he ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Allen, from Baltimore for South-Carolina, out 9 Days, and was very leaky, which obliged him to keep one Pump going.

Captain Martin, from Jamaica, laſt Thurſday Evening, in Soundings, ſpoke a Ship from Glaſgow for Virginia, out only three Weeks, but as the Wind blew very hard, he could not learn any particular News.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captains Harper, and Willock, at Antigua; Capt. Johnſon, at Jamaica; and Capt. Emlen, at Madeira.

Monday laſt the Fourth Claſs of the Philadelphia Public Lottery was finiſhed drawing; the Liſt of Prizes will be inſerted in our next.

☞ The Managers of the Philadelphia and Worceſter Lottery, have the Pleaſure of informing the Public, that the extraordinary Encouragement they have received in the Sale of their Tickets, will enable them to draw in much leſs Time than they at firſt propoſed. Accordingly they have begun to roll up the Numbers, &c. And as very few Tickets are now on Hand, they have determined to begin Drawing on the 10th of April next, at 9 o' Clock A. M. in Mr. Little's Long Room, at the Indian Queen.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 15s. Wheat 5s. 9d. Indian Corn 2s. 6d. Ship Bread 13s. 6d. Middling Ditto 22s. White Ditto 29 to 30s. Pipe Staves 9l. 10s. Barrel Ditto 3l. 10s. Hogſhead Ditto 5l. 5s. Red Oak Ditto 4l. Beef 52s. 6d. Pork 72s. 6d. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 10d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40 to 60l. Muſcovado Sugar 40 to 56s. Melaſſes 22d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 11s. Turpentine 16s. 6d. Tobacco 15s. to 30s. Rice 18s. Liſbon Salt 18d. Bohea Tea 3s. 9d. Hemp 4d. Halfpenny. Cotton 18d. Bar Iron 24l. Pig Iron 7l. 10s. Muſtard-ſeed 32s.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Nelly, C. Alexander, Schooner Dove, E. Morton, Sloop Speedwell, A. Dyer, and Sloop Peggy, B. Evans, from North Carolina. Sloop Nelly, P. Peaſe, Boſton. Sloop Tom, B. Tuell, Rhode-Iſland. Schooner Kenſington, F. Moon, New-York. Schooner Hannah, D. M'Carthy, St. Michaels. Brig St. James, J. Martin, Jamaica. Brig Chance, J. Craig, St. Euſtatia.

OUTWARDS. Brig Patty, J. Wilſon, for Gibraltar. Brig Two Friends, J. Peters, Malaga. Snow Britannia, R. Eyres, and Ship Cheſter, L. Wickes, Liſbon. Sloop Nelly, P. Peaſe, Dartmouth. Brig Georgia Packet, G. Bridges, Georgia. Sloop Tom, B. Tuell, Rhode-Iſland. Ship Betſy, S. Hood. Briſtol. Schooner Dove, E. Morton, North-Carolina.

CLEARED. Schooner Dove, William Gamble, to Barbados. Sloop Sally, R. Alberſon, New-York. Sloop America, J. Gorham, Boſton. Schooner Lovely Laſs, D. Badger, Maryland. Sloop Sally, J. Blewer, South-Carolina. Sloop Philadelphia, A. Lowell, Piſcataqua. Brig Juliana, S. Nuttle, Brig Charlotte, H. Hubbs, Liſbon. Sloop Sandwich, S. Coffin, Nantucket. Ship Betſy, S. Hawke, Sloop Unity, W. Foriſter, Jamaica. Brig Anne, C. Biddle, Honduras. Brig Willing Maid, W. Shroudy, to St. Croix.

Juſt publiſhed, and ſold by HALL and SELLERS, at the New Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, (Price One Shilling)

AN Extract of Miſs MARY GILBERT's Journal, With ſome Account of the Lady ELIZABETH HASTINGS, &c.

Philadelphia, Third Month 21, 1769.

To be LETT or SOLD, and entered upon immediately,

A PLANTATION, containing about 85 acres of land, with a good brick and ſtone houſe; alſo a water corn-mill and ſaw-mill thereon erected, on a conſtant ſtream of water; ſituate in Weſt-Nottingham; late the eſtate of William Reynolds. Any perſon inclining to rent or purchaſe the above place, may apply to JOHN REYNOLDS. ‡

FOR BRISTOL,
The Ship BETSY,
SEYMOUR HOOD,
MASTER,

NOW lying at Thomas Clifford's Wharff, is a new Veſſel, well accommodated for Paſſengers, will ſail by the 10th of April, the chief Part of her Cargoe already engaged. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to THOMAS CLIFFORD, or ſaid Maſter on board.

ROBERT MONTGOMERY,

ONCE more deſires all perſons indebted to him, either on bond, bill, note or book account, to make immediate payment, to prevent further trouble and expence.

To be LETT, and may be entered on about the firſt of May next, the dwelling-houſe of the SUBSCRIBER, in Front-ſtreet. For further particulars apply to

ROBERT MONTGOMERY.

By virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 6th of April, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the houſe of the widow Crozier, in Southwark, a certain meſſuage, or tenement, and piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Duck-ſtreet, in the Diſtrict of Southwark, containing in breadth 17 feet (including the half part of a 3 feet alley) and in depth 75 feet, bounded eaſtward by Duck-ſtreet, ſouthward by James Claypole's lot, weſtward, and northward, by ground now or late of William Shippen, ſubject to a groundrent of 21. 17s. currency per annum; late the eſtate of Suſanna Chapman; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, *Sheriff.*

By virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 7th day of April, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain 2 ſtory frame tenement, ſmith's ſhop, and lot of ground, ſituate in the city of Philadelphia, on the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, containing in breadth 20 feet, and extending from Front-ſtreet to Water-ſtreet, bounded northward by ground of the widow Robins, and ſouthward by ground late William Vanderſpiegel's, deceaſed, ſubject to the Proprietaries thirds; late the eſtate of Benjamin Worthington; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, *Sheriff.*

By virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Saturday, the 8th of April, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain meſſuage, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, and weſt ſide of Plumb-ſtreet, containing in breadth 14 feet, and in depth 40 feet, bounded ſouthward by ground of John Wier, and northward by ground of Samuel Powell; ſubject to a groundrent of 40s. ſterling per annum; late the eſtate of Edward Campbell; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, *Sheriff.*

By virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Monday, the 10th of April, at 5 o' clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of James Nevill, in the Northern Liberties, a certain lot, or piece of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet continued, in the Northern Liberties aforeſaid, containing in breadth 20 feet, and in depth 230 feet, having a two ſtory brick meſſuage, and frame barn, and ſtables, erected thereon, bounded eaſtward by Second-ſtreet aforeſaid, ſouthward by a lot of William Coates, weſtward by a 40 feet alley, and northward by ground of Bowyer Brooke, ſubject to a groundrent of 4l. Pennſylvania currency per annum; late the eſtate of John Jacob; ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, *Sheriff.*

N. B. The purchaſer may have credit for 140l. of the purchaſe money, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt for the ſame.

By virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Saturday, the 15th of April, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain lot of ground, ſituate in the city of Philadelphia, on the eaſt ſide of Water-ſtreet, between Mulberry and Saſſafras-ſtreets, containing in breadth 50 feet, and extending into the river Delaware, bounded ſouthward by a lot of Andrew Hodge, northward by Joſeph Warner's ground, and weſtward by Water-ſtreet aforeſaid; the ſaid lot having a 3 ſtory brick meſſuage, 20 feet front, and 40 feet deep; a wooden ſtore 19 feet by 28 feet, a ſtable, and chaiſe-houſe; and a wharff 25 feet in breadth, and extending 112 feet into the river Delaware, erected thereon; part of the eſtate late of Samuel Hazell, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, *Sheriff.*

N. B. The purchaſer may have credit for one half the purchaſe money, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt for the ſame.

IRON CASTINGS,

OF all dimenſions and ſizes, ſuch as kettles or boilers for pot-aſh works, ſoap boilers pans, pots, from a barrel to 300 gallons, ſhip caboofes, kachels and ſugar-houſe ſtoves, with caſt funnels of any height for refining ſugars, weights of all ſizes, grate-bars, and other caſtings for ſugar-works in the Weſt-Indies, &c. are all carefully done by HENRY WILLIAM STIEGEL, iron-maſter, at Elizabeth Furnace, in Lancaſter county, on the moſt reaſonable terms. Orders and applications made to MICHAEL HILLEGAS, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia, will be carefully forwarded.---Many of the public being already well acquainted with the excellency of the iron of Elizabeth Furnace for ſuch purpoſes, renders it needleſs here to ſay any thing in its commendation. The ſaid Stiegel begs leave further to inform the public, that his Glaſs Manufactory, in Manheim town, in the county aforeſaid, is again at work, where are made all ſorts of bottles, window glaſs, and ſheet glaſs; alſo retorts and other glaſſes for doctors and chymiſts. Orders, with proper directions, made to the ſaid Michael Hillegas, will likewiſe be forwarded by him to the ſaid Manufactory with diſpatch.

To be SOLD or LETT,

And entered upon the Firſt of April next,

THAT well accuſtomed Upper Ferry over Schuylkill, belonging to the Subſcriber (commonly called Aſhton's Ferry) now in the tenure of Thomas James, with about 60 acres of land thereto belonging. On the weſt ſide of ſaid Ferry is a commodious large ſtone meſſuage, or tenement, fit for accommodating large companies, with good ſtables and ſheds, ſuitable for entertaining of travellers, and is beyond a doubt the moſt convenient ferry from Lancaſter to Philadelphia. The land is good and fertile, and capable of ſupplying the ferry with almoſt every neceſſary, with care and induſtry.

Alſo to be SOLD or LETT, and entered upon immediately,

The commodious and elegant houſe in Germantown, alſo belonging to the Subſcriber, together with a beautiful garden and fruit orchard; containing, in the whole, two acres and a quarter. The ſerene and wholeſome air of this place, the charming and extenſive proſpect it affords on every ſide, may juſtly intitle it to the name of the Montpelier of America, and is exactly calculated for the ſeat of any gentleman of taſte. For conditions, and further particulars, enquire of SAMUEL FLOWER, in Philadelphia. ¶

To be SOLD by public vendue, at the houſe of the Widow Williams, at the corner of Lombard and Front-ſtreets, on Saturday, the 8th day of April next, at 3 o' clock in the afternoon, if not ſold before at private ſale,

A LARGE Frame CHAISE SHED, 90 feet by 15, will contain 18 carriages. Alſo at the ſame time and place will be ſold a good frame ſhop, 20 feet by 30, and is very ſuitable either for a carpenter or a cabinet maker; both theſe buildings are on a lot of ground 40 feet front, on Second-ſtreet, and 100 feet deep, oppoſite to Charles Coxe's, near the corner of Union-ſtreet; ſubject to a groundrent of 10l. per annum. The advantageous ſituation for either of the aforeſaid buſineſſes, or almoſt any other (it being in a public part of the city) will render it very valuable to the purchaſer. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe before the day fixed for the ſale, may view the premiſes, and know the terms, by applying to WILLIAM SCULL, in Union-ſtreet. The buyer may have two months credit, on giving good ſecurity. The ſaid Scull has alſo to ſell, on reaſonable terms, a good 8 day clock, with a neat mahogony caſe; he carries on the buſineſs of chaiſe and harneſs making as uſual, in the neateſt manner. §

To be LETT by the SUBSCRIBER,

HIS DWELLING-HOUSE, at the Corner of Second and Union-ſtreets, which may be entered on any Time in April next.

Alſo to be Lett, a ſmall Place on Paſſyunk Road, about three Quarters of a Mile from the City. There is on it a new Brick Houſe, two Rooms on a Floor, a Garden well fenced in with Cedar Boards, a Pump of good Water, and a large Barn. It is divided into four Lots; the whole in good Order, produces remarkably well, and the beſt Kinds of Graſs.

¶ CHARLES COXE.

Third Month 14th, 1769.

THE Creditors of JACOB COOK are hereby requeſted to bring in their Accounts to RICHARD PARKER, one of the Truſtees, in order to receive their Dividends.

To be ſold by public vendue, at the London Coffee-houſe, on Wedneſday, the 3d of May next, at 6 o' clock in the Evening, if not diſpoſed of before by private ſale,

A CERTAIN lot of ground, ſituate on the eaſt-ſide of Water-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, north and ſouth, on Water-ſtreet 30 feet, and in length or depth 180 feet into the river Delaware, bounded northward by a lot of Iſrael Pemberton, eaſtward by the river Delaware, ſouthward by a lot of Bryan Wilkinſon, and weſtward by Water-ſtreet aforeſaid. There is a Wharf, the breadth of the lot, partly run out, and a three ſtory brick kitchen, that letts for £21 per annum, erected thereon, likewiſe a good Well of Water in the yard, and a large Foundation laid for erecting another tenement, ſubject to the Proprietaries thirds, and the arrearages thereof. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the premiſes before the day of ſale, may apply to JOHN DOYLE, Blockmaker, living in Water-ſtreet, near Race-ſtreet, Philadelphia. §

New-Caſtle Goal, March 13, 1769.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber, upon his petition to the Honourable Houſe of Aſſembly of the government of the counties of New-Caſtle, Kent and Suſſex, upon Delaware, the 26th day of October laſt, applied for an act of aſſembly to diſcharge him from his confinement (he not being intitled to the benefit of the act of aſſembly of the ſaid government, intituled, "An act for the relief of inſolvent debtors") obtained an order of the ſaid houſe, whereby he was commanded, "to cauſe advertiſements to be inſerted in the Pennſylvania Gazettee, ſix weeks before the next meeting of the ſaid houſe, therein giving notice to his ſeveral creditors, of his application to the ſaid houſe to be diſcharged from his confinement, and that they ſhould attend the ſaid houſe on the third day of June next, to make their objections (if any they ſhould have) to the prayer of ſaid petitioner." In obedience to which order, I do hereby give notice to all perſons concerned, to attend on the ſaid third day of June next, if they, or any of them, have any objections to my being diſcharged. † WILLIAM SCOTT.

Cheſter County, March 13, 1769.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the 6th day of April next, on the premiſes,

A PLANTATION, containing 114 acres, moſtly wood land, well timbered, with white-oak, black-oak, hickory, &c. ſituate in Brandywine Hundred, and county of New-Caſtle, within 2 miles of a landing on Delaware, and convenient for tranſporting ſhip plank, ſcantling, and fire-wood to Philadelphia, bounded by land of William Robinſon, Iſaac Grubb, William Tally, and others, being part of the real eſtate of Samuel Grubb, deceaſed. Likewiſe to be ſold the ſame day, all the ſaid Samuel Grubb's right, title, and intereſt of one equal undivided ſeventh part of a certain meſſuage, plantation, tract, or parcel of land, lying and being in Brandywine Hundred aforeſaid, bounded by the river Delaware on one ſide, and land of Adam Grubb, and others, containing by eſtimation 175 acres; and one equal undivided ſeventh part of 3 lots of land in Marcus-Hook, ſuppoſed to contain (in the whole) about 6 acres. And on the ſame day will be ſold, a quantity of clean wheat, rye, oats and Indian corn, wheat and rye in the ground, a plow and harrow, a jinn and blocks for hoiſting logs, and divers other articles, too tedious to mention. The vendue to begin at 10 o' clock, where the conditions of ſale will be made known, and attendance given, by

LYDIA GRUBB, Executrix, and
RICHARD BAKER, Executor.

And on the 8th day of ſame month, will be ſold by public vendue, at the houſe of Joſhua Littler, in Wilmington, a marſh lot, containing two acres, nearly oppoſite ſaid town, in New-Caſtle Hundred, bounded by lines of Joſhua Littler, and others, being part of the real eſtate of Samuel Grubb aforeſaid, deceaſed. The conditions will be made known on the day of ſale, and attendance given, by the aforeſaid Executors. ¶

Kent County, Maryland, February 24, 1769.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Kent county, Maryland, about the 12th of this inſtant, a convict ſervant man, named *Michael Kern* or *Hern*, a Taylor by trade, about 5 feet 7 inches high, ſlim made, thin viſaged, dark complexion, black hair, a German born, and is ſo much like a French Neutral, that he may very well paſs for one; had on, when he went away, a dark coloured jacket, or half coat, of beaver coating, much worn, a double breaſted jacket, of white cotton, green half thick breeches, a neat pair of pumps, good ſtockings, and ſeveral good ſhirts; he is an artful cunning fellow, can write, and has money; he may change his name and dreſs, likewiſe forge a paſs. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and brings him home, if taken within the county, ſhall receive Eight Dollars reward, if out of the province, and brought home, Twenty Dollars reward, and if taken out of the county, and ſecured in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Ten Dollars reward, provided immediate notice be given, paid by

¶ RICHARD GRESHAM.

February 24, 1769.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Hopewell township, Cumberland county, a ſervant girl, named NANCY HOWARD, 13 years of age, 5 feet 3 inches high, of a fair complexion, frizled brown hair, has a mark on the left cheek cloſe by her ear, and ſlow to anſwer; had on a blue and black ſtriped lincey petticoat, a white lincey bedgown, a coarſe tow ſhift, ordinary ſhoes, and blue ſtockings; ſhe was born in London. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures her in any jail in this province, or elſewhere, ſo that her Maſter may have her again, ſhall receive Thirty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by THOMAS DUNCAN. ¶

To be ſold at public ſale, on Thurſday, the 23d of March, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Mrs. Cummings, on the Falls road,

A CERTAIN PLANTATION or tract of LAND, ſituate on the road leading from Wiſſahickon to Germantown road, commonly called Shute's road, containing about 22 acres, the greateſt part meadow ground, and a thriving orchard, having a wooden tenement and large barn erected thereon, adjoining lands of James Logan and others; now in the tenure of JOHN DEEL.

ALSO a certain lot of ground, ſituate on Manheim-ſtreet, in Germantown, containing about 13 acres; bounded eaſtward and weſtward by ground of Edward Shippen, Eſquire.

RUN away from the SUBSCRIBER, living in Trenton, Weſt New-Jerſey, on the 18th day of March, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named MICHAEL BRADY, about 19 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, well ſet, very thick legs, and knock kneed, fair complexion, full grey eyes, and lightiſh ſhort hair; had on, and took with him, a brown thickſet fuſtian coat and breeches, and a green cloth jacket, with flat metal buttons on them, a pair of blue ſtocking breeches, one linen jacket, with red ſtripes, one white and ozenbrigs ſhirt, coarſe grey yarn ſtockings, new pumps, with long quarters, with metal buckles in them, and coarſe felt hat. He is a ſhoemaker by trade, and pretends to the ſtuff work. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

‡ WILLIAM TUCKER.

N. B. He may very probably change his name and clothes, as he is a crafty fellow.

THIS is to certify, that I John Flourie, of Rapho township, in Lancaſter county, diſcharge any man to truſt my wife Elizabeth Flourie, or Greſbil, for I will not pay any debt of her contracting from the date hereof. Given from under my hand this 24th day of February, 1769. JOHN FLOURIE. ‖

of *April*, having three Fourths of her Cargoe ready to put on board. For Freight or Paſſage, agree with GEORGE FULLERTON, or the Maſter on board. ¶

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

THAT high pleasant situated lot of land, on the left hand side going into Germantown from Philadelphia, containing 20 acres, it fronts 40 perches on the main street, whereon is a very good orchard of the best of fruit trees, such as apple, pear, peach, plumb, cherry, &c. and also about 3 acres of the best of watered meadow, that never wants manure, and about 3 acres of wood land, with good quarries of building stone. Also the place the Subscriber lives at, containing about 23 acres, with a good two story stone house and kitchen, and a compleat tan-yard of 28 vats, besides handlers, limes, water-ponds, bates, &c. which are all watered by a stream running through the tan-yard, with all necessary buildings, as currying shop, cellars, mill-house, and beam-house; and also a distil-house, that is supplied with water by a fountain that keeps constantly playing into the cooling tubs, or any other part; there is also a good barn, and stables, and about 7 acres of very good watered meadow, that never wants manure, and will turn out as much hay, per acre, as any in the neighbourhood; there is also on this lot, the most valuable collection of fruit trees of any in the neighbourhood, which are near all come to bearing, such as apple, pear, plumb, peach, apricot, English walnut, and sundry other sorts; there are so many different sorts, that from the time they first ripen, they may constantly carry to market until winter. Likewise a lot of meadow ground, containing ten acres and one quarter of very good mowable meadow, fronting on a road leading from Frankford to the Falls of Schuylkill. Also a piece of wood land, containing about 13 acres, as well wooded as any in the neighbourhood, adjoining to the aforesaid meadow ground, and about half a mile from the first described lots.

Any person inclining to purchase any of the above lots, may view the premises, and know the terms of sale, by applying to

¶ JACOB NAGLEE, near Germantown.

N. B. Some years time will be given for a great part of the purchase money, giving security, and paying interest.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, the 12th of this inst. March, from the Subscriber, living in Providence township, Philadelphia county, an Irish servant man, named Thomas O'Shochany, alias Bryan, upwards of 30 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, slender built, thin faced, a little pock-marked, black curled hair, cut short on the crown, has much of the brogue on his tongue, loves strong liquor, given to lying, and snuffing; had on, and took with him, 2 check shirts, one new, the other patched with new check, a blanket coat, yellowish cambiet jacket, and one other without sleeves, a felt hat, with deep crown, and narrow brim, old leather breeches, new washed, grey milled stockings, 2 pair of old shoes, one made for strings, the other buckles; also a few shoemaker's tools, which he uses in the cobbling way; he has been several years in the country, and lately at York and Albany, also at Elk forge, in Cæcil county, Maryland, and it is probable will make towards some of the above places.

Also run away from the Subscriber, on the 25th of September last, another indented servant, named John Johnston, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, slender built, fair complexion, sandy hair, red beard, talks slow, and has a simple look; had on, and took with him, a half-worn claret coloured broadcloth coat, old green jacket, and check shirts; it is likely he has made towards the Jerseys, as his father John Johnston, and Benjamin Johnston, are living in Salem county.

Whoever takes up and secures the said servants, so that their master may have them again, shall receive the above reward, or Five Pounds for each, and if brought home reasonable charges, paid by me JOSEPH RICHARDSON. ¶

RUN away from the Subscriber, living in West Marlborough township, Chester county, the 9th of this instant March, an apprentice man, named John Daniel, about 27 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, thin faced, and has dark coloured hair; had on, when he went away, a homespun shirt, dirty leather breeches, about half worn, black yarn hose, good shoes, with large carved pewter buckles in them, a blue twilled cloth coat, about half worn, a green jacket, ragged on the left side, old felt hat, with white loops, and a black silk handkerchief; says he is a Scotchman, and served his time with John Lewis, in Uwchland township, Chester county, and may perhaps have his old indentures with him; he also says he has been several trips out a privateering, under Captain M'Pherson. All masters of vessels are forbid taking him off at their peril. Whoever takes up and secures said apprentice, so that his master may have him again, shall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by FRANCIS FISHER. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

TWENTY-SIX ACRES of good LAND, pleasantly situated, in Passyunk township, within 3 miles of the city of Philadelphia, about one half is woodland, part of the estate of Charles Brogden, Esq; Enquire of RICHARD WALN, who has to lett, an elegant well-finished dwelling-house, in Fourth-street, near Market-street, now in the tenure of Sarah Orme, and may be entered upon the 6th day of May next. ¶

To be SOLD, or LETT for a term of years,

A CERTAIN piece or parcel of land, situate in the township of Lower Chichester, and not above one mile from Marcus-Hook, lying on a very public road, containing 18 acres, with a good sawed log-house and shop thereon, as likewise a good frame smith's shop, and sett of tools, may be had therewith; there is a good orchard on it, and a very good well at the door; it is suitable for any trade or public business, but might suit a blacksmith very well, as the subscriber follows the wheelwright's trade near it, and uses a quantity of iron-work yearly, to the amount of 50 or 60 pounds. Any one inclining to purchase, paying one half of the money down, may have any reasonable time for the other, from

¶ ZACHARIAH DERRICK.

To be SOLD or LETT, by the Subscriber,

A LOT and HOUSE, situate in Germantown, fronting the Street, near the Market-House, where Moses Hall formerly kept Tavern and Store; the House is 3 Stories high, and very suitable for any public Business, there being Stables and Out-houses sufficient. For further Information and Terms, enquire of John Jones, in Germantown, or the Subscriber, at Whitemarsh. ABRAHAM GRIFFITH.

Alloway's Creek Township, Salem County, March 3, 1769.

LEFT in the custody of the Subscriber, some time in June last, a dark brown HORSE, about 12 or 13 hands high, 5 or 6 years old, without brand or ear-mark, with a star in his forehead, paces, trots and gallops, short bob tail, most of his mane hangs to the off side; the person that brought him calls himself Thomas Powell, and says he got him of a young man, an acquaintance of his, a ship carpenter, at a place called The Trap, in New-Castle county, and that he, Powell, was to leave the said horse at the young man's father's, in some part of the Jerseys; but since said Powell has absconded, and being apprehensive that the said horse might have been stolen, this is to inform the owner, if any, to come and prove his property, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold in six weeks from this date, to pay charges, by me LEWIS OWEN.

N. B. Said Powell brought, with said horse, a good saddle and bridle. *

Piles grove, Salem County, March 13, 1769.

TO be sold, by way of public vendue, on the 18th day of April, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, A plantation, situate in the township of Piles grove, containing 150 acres of good wheat land, 100 acres of the same cleared, and in good fence, 10 acres of good meadow, and 20 acres of good ash swamp, within 25 miles of the city of Philadelphia, lying on the stage road from Cooper's ferry to Cumberland county; there is on said premises, a good dwelling-house, with two rooms on the lower floor, a good brick draw-well at the door, a good frame barn and stables, and a fine bearing orchard of good fruit. Part of the money to be paid down, and a reasonable time will be given for the remaining part. The farther conditions will be made known on the day of sale, and attendance given by

‖ ABRAHAM PETERS.

RUN away from the Subscriber, living in Tredyffryn township, Chester county, on the 21st day of February last, a servant lad, named Alexander Thompson, about 18 years of age, about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, very thick built, a swarthy complexion, and commonly wears a cap, by reason of a scald head, is a great talker, and very much given to lying; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, a whitish linsey jacket, tied with strings, an old coarse white shirt, leather breeches, with plain brass buttons, old white stockings, home made, and a pair of good strong shoes, tied with strings. All masters of vessels, and others, are forbid to carry off or harbour said servant at their peril. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, or brings him to me, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

‖ EDWARD REES.

Carlisle, March 10, 1769.

BY virtue of his Majesty's writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, in the town of Carlisle, the following plantations and improvements, viz. on Tuesday, the 18th of April, at 12 o'clock, a certain improved plantation and grist-mill, situate in

late the property of John Jack, containing 200 acres, be the same more or less; on Wednesday, the 19th, a certain plantation and improvements, at the hour of ten in the forenoon, situate near Back creek; and on Thursday, the 20th, one other plantation, at 4 in the afternoon, situate on Cunnadagwena creek, near Shippensburgh, containing 200 acres apiece, be the same more or less, late the property of James Fulton; likewise on Wednesday, the 19th, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, 200 acres of land, joining lands of James Lyon, situate on the north side of Juniata; on Thursday, the 20th, at 10 in the forenoon, 100 acres of land, joining Andrew Bratton, on the south side of said creek; and on Friday, the 21st, at 10 in the forenoon, 200 acres in the forks, by Frank's-town, joining lands of Alexander Lowrey; and at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, one other tract of 200 acres, joining lands of Daniel Lowrey, deceased, opposite the Cunnew Island, in Juniata; late the property of Charles Stedman, and Alexander Stedman; the above tracts seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by DAVID HOGE, Sheriff. ¶

Carlisle, March 10, 1769.

BY virtue of his Majesty's writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Wednesday, the 31st of May next, at 12 o'clock, a certain plantation, and tract of land, situate on the river Susquehanna, with a large two story log-house, with a double stack of stone chimnies in it, a double barn, and out-houses, with half the benefits of that noted ferry, called Harris's ferry, and the public road leading from Philadelphia, Reading, &c. to Carlisle, Virginia, Carolina, and Fort Pitt; late the property of William Harris, deceased; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by DAVID HOGE, Sheriff. ‡

To be SOLD, by the subscriber, by way of vendue, on Saturday, the 15th of April,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, in the Great Valley, containing 134 acres, in Tredyffrin township, Chester county, about 18 miles from Philadelphia, on Lancaster road, and one from two grist-mills, and two saw-mills, is very handy to several places of worship; there is about one half cleared, the other half well timbered, about 7 acres of good watered meadow, and more might be made with little or no trouble, as it only wants to be plowed; there is water plenty for about 10 acres, and with little expence there might be a dam made to turn the water, which will water all winter; the fences in good repair; there is on the plantation a good stone house and kitchen, barn, stables, cow-houses, and sheep-houses; also a good spring, and a house over it; likewise a good bearing orchard, that bears every year, a good lime stone quarry, and a good kiln close to the quarry. The title is good, and the place may be entered on immediately. Any person inclining to purchase, before the day of sale, may apply to the subscriber on the premises, ¶ THOMAS CALVERT.

N. B. Part of the place is fresh land, and a very good garden.

To be SOLD by the subscriber, at his house at Clonmell, for ready money, on the 4th of next month, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon,

TWENTY-TWO Acres of cedar swamp, lying and being in the township of Greenwich, in the county of Gloucester, and province of West New-Jersey, and within 10 chains of Repaupo creek, where there is water enough for a ten cord flat to go out loaded, and one end of the tract joins to the fast land, so that the timber is handy for land or water carriage; and is about a mile, or a mile and a half from the said swamp to the meadows that were late Isaac Cooper's, and a good road; this is remarkably the best cedar swamp in these parts, as it never has been culled or worked out. The title is indisputable. Any person or persons inclining to purchase the same, may apply at the day of sale, or before, if they please, to view the same. JOHN STEELMAN. †

New-Garden, March 7, 1769.

WHEREAS Elizabeth, my wife, by the advice of her relations and children, hath gone and left me, and continues to stay from me, though often invited to return; and as I have threatnings frequently hinted to me, that I will be sued for a separate maintenance to my wife, it puts me under the disagreeable necessity of thus publickly warning all persons not to trust or credit her on my account, as I will pay no debt of her contracting after this date; and if she returns to the duty of a wife, as she ought, I will always maintain her according to my ability. ALLEN CUNNINGHAM. *

TO be SOLD at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at Queen's Town, in Queen Ann's county, on Wednesday, the 29th of March inst. about 600 acres of land, more or less, situate on both sides of the river Choptank, about 5 miles above the Bridge, being part of a tract called Codshead Manor, is well suited for tillage, and convenient for three settlements, with a parcel of rich low ground, fit for meadows to each. The land is near a church, a mill, and a landing place, and does not exceed 14 miles to a landing on the river Delaware. The title is good. Six months credit will be given for the purchase money, the purchaser giving bond, with security, to the subscriber, who will attend the sale. In the mean time apply to JOHN FISHER, *in Queen Ann's county, or* BENJAMIN KENDALL, *in Philadelphia.* §

RUN away, the 13th of this inst. March, from the subscriber, in Tredyffrin, Chester county, a servant man, named PEARCE CHESSEY, about 35 years old, or more; he is a very lusty healthy man, stoops much, is a weaver by trade, and very handy at the carpenter's trade, as he says; has a down look, and black complexion. He took with him one handkerchief, with diamond squares on one side, and blue and white on the other, and two pitching axes; also another handkerchief, with diamonds on both sides; one walnut coloured stocking, and one pale blue ditto, footed; a short blue mended coat, a jacket made of a blanket, and faced with linsey, leather breeches, and shoes, with thongs in them. He was bought out of Chester goal, where he was confined for stealing a watch; and some time ago, he took away two pair of silver buckles, one pair 30 penny weight, the other 26. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, if in the province, shall have Forty Shillings; and if out of the province, Three Pounds reward, and reasonable charges, from DAVID EVANS. ¶

To be SOLD at public vendue, on Thursday, the 6th of April,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, containing about 2000 acres, lying in Faquier county, in Virginia, well wooded and watered; the said land lays within half a mile of the main road from Dumfries to Winchester, and 3 miles to the westward of the Bull Run Mountain, on a branch of Goose Creek, near one fourth part of this land may be made exceeding good meadow. The sale will begin at 12 o'clock, at the house of Mr. John Sciers, who lives within half a mile of the land, and will shew it to any person who wants to view the premises, which will be parcelled out or sold together, as may be agreed on at the day of sale. Time will be given for payment on bond, with security, if required. JUDSON COOLIDGE.

Aquia, in Virginia, Dec. 10, 1768.

TO be sold, on Tuesday, the 4th day of April next, the valuable tract of land, known by the name of BRENTON, containing 8000 acres, lying in Prince William county, and within 18 miles of Colchester, 14 of Dumfries, and 25 of Falmouth. This land is remarkable for being level, of a rich soil throughout the tract, and well timbered and watered, has many valuable improvements on it, and pays no quitrents. The sale will begin precisely at 12 o'clock, at the house of SCARLET MADDEN, on the premises, and the land sold either in lots, or the whole, as shall be agreed upon on the day of sale, as well as the terms for payment. ROBERT BRENT, WILLIAM BRENT, DANIEL CARROLL, HENRY ROZER. Tho.

YOUNG MERRY TOM,

IS now in fine Order, and will cover MARES at Major Barnsley's, at Bensalem, in the County of Bucks, at FOUR DOLLARS the Season, or TWO the single Leap. He is a very genteel, strong, handsome Horse, a fine Bay, Fifteen Hands and a Half high, with a Star, and one white Foot; he is half Brother to the famous Pacolet, and free from all Kinds of Blemish.

EXOTIC,

Will also be allowed to cover a very few MARES at the same Place, at EIGHT DOLLARS the Season, or FOUR the single Leap. Exotic is a very fine dark Bay, and free from all Blemish, was got by Jolly Chester, who was got by Othello, his Dam by Spark, his Grandam by Digges's Stallion, his Great Grandam by Governor Ogle's Barb. The Dam of EXOTIC was Dulcinea, the Spanish Mare.

TO BE SOLD,

Or exchanged for a house or lot of ground, in or near the city of Philadelphia,

A VERY convenient, pleasantly situate, brick house and lot, near Chester, fronting the river Delaware; it was built on purpose for a store, and has been applied to that use for many years. The house is 30 feet front, 2 stories high, a good kitchen, well of good water before the door, a garden, well boarded, and paled in, a stable for 3 or 4 horses, cow-house, hog-house, and fowl-house; a good conveniency for a carriage of any sort, with a good store for grain or salt; likewise a piece of pasture ground near the house. It would suit a sadler extraordinary well, as there is one wanted there. If sold, the purchaser may have any reasonable time to pay the money in. For terms apply to the subscriber on the premises. Likewise to be sold, a pair of likely black HORSES, well matched, and well broke, with or without a genteel PHAETON, which has been but very little used, with very handsome harness; the phaeton painted green, and neatly gilt.

§ WILLIAM HENDERSON.

Philadelphia, Land-Office, February 23, 1769.

THE LAND-OFFICE will be opened on the third day of April next, at ten o'clock in the morning, to receive applications from all persons inclinable to take up lands in the new purchase, upon the terms of Five Pounds Sterling per hundred acres, and One Penny Sterling per acre per annum quit-rent. No person will be allowed to take up more than 300 acres, without the special licence of the Proprietaries or the Governor. The surveys upon all applications are to be made and returned within 6 months, and the whole purchase money paid at one payment, and patent taken out within 12 months from the date of the application, with interest, and quit-rent from 6 months after the application. If there be a failure on the side of the party applying, in either procuring his survey, and return to be made, or in paying the purchase money, and obtaining the patent, the application and survey will be utterly void, and the Proprietaries will be at liberty to dispose of the land to any other person whatever. And as these terms will be strictly adhered to by the Proprietaries, all persons are hereby warned and cautioned, not to apply for more land than they will be able to pay for in the time hereby given for that purpose.

By Order of the Governor,

JAMES TILGHMAN, Secretary of the Land-Office.

N. B. So long a day is fixed, to give the back inhabitants time to repair to the office.

To be SOLD by JAMES DER KINDEREN, in STRAWBERRY ALLEY,

GOOD Fall Mackarel; Oil by the Barrel; Melasses by the Hogshead; and choice good Tea by the Dozen, at a low Price. Also a Riding Chair, &c. &c. &c. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED, or stolen away, from the subscriber, living at the Head of Elk, in Cæcil county, Maryland, on Sunday, the 19th of February last, a light iron-grey HORSE (or rather may be called a muddy grey) 6 or 7 years old this spring, near 15 hands high, paces, trots and gallops, branded on the near shoulder W, and on the near buttock B, he is a waggon horse, and the hair is chafed on each side of his body, with the chains, he has a large white ratch down his face, and when he went away, was shod all round. Whoever takes up said horse, and secures him, so that the owner may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges if brought home; and if stolen, whoever apprehends the thief, so that he may be brought to justice, shall have Three Pounds more.

† TOBIAS RUDULPH.

BERNARD and JUGIEZ,

Carvers and Gilders, at their looking-glass store, the corner of Chestnut and Third-streets,

HAVE imported by the last vessel from London, Captain Sutton, a neat assortment of looking-glasses, and girondalas, figures of plaister of Paris, and brackets, and paper machie for cieling with, which will be sold on very low terms, for cash. ‖

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

March 30, 1769. NUMB. 2101.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

At a Meeting of the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, *held at* Philadelphia, *for promoting* Uſeful Knowledge, Friday, March 18, 1769.

UPON motion that ſome public acknowledgment ought to be made of that generous encouragement, which the Honourable HOUSE of ASSEMBLY of this Province, continues to give to this Society, for enabling them to carry into execution their propoſed obſervations of the enſuing *Tranſit of Venus*;

Reſolved, That the late addreſs of this Society to the Honourable Houſe of Aſſembly, be immediately publiſhed; and that application be made for a copy of the Aſſembly's reſolution upon the ſaid addreſs, in order to be thereto annexed, viz.

To the Honourable Houſe of REPRESENTATIVES of the Freemen of the Province of Pennſylvania, in General Aſſembly met,

The humble ADDRESS of the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, held at Philadelphia, for promoting Uſeful Knowledge.

GENTLEMEN,

THE kind reception which the late Honourable Houſe of Aſſembly, at their ſeſſion in September, were pleaſed to give to the humble addreſs preſented to them by one of the Societies, whereof this Society is now compoſed, and the generous vote, paſſed in purſuance of that addreſs, to purchaſe a *reflecting Teleſcope*, with its proper apparatus, for obſerving the enſuing *Tranſit of Venus*, --- are evidences that the houſe were actuated by a laudable deſire to promote uſeful knowledge, and the reputation of their country: And, *therefore*, it was judged, by the Gentlemen who preſented that addreſs, a duty incumbent on them to acknowledge, in the moſt public manner, the grateful light, in which this mark of favor and protection from the Repreſentatives of their country, ought to be conſidered by every lover of *ſcience* and uſeful *arts*, in the Province.

But as an UNION of *two Societies*, which at that time purſued the ſame ends on different foundations, hath ſince happily taken place; and we are now, in our *united ſtate*, to ſhare the common benefit of the Aſſembly's generoſity; we therefore beg leave, in the moſt humble manner, to expreſs our grateful ſenſe of the public countenance, given by the late Honourable Houſe of Aſſembly to the deſigns for which we are aſſociated, and to requeſt the continuance of the like favor and protection from your Honourable Houſe, in the further proſecution of thoſe deſigns, ſo far as they may appear calculated to promote the public good.

It would be needleſs on this occaſion to point out to you, how many and various benefits may accrue to any country, and eſpecially to young colonies, from a Society inſtituted on ſo extenſive a plan as that of the *American Philoſophical Society*, held at Philadelphia, for promoting Uſeful Knowledge. The experience of ages ſhews, that, by ſuch inſtitutions, *arts and ſciences*, in general, are advanced; uſeful diſcoveries made and communicated; many ingenious artiſts (who might otherwiſe remain in obſcurity) drawn forth, patronized and placed in public uſefulneſs; and (what is of great conſequence to theſe young countries, eſpecially in their preſent ſituation) every *domeſtic* improvement, that may help either to ſave or acquire wealth, may, by ſuch means, be more effectually carried on. While ſuch are our views, we flatter ourſelves, we ſhall never ſollicit the countenance of the Aſſembly of Pennſylvania in vain.

We, therefore, now beg leave to renew the requeſt, that you would be pleaſed to make ſome further proviſion for carrying into execution the obſervation of the enſuing *Tranſit*, which is an object of ſo much importance, that moſt of the civilized ſtates in Europe appear to be deſirous of lending aſſiſtance in it. As the uſe of the *Teleſcope*, under ſuch direction as you may think proper, will be neceſſary as ſoon as it arrives, we further *pray* that leave may be given for erecting an OBSERVATORY * in the *State-houſe* ſquare, and that you would grant ſuch public aſſiſtance, as you may think convenient, for erecting the ſame; and alſo for making an obſervation of the *Tranſit*, at leaſt as far weſtward as Fort-Pitt, which will be of great uſe, compared with obſervations in this and other places more to the eaſtward.

Signed by order, and in behalf of the Society,
February 7, 1769. THOMAS BOND, *V. P.*

In ASSEMBLY, February 11, 1769. A. M.

THE Houſe reſumed the conſideration of the Addreſs from the *American Philoſophical Society* for promoting Uſeful Knowledge, and after ſome Debate thereon,

Reſolved, That the Sum of *One Hundred Pounds* be granted to the ſaid Society, to be laid out towards defraying the Expences neceſſary for obſerving the enſuing Tranſit of *Venus*; and that a Certificate for that Purpoſe be prepared to be ſigned by the Speaker.

Extract from the Journals,
CHARLES MOORE, *Clerk of Aſſembly.*

The above are true Copies from the Minutes and Proceedings of the *Society*, publiſhed agreeable to their Order, by
WILLIAM SMITH, JOHN EWING, *Secretaries.*

* *An* Obſervatory *is now erected in the State-houſe ſquare, at the expence of about* 60 *l. out of the* 100 *l. granted in purſuance of this addreſs.*

By the Captains STORY, *and* FALCONER, *arrived here from* London, *in ſhort Paſſages, we have the following Advices, viz.*

VIENNA, January 11.

LETTERS from Conſtantinople of the 16th of December adviſe, that the Engliſh Ambaſſador there had delivered a ſecond memorial to the Porte, in order to procure the liberty of the Sieur Obreſkow, the Ruſſian Reſident. He therein repreſented, that in caſe the ſaid Reſident, who is known to be in a very bad ſtate of health, ſhould happen to die, the public would look upon that event to have been premeditated by the Government, which would bring upon the Porte the reproach of all other Powers; and that beſides, if during the courſe of the war, any Ottoman Nobleman ſhould be taken priſoner by the Ruſſians, he would be expoſed, by way of repriſal, to the ſame fate. Theſe remonſtrances have produced this good effect, that the Ruſſian Reſident and his retinue have been removed to the houſe of the keeper of the Caſtle of Seven Towers, where they are much more happily lodged.

Warſaw, Jan. 7. Even the Turks are ſtruck with horror at the barbarities daily committed by the Confederates upon the Diſſidents; the body of Captain Godin, who was murdered by the Confederates of Bar, continued without burial ſeveral days, and was expoſed by thoſe Barbarians to be devoured by the dogs.

Madrid, Jan. 3. The Court has received advice, that on the 15th of October, a terrible ſtorm happened at the Havanna, which continued for three hours. Near 1000 perſons loſt their lives, among whom were great numbers of Negroes; moſt of the ſugar plantations were entirely deſtroyed; and moſt of the ſhips upon the coaſt were driven on ſhore. The damage is computed at 3,000000 Piaſters.

Paris, Jan. 16. It is ſaid that ſeveral of our Officers of Artillery have obtained leave to ſerve in the Turkiſh army; that is, to act againſt the Ruſſians.

Conſtantinople, Dec. 16. The ardour with which the preparations of war are carried on againſt Ruſſia, makes it ſufficiently apparent that the Porte pays very little regard to the inſinuations of the miniſters from ſome foreign powers who would inſpire her with pacifick ſentiments. The authority of the new Grand Vizir is very great, beſides a very numerous retinue, the chancery of ſtate, the department of the finances, and ſeveral other public officers, with all the ſtate papers from the beginning of the preſent century, are ordered to follow him; the officers of the department of foreign affairs have received the ſame orders, greatly to the diſſatisfaction of the miniſters who reſide here from the chriſtian powers, who are by this order obliged to ſend their chief Interpreter to the army, beſides the delay of public buſineſs, which muſt naturally enſue.

A body of 7000 men, commanded by Halil Bey, and another of 6000, commanded by Fieſch-Ulla-Pacha, Beglerbey of Natolia, are upon the march, and expected ſoon at Adrianople. The reſt of the Aſiatic troops are to embark near the Dardanelles, in order to be tranſported by the Black Sea to Gallipoli, becauſe they do too much miſchief when they paſs through the ſuburbs of this capital. We learn from all parts of the empire, that the ſeveral commanders in chief vie with each other in providing the moſt coſtly field equipages, in order to appear with ſplendor.

The Grand Signor has demanded of the Jews, Greeks, and Armenians, eſtabliſhed in this city, a contribution of 650,000 piaſters.

Peterſbourg, Dec. 30. The diligence with which the troops of the Empreſs are ſupplied with all ſorts of neceſſaries, gives us hopes that they will be able to open the campaign before the Turks, and even to carry the ſeat of war into their territories. It is aſſured that Prince Repnin, ambaſſador at Warſaw, will be recalled from thence. The Empreſs will certainly continue to entertain a perfect good underſtanding with the King, and the ſoundeſt part of the Republic of Poland, her Imperial Majeſty having the defence of that kingdom as much at heart as that of her own.

Warſaw, Jan. 10. We hear from Great Poland, that the famous Malaziewiki, being attacked near Koſten, by a body of Ruſſians, retired into the caſtle of that place, which being taken by aſſault, that chief was cut to pieces, with great part of his followers; the remainder have fled into the Diſtrict of Suabia, where they threaten to revenge the death of their leader the moment they are reinforced.

Paris, Jan. 20. A report has prevailed here for ſome days, which however does not meet with great credit, that a treaty is on foot between the King of France, the Empreſs-Queen, the Grand Signor, the King of Pruſſia, and the Elector of Saxony, with a deſign to curb the power of Ruſſia, and place the Duke of Saxe-Teſchen upon the throne of Poland.

Warſaw, Jan. 14. The ſituation of public affairs in this kingdom becomes every day more and more critical, by the declared rupture between Ruſſia and the Ottoman Empire. What appears ſingular is, that on the one hand the Porte aſſures the grandees of great affection towards them, and of intereſting itſelf in favour of the Republick; and on the other, attacks the election of the King as illegal, at leaſt it appears ſo, by the Grand Vizir's letter of the 28th of October. This letter ſeems to be calculated for promoting a diſturbance in the kingdom, which is already too much diſtracted by ſo many different confederacies; but we are perſuaded that it will have no effect, at leaſt ſo far as regards the perſon of the King, who may rely upon an unalterable attachment from the moſt valuable part of the nation.

According to ſome letters from Padolia, the Haydamacke, joined by ſome of the Peaſants, continue to exerciſe great cruelties. Other letters aſſure us, that the line formed by the Ruſſian troops on the ſide of Moldavia is not only compleated, but likewiſe, that in caſe of need it will be reinforced by ſeveral regiments, who are within three or four marches of it.

Vienna, Jan. 18. The laſt letters from Conſtantinople leave no hopes of a reconciliation between the Porte and Ruſſia. The former has gone too far to alter its reſolution, unleſs the other would renounce its engagements with reſpect to Poland, which is not likely.

Authentic advices from the ſame place import, that the Grand Signor has allotted 20,000 piaſters for the preparations of the campaign only; that the ſeveral corps which he intends to employ againſt the Ruſſians, will amount in all to 250,000 men, and that the Chan of the Tartars has promiſed his Highneſs to come into the field with 100,000 men. It is well known that the Ruſſians cannot oppoſe this army with equal numbers, but then their troops are much better ſkilled in the art of war than the Turks.

[*For more* NEWS, *ſee the next Page.*]

New-caſtle, March 27, 1769.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the owners of the cripple, and low grounds, ſituate on Morris's Branch, in Appoquiminy hundred, and county of New-Caſtle, that they attend the honorable houſe of Aſſembly, at New-Caſtle, on the ſecond day of June next, to make their objections (if any they have) to the prayer of ſundry of the owners of part of ſaid cripple and low ground, to the ſaid houſe of Aſſembly, in October laſt, for an act of Aſſembly, for keeping in repair the bank already made, and Sluices, for the benefit of ſaid owners, &c.

¶ By order.

Nottingham, Cheſter County, March 18, 1769.

ALL perſons that have any demands againſt the eſtate of Hugh Kirkpatrick, deceaſed, either legatees, or others, are deſired to come and ſettle their accounts before the firſt day of April next, that they may be adjuſted, by

¶ JOHN KIRKPATRICK, junior, Executor.

THE Owners and Occupiers of Wicacoa Meadows, are deſired to meet at the Court-Houſe, on Monday next, the Third of April, between Two and Six o' Clock in the Afternoon, to elect Five Managers, and a Treaſurer, for the enſuing Year. ¶ 1 W.

To be LETT by WILLIAM KELLY,

A VERY valuable TRACT of about 2000 acres of land, in the county of Morris, in Eaſt-New-Jerſey, as healthy a country as any in the world, about fifteen miles from Newark, (a ſea port town) in that province, and about 23 miles from New-York.

This tract is ſo fine a body of land, as I believe few, if any, can equal it for fertility and richneſs; about 1500 acres of which is a rich low ground, clear of ſtones, black mold from 22 to 36 inches, on a ſtratum of blue clay: The ſoil is as fine as any in the world for graſs, and will grow any kind of grain in ſo very luxuriant a manner, as to be in danger of lodging in high winds. The remainder is upland, on which there is a fine ſituation to build, commanding a proſpect of great extent over the low ground, and is very good in quality; with a fine young orchard, the largeſt in the province, containing about 1400 trees of the beſt grafted fruit, at 30 feet diſtance, which bore this (for the firſt year) and from which when it comes to maturity, there may be from 500 to 1000 barrels of cyder made yearly. There is on the eſtate Blackheart, Mayduke, Whiteheart, Coronation, and Bleedingheart cherries, Bergamott, and other pears; Holland, Green Gage, and other plumbs; a nurſery of ſeveral thouſand apple trees, ſome of which are fit to ſet out. A good farm houſe, kitchen, and a very fine dairy and cyder houſe built this year; a barn, with twelve barracks for hay and corn; a very fine corn-houſe, and a large granary; a Negroe houſe, ſmoke-houſe, a large fowl-houſe, a ſmith's ſhop, a coal-houſe, a large cow-houſe, two horſe ſtables, a neceſſary and large bee-houſe, two green houſes to preſerve cabbage and roots in the winter; two pigeon-houſes, well ſtock'd; and other conveniences, too many to mention. There is on this tract, at a diſtance of leſs than half a mile, a good houſe for a hind or ſteward, and two other tenements that will lett, or accommodate ſervants that have families; and there may (one year with another) be upwards of 200 tons of fine Engliſh hay, clover and ſpear graſs, and upwards of 500 tons of coarſe hay cut; all the land producing at preſent this coarſe graſs, is capable of being made as fine meadow as any in the world, at a very ſmall expence; and is deemed one of the fineſt places in America, to breed mules for the Weſt-Indies. There is on the whole about 300 acres of woods, containing ſome fine timber for building. Through the tract runs a fine brook, on which ſtands, within leſs than half a mile of the dwelling-houſe, a griſt-mill, and a ſaw-mill, (not on the tract) and in the Brook; and alſo a river on which the tract bounds, are plenty of trout, and other fiſh: There are alſo ſome deer, turkeys, and plenty of wild-geeſe, ducks, partridges, quails, &c. on it in the proper ſeaſon; and at the foot of the garden is a very fine ſpring, never dry, and an extreme good place for a fiſh pond. The main road 66 feet wide, runs through the tract, not an acre of barren or poor land on the whole.

This eſtate lies in the heart of a country, where any quantity of cattle may be bought, at all ſeaſons of the year, at a very moderate price; and as there may be ſome perſons extremely well qualified to buy, fatten, and ſell cattle, who would incline to rent, in caſe they had a proper capital to carry on that buſineſs to advantage, the owner propoſes to let a good tenant have any ſum on intereſt, not exceeding 1000l. giving good ſecurity.

Should any perſon incline to purchaſe, rather than rent the above eſtate, it may be bought at a reaſonable price, and any term not exceeding ten years, given for payment of a part or whole of the money, on allowing intereſt, and giving good ſecurity. The title clear and indiſputable; and will be warranted to the purchaſer. There is on it now the largeſt and fineſt breed of cattle in America, imported from Holland, and as good horſes as any in the province; all or any of which, with about twenty ſlaves, bred to farming and country work (among which is a good blackſmith; maſon and ſhoemaker) will be ſold, and poſſeſſion of the whole immediately after given to the tenant or purchaſer. For further particulars, enquire of John Berrien, Eſq; near Prince-town, Stephen Moylan, Eſq; in Philadelphia; the owner in New-York, or in his abſence, Abraham Lott, Eſq;

N. B. The above land pays no quitrent. March 23.

TO BE SOLD,

THAT well accuſtomed tavern, called the King of Pruſſia, ſituate on the main ſtreet, in the middle of Germantown, together with two or three acres of land, or more, as it may beſt ſuit the purchaſer, having alſo a barn, and good ſtabling, and all other neceſſary conveniences. The terms of payment ſhall be made eaſy to the purchaſer. Further information is to be had on the premiſes, of the owner,

JACOB COLEMAN.

N. B. Said Jacob Coleman keeps alſo a Hemp mill, where all perſons can get their Hemp dreſſed in the beſt manner, at reaſonable rates. ¶

To be SOLD, by the Subſcribers,

TWO pieces of land, viz. ſixty acres, lying in Mount-Holly; on which there is a good brick dwelling-houſe, a good frame kitchen, good orchard, ſtables and out-houſes. And twenty acres of meadow ground, lying ſome diſtance from the other. The terms of ſale may be known, by applying to JOHN HATKINSON, in Mount-Holly, or JOHN CRIPPS, living near Salem. ‖

BY virtue of his Majeſty's writs to us directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by way of public vendue, on the 11th day of April next, at the houſe of Jacob Koker, innholder, in Springfield townſhip, a valuable plantation, containing 400 acres of land, part thereof in the county of Bucks, in Springfield townſhip, and part in Lower Sawkunk townſhip, in the county of Northampton, bounded by lands of Elias Bidelman, and others, on which there are two orchards, a valuable quantity of upland cleared, and the woodland well timbered, a good meadow, that is well watered, and a good lime ſtone quarry, late the properties of George and Bernard Sigman; ſeized and taken in execution by William Buckman, late Sheriff, and to be ſold by JOSEPH ELLICOTT, and JOHN JENNINGS, Sheriffs. ¶

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the fourth Page.*]

LONDON.

Jan. 14. *The Molly, Denny, from Virginia, was run down by the Magna Charta, Dodge, in Madeira Road, and intirely loſt.*

Jan. 17. *It is ſaid a petition of a very ſingular nature has, within theſe few days, been ſent from America, to be delivered to a certain great perſonage.*

We hear that ſeveral ſhips from New-England are about returning empty, there being ſcarce any orders for goods, that are not conditional, and the event on which they depend is, it ſeems, not likely to happen, viz. the repeal of the duty acts. Some ſay, that tho' eight ſhips are up at the Coffee-houſe for Boſton, there are not poſitive orders enough to load one of them. Others ſay, not enough to load a long-boat.

Jan. 23. By letters from Corſica, we are informed of a freſh defeat which the French have met with in that iſland, near the bridge of Bivinco; having been obliged to retire with great loſs towards Furiani. The Corſicans, after purſuing the enemy ſome time, and making priſoners a major, ſome ſubaltern officers, and many ſoldiers, returned to their entrenchments, where they hourly expected their general with 6000 men, to enter into the province of Nebbio, having formed the project of intirely driving out the French.

Extract of a letter from Iſle Rouge, Dec. 14.

"The 8th of this month, a ſmall Corſican privateer, commanded by Captain Lazzeco, an inhabitant of this iſle, ſailed from this port, upon a cruize againſt the little French veſſels that bring over proviſions and ammunition for their troops in Corſica. Scarce was he got out of port, when he diſcovered a French tartane from Provence, which he took after a good deal of reſiſtance, and brought into the Gulph of Sagone, where her cargoe was unloaded, conſiſting of 334 barrels of gunpowder, and 354 fuſils. He then put to ſea again, and ſoon after took another tartane of the ſame nation, coming from Ajaccio, and for Provence, where ſhe was carrying among other effects 64000 livres in ſpecie, beſides a number of gold and ſilver watches, and many other effects, of ſmaller value.

Yeſterday being the firſt day of term, Mr. Bingley, bookſeller, and publiſher of the North Briton, No. 50 and 51, appeared in the court of King's Bench; and refuſing to anſwer Interrogatories on oath, was committed to the King's Bench Priſon, till he will ſubmit to anſwer them, for a contempt of that court in the two numbers as above.

At a Court of Aldermen, held at Guildhall, the late election of John Wilkes, Eſq; to be Alderman of Farringdon Ward Without, in the room of Sir Francis Goſling, deceaſed, was declared to be illegal; and a Wardmote is accordingly appointed to be held on Friday next, for a new election.

Jan. 26. Yeſterday the Right Hon. Sir Edward Hawke, Firſt Lord of the Admiralty, had the honour of a conference with his Majeſty at St. James's.

The Rachel, Brooks, from Maryland to London, is totally loſt near Granville.

Jan. 27. A grand council is ſummoned to meet this day at St. James's.

At the meeting of the electors of Weſtminſter, on Wedneſday laſt, at the great room over Exeter Exchange, in the Strand, to inſtruct their members, the five firſt inſtructions agreed to, were to the ſame purport as thoſe lately preſented to the members for Middleſex, to which the following was added, "And we do ſtrongly inſiſt, that you never ceaſe your endeavours to promote a parliamentary enquiry into the caſe and grievances of John Wilkes, Eſq; and to vindicate and ſupport the rights of the people who have elected him their repreſentative." [*The Middleſex inſtructions were inſerted in our laſt.*]

Yeſterday a Wardmote was held by the Right Hon. the Lord-Mayor, at St. Bride's Church, for a new election of an Alderman for the Ward of Farringdon Without; when there being no other candidate than John Wilkes, Eſq; he was declared duly elected. The Right Hon. the Lord-Mayor made a genteel apology to the Gentlemen of the Ward, on account of his calling them together a ſecond time, owing meerly to a miſtake in cloſing the books before the time agreed on.

Jan. 30. The Houſe of Commons broke up on Friday night about twelve; ſoon after which Mr. Wilkes was carried back to the King's Bench Priſon.

On Saturday, a Gentleman was ſent by the Right Hon. the Lord-Mayor to John Wilkes, Eſq; to congratulate him on his re-election as Alderman of Farringdon Ward Without; and to acquaint him, that at the next Court of Aldermen his Lordſhip would declare his election; and to deſire him to come the court-day following, to Guildhall, to be ſworn in.

A letter from Warſaw, dated January 7, ſays, "We juſt now hear that the Peaſants of the Ukraine are diſperſed, and a conſiderable number of them made priſoners, among whom is their chief."

Letters from Liſbon adviſe, that the Convent of the regular Canons of St. Auguſtine, in that city, was inveſted on the 9th of laſt month, by the King's order, and all the papers ſeized. The Superior of the Convent, and nine of the Monks, were at the ſame time taken into cuſtody, and conducted to priſon.

Letters from Italy adviſe, that ſince the Turks have quitted the country of Montenero, to go to reinforce their army deſtined to act againſt the Ruſſians, all the reſentment of the Montenegrins has fallen upon the Venetians, who ſome time ago burnt two of their villages; in return for which, they have now repulſed them, and taken four large villages, which were furniſhed with troops and artillery.

A letter from Paris ſays, "The Parliament aſſembled on the 12th of January, and proteſted againſt every thing that was done the day before in the Bed of Juſtice, or that ſhould be done in conſequence thereof."

Feb. 1. Yeſterday there was a very full Houſe of Commons, when a great number of Conſtables attended in the avenues to keep off the populace, who were very numerous; Mr. Wilkes was brought by the Marſhal of the King's Bench to the Houſe about half an hour paſt Twelve o' clock, and carried to the apartments of the Serjeant at Arms. The populace huzza'd him as he paſſed.

Letters from Warſaw, of the 7th of January, ſay, "The Haydamacks have lately ſacked the town of Lomak, and maſſacred the inhabitants.

We are told, that in caſe the talked-of expulſion, and bill of excluſion from holding any place of honour, power, or truſt, ſhould take place, as ſome warm friends of government ſay will abſolutely be the caſe; that then the friends to Mr. Wilkes's cauſe intend to wait on the Right Hon. the Lord-Mayor, to requeſt he will be a candidate for the county.

Feb. 3. Yeſterday his Majeſty did not go to the Houſe of Peers, but the following bill, among others, received the royal aſſent, by commiſſion, viz.

The bill to continue and amend an act for the free importation of Iriſh ſalted proviſions for a further limited time, and alſo from the American colonies.

Yeſterday morning about thirty of the moſt reſpectable livery of London waited on the Right Hon. the Lord-Mayor, to requeſt his Lordſhip would ſummon a Common-Hall, to conſider of inſtructions to be preſented to their members at this alarming criſis; when his Lordſhip very obligingly appointed to-morrow ſe'nnight, the 10th inſtant, for the aſſembling of the livery.

We hear the freeholders of the county of Eſſex will ſoon have a meeting at Chelmsford, to conſider of inſtructions to be given to their repreſentatives in parliament.

We hear that the city of Briſtol, and the other capital places in the kingdom, are impatiently waiting the ſenſe of the city of London, with reſpect to the giving of inſtructions to their members, that it may be followed throughout the kingdom; as the only vigorous, conſtitutional, and moſt effectual ſtep that can be taken in the preſent critical and divided ſituation of our internal affairs.

It is ſaid that inſtructions are coming up from ſeveral parts of North and South Wales to their repreſentatives.

It is now ſaid that the petition of a certain popular gentleman, which before was reduced to two points only, has been totally thrown out; ſo that his deſign, whatever it may have been, in preſenting it, has entirely miſcarried.

It is the opinion of others, that the expulſion or rejection of a certain popular gentleman would be of no advantage to his enemies, becauſe he would in that caſe be ſucceeded as Knight of the Shire, by his intended ſon-in-law, who, for that purpoſe, would reſign his divinity.

It is apprehended by ſome perſons, that Mr. Alderman Wilkes will ſoon take up his reſidence in the ſtrongeſt houſe in the city.

It is ſaid that the patriot intends to appropriate all his future pecuniary ſupplies from America to the ſervice of the brave Corſicans, thoſe ſtrenuous aſſertors of liberty.

It is whiſpered that ſome letters of great importance, and bad tendency, which were written in the ſpring to the friends of a certain patriot in America, have been intercepted, and are intended to ſerve as matter effectually to put an end to his popularity.

Feb. 4. Yeſterday a Cabinet Council was held at St. James's, at which his Majeſty was preſent.

Letters from Copenhagen ſay, his Daniſh Majeſty arrived in that metropolis the 14th of January, at Five in the evening, preceded by 30 poſtillions. He was received with the greateſt acclamations of joy. The garriſon were under arms, and repeated ſalutes of the artillery announced the general ſatisfaction. The reigning Queen met his Majeſty at Rotſchild, and accompanied him in his coach to the capital.

Letters from the Lower Elbe, dated Jan. 24, mention a treaty of a very extraordinary nature to have been lately concluded, between the King of France, the Empreſs Queen, his Pruſſian Majeſty, the Elector of Saxony, and the Ottoman Court, who, it is reported, intended to put a reſtraint upon the growing power of the Muſcovites, and place the Prince of Sax-Teſchen upon the throne of Poland. [*Utrecht Gazette.*]

Letters from Poland, of the 10th of Jan. inform, that a Manifeſto has lately been publiſhed by the Confederates, in juſtification of their conduct, which is ſigned by Michael Kraſinſki, who calls himſelf Marſhal of the General Confederacy.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in the Engliſh Factory at Peterſburgh.

"*It is now no ſecret that the French, the better to carry on their deſtructive ſchemes ſouthward, have made a favourable diverſion towards the north, which will cut out work for two powers, viz. Ruſſia and Pruſſia. The bare intereſt of your idle millions, ſpent in Germany, would have prevented all this, and bribed the whole Ottoman Porte, from the Seraglio, to the Eunuch.*"

Letters from Hamburgh mention it as the univerſal opinion throughout all Germany, that a power, long known by the title of the "Common Diſturber of the Peace of Europe," is the ſole inſtigator and cauſe of the preſent rupture between the Turks and Ruſſians.

They write from Cadiz, that a great number of ſhip carpenters are at conſtant work, in building ſeveral new Spaniſh men of war of the line, which are ordered to be fitted out for ſea, immediately on being launched from the ſtocks.

Feb. 6. *Yeſterday Lord Barrington, Secretary at war, had the honour of having a long conference with his Majeſty.*

Friday ſome diſpatches, ſaid to be of importance, arrived at the Secretary of State's office from the court of Berlin.

The Houſe of Commons ſat till near three o'clock on Friday morning, when the popular affair was finally determined.

Saturday morning a celebrated patriot loſt his ſeat in a certain aſſembly.

It is ſaid that, for the future, none, but perſons of high rank and character, will be appointed Governors of the Britiſh colonies in America.

Extract of a letter from Smyrna.

"The news of war, which ſpreads conſternation in all other countries, produces here a quite contrary effect; for the joy of the people is inexpreſſible, and one would think, from their preparations, that they were rather going to a fair than to war. Theſe preparations are in general very brilliant, and the people, in emulation of their ſuperiors, ſtrive to exceed each other in their equipages. The tents of the Grandees are of gold and ſilver ſtuff, and their ſtandards are of ſattin; near all their arms are mounted with ſilver; and they take with them their moſt valuable effects, and large ſums of money, which moſt of them borrow till the end of the campaign, promiſing then to repay it with the priſoners they ſhall have made. Nevertheleſs, it is preſumed that all this apparatus of luxury will prove a misfortune to them; and that theſe effects, with which they burthen themſelves, will only ſerve to augment the booty they are preparing for the Ruſſians."

Letters from the Danube ſay, "The Turks have committed ſuch exceſſes in Wallachia and Moldavia, that the inhabitants, loſing all patience, have come to blows with them in divers parts."

They write from the Hague, that the French Ambaſſador has of late held divers conferences with the States General, which, it has ſince been reported, were on the ſubject of an approaching treaty.

Feb. 7. The Hague Gazette, of Jan. 30, contradicts the account, which was ſo confidently given, of the treaty between the Porte and ſeveral Chriſtian powers.

By a letter from Paris, dated Jan. 23, we hear that they have received no news of any conſequence from Corſica, but that great preparations are making for an entire conqueſt of thoſe ſtubborn iſlanders early in the next ſpring; ſeveral regiments, whoſe battalions have been entirely compleated, have received orders to file off towards Provence, to embark on board a number of tranſports at Toulon, which are deſtined for Corſica.

WILLIAMSBURG, March 9.

Extract of a letter from London, dated December 30.

"*It was propoſed in the Houſe of Lords, and carried, that an order ſhould be ſent to Boſton, for Governor Bernard to ſend Meſſ. Cuſhing and Otis, and as many others as he thought proper, over to England as ſtate priſoners, to be tried for high treaſon; but on further deliberation, and conſidering what might be the event, it was thought proper not to be put in execution, and ſo dropt. Doctors Lee and Blair both exert themſelves in behalf of America, who have frequent opportunities of converſing with men in power. There is great reaſon to believe that peace and tranquility will ſoon be reſtored to America.*"

BOSTON, *March* 20.

Letters from all the Governors in America, from General Gage, Commodore Hood, Colonel Dalrymple, and Captain Smith, have been laid before the Houſe of Commons.

PHILADELPHIA, *March* 30.

We have the following Extracts of Letters from London, viz.

January 29, 1769.

"American Affairs remain *in Statu quo.* The Lords, not long ſince, drew up a Number of Reſolutions, not very favourable to your Northern Neighbours, which they ſent down to the Commons for their Approbation. Theſe Reſolves they backed with an Addreſs to his Majeſty, of the *ſame benevolent Tendency.* The Commons, chagrined at ſuch an Infringement of their Dignity, have reſented the Propoſal; from which the Friends of America are led to hope, that the preſent Seſſion may diſcover ſome Signs of Penitence in the *Parent*, for the Diſtreſſes ſhe has brought on her *Children.*"

January 31, 1769.

"In reſpect to public Affairs, we cannot but be of the Opinion, that altho' many Things are adverſe to America, yet the Tide is turned in her Favour, by the Idea of raiſing Taxes on your Side daily *decreaſing* here, amongſt all Parties; and we think that no Miniſter will again attempt the taxing of you, as we believe they are heartily ſick of the late Act, and want only to ſave the Honour of P--------t, to get rid of it.----The moſt ſanguine of their Friends agree, that it is *improper*, and *uncommercial*; and that had a Petition come over from your Merchants, on the Principle of *Inexpediency*, inſtead of that from your Aſſembly, denying the *Right*, it would have been, ere now, repealed.----The Miniſtry at the ſame Time declare, that they will oppoſe a Repeal as long as America ſhall think that their *Threats* are to oblige a Compliance; however, we hope a little Patience will bring it about, every Thing being done, that is in the Power of your Friends here, to effect it, and as ſpeedy as the Nature of the Caſe will admit."

February 4, 1769.

"Indeed the Face of Politics wears a melancholy Aſpect at preſent, and what will be the Iſſue Heaven alone can tell. While the *Colonies* are in an Uproar about their Liberties, the People here are enraged, almoſt to a Degree of Deſperation, at ſeeing their Rights infringed in the Perſon of Mr. Wilkes, who was Yeſterday expelled the Houſe of Commons by a Majority of 103. Nothing ſo much alarms the Merchants here, as your Reſolutions to import no more Goods, which will have a more ſalutary Influence, than all the Mob Triumphs in the World."

February 6, 1769.

"The Doors of the Houſe of Commons are now ſhut againſt every Body but Members.----Whilſt the Legiſlature hath many important Matters to attend to, which require immediate Diſcuſſion, the Commons were employed all laſt Week, Night and Day (for they ſat every Day till two, three or four in the Morning) on Mr. Wilkes's Affair; and on Saturday (the Fourth) he was expelled between two and three in the Morning. He avowed the prefatory Remarks to Lord Weymouth's Letter, which is the firſt Reaſon aſſigned in the following Reſolution for his Expulſion, which is copied from their Journals, viz.

"That John Wilkes, Eſq; a Member of this Houſe, who hath, at the Bar of this Houſe, confeſſed himſelf to be the Author and Publiſher of what this Houſe has reſolved to be an inſolent, ſcandalous and ſeditious Libel, and who has been convicted in the Court of King's Bench, of having printed and publiſhed a ſeditious Libel, and three obſcene and impious Libels, and, by the Judgment of the ſaid Court, has been ſentenced to undergo Twenty-two Months Impriſonment, and is now in Execution under the ſaid Judgment, be expelled this Houſe."

"This Reſolution was carried, upon a Diviſion, by 219 to 137, and a new Writ is iſſued for electing another Member in his Room. But as they paſſed no Vote of Diſqualification, he will doubtleſs be re-choſen, and in that Caſe this Buſineſs will be, in Part, to do over again; ſo far I mean, as reſpects the Propriety of his ſitting in the Houſe.

"George Grenville was among thoſe who voted againſt his Expulſion; obſerving, that upon the firſt Point, reſpecting Lord Weymouth, it was an Offence againſt a private Man, and was cognizable and puniſhable by the common Law; and that with regard to the other two, he was now ſuffering the Judgment of the Court of King's Bench; that he wiſhed lenitive Meaſures to be followed, in order to quiet the Minds of the Public, and to render him of no Conſequence; and that Wilkes himſelf was ſo ſenſible of this, that he wiſhed for nothing more ardently than Perſecution, and would be diſappointed, if he had it not.

"Thus this Matter ſtands at preſent. Wilkes hath ſince publiſhed a moſt extraordinary Addreſs to the Freeholders of Middleſex, a Copy of which I ſend you. He ſeems now to be abſolutely deſperate, and reſolved either to bring down upon his Head the whole Vengeance of the Legiſlature, or to bully the Miniſtry into an Accommodation with him.----We ſhall ſee how it will terminate."

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of MIDDLESEX.

GENTLEMEN,

THE proceedings of yeſterday in the Houſe of Commons fill me with the deepeſt concern, and I can truly ſay, much more on your account than my own. I cannot be deprived of the glory of having been choſen a repreſentative in parliament for the firſt county in England; but I feel with anguiſh of heart, that the preſent Miniſtry have found means to ſuſpend for ſome time the plan of uſefulneſs to my conſtituents, and ſervice to this kingdom, which I had meditated. What adds however the moſt to my grief is, the melancholy reflection, that by my expulſion the Miniſtry have thus openly ſhewn, that they entertain no ſcruple of violating the ſacred rights of the people, even in the moſt important caſe, that of having a deputy nominated by themſelves to the great council of the nation. They have, in the inſtance of yeſterday, robbed a very reſpectable part of this kingdom of their nobleſt inheritance, of their ſhare in the legiſlative power. No ſett of men in this country have hitherto ventured ſo groſly to abuſe the truſt repoſed in them, nor to give ſo fatal a ſtab to the vitals of our country. The threatning aſpect of all our public affairs does not preſent any thing equally alarming, except in the late inſtance of ruffians hired to be your aſſaſſins, and the murderers of the conſtitution at our laſt county election, whom public juſtice, and an honeſt Engliſh jury, have hitherto in vain ſentenced to death. I think with horror on what we may in future dread for the liberties of all the Commons of Great-Britain, from ſo deſpotic an adminiſtration, if our gracious Sovereign ſhould much longer continue to them the power of the ſtate.

Permit me, Gentlemen, to renew to you the aſſurances of inviolable attachment to your ſervice, and the cauſe of liberty, to which my life is dedicated. My courage is not appalled, nor my ſpirit in the leaſt abated. I will carry with me to the grave an unſhaken fidelity and ardent affection to you, and to this country, an invincible hatred and oppoſition to its enemies. I hope ſtill to give you further proofs of my ſentiments by my parliamentary conduct. I flatter myſelf that the relation between us, which ſubſiſted yeſterday, although now diſſolved by the violence of arbitrary Miniſters, will, in a ſhort time, again take place. Every mark of your regard I ſhall value in a high degree, and I truſt that my conduct will convince you, that I am not quite unworthy of the choice, which I have now the honour of humbly ſoliciting.

I am ſtrongly influenced on this occaſion by a particular reaſon, which ſtrikes me very forcibly, and I believe will have the greateſt weight with you. It is, that by a ſecond choice of me for this county, you, Gentlemen, the independent freeholders, will aſſert the clear right you derive from the conſtitution, of naming your own repreſentatives. If Miniſters can once uſurp the power of declaring who *ſhall not* be your repreſentative, the next ſtep is very eaſy, and will follow ſpeedily. It is that of telling you, whom you *ſhall* ſend to parliament, and then the boaſted Conſtitution of England will be entirely torn up by the roots. The parliaments of Great-Britain will become not only as inſignificant as thoſe of France, a meer ſtate-engine of government, but a grievous burthen and infinite miſchief to the nation. The preſent great criſis affords the opportunity of aſſerting your moſt valuable privileges, and of ſhewing yourſelves ſuperior to the inſolent mandates of a Miniſter, who has the preſumption to treat Engliſhmen as ſlaves.

The rights of this free kingdom, Gentlemen, have been frequently violated in my perſon. You have now in me the opportunity of vindicating them, and I hope, without the reproach of vanity, I may add, that my firmneſs in the ſupport of our common liberty, under circumſtances equally perilous and intricate, has ſecured me your confidence, and will be conſidered by you as a proof that you may again ſafely honour me with this freſh teſtimony of your eſteem, the chuſing me a ſecond time the repreſentative of my native county in parliament.

I am, Gentlemen,
With true regard and gratitude,
Your moſt obedient, and
King's Bench Priſon, *affectionate humble ſervant,*
Saturday, Feb. 4, 1769. JOHN WILKES.

The other Accounts we have, relative to American Affairs, are in general, That tho' there be no immediate Proſpect of Redreſs, yet that the wiſhed for Period, it is thought, is nearer than many imagine; for it is obſerved, the Opinion, which had but too generally prevailed, of raiſing Taxes on America, ſeems

*** For ANTIGUA and St. KITTS, the Ship *Earl of Donnegall*, DUNCAN FERGUSON, Maſter; has excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers, will ſail about the Firſt

given up by many, from a Perſuaſion of its being erroneous, and by others, as a Meaſure that will not anſwer the intended Purpoſe----That, therefore, altho' there be no Probability of P------t reverſing the *Declaratory Act*, it is not likely that any M------r will hereafter attempt to make Uſe of it to the Purpoſes of Charles Townſhend; and that *that* Burthen, it is believed, will ſoon be removed.

That the preſent Oppoſition to the *immediate* Repeal of the late Revenue Act, ariſes from the Offence taken at its being *inſiſted on* with *Threats* from this Side, which is conſidered, by ſome of our *zealous* Friends in P--------t, as an improper Meaſure, and inclines them leſs to countenance an *immediate* Redreſs, tho' they have it warmly at Heart to be done in, what they call, "a due Time." That, however, it is thought, it will be effected; and that the Continuation of a prudent and temperate Conduct, will be the moſt ſure Means of accelerating it. That nothing has added to the Difficulty of this Work, more than the Merchants of one Province having *ſent* their Orders *conditionally*, at the ſame Time that their near Neighbours determined to have their Goods at all Events.----That *this*, with Advices from reſpectable Characters on this Continent, that a conſiderable Part of it cannot long ſubſiſt without Supplies from England, had very much decreaſed the Fears of many in that Reſpect, and raiſed in others the Opinion, that if ſuch a Trial of Strength is ever to be made, it may be as well done now as at any other Time, eſpecially as it is imagined that our Markets are ſo overſtocked with Goods, that giving us Time to conſume them, will ultimately be advantageous to England.

Captain Story, from London, on the 16th Inſtant, in Lat. 29, Long. 66, ſpoke the Brig Richard Penn, from Limerick for Maryland, 30 Days out, but did not learn the Maſter's Name; and on the 24th, in Lat. 37:52, Long. 72, he ſpoke a Brig, belonging to Glaſgow, bound to Antigua, and a Ship for Glaſgow, both from Norfolk, in Virginia, out two Days.

Captain Cox, from the Grenades, on his Paſſage, ſpoke the Brig Cornelia, Captain Peele, for Madeira, out four days; and the Ship Molly, Captain Alliſon, for Antigua, out 24 Hours, both from this Port.

By Captain Buckley from Gibraltar we learn, that the Emperor of Morocco was going with an Army of 100,000 Men againſt Mazegon, a Settlement belonging to the Portugueſe, on the Coaſt of Barbary, and that he intended to ſtorm it on the 6th of laſt Month; that all the Engliſh Conſuls on the Barbary Coaſt were arrived at Gibraltar, at which Place 6 or 8 Sail of New-England Veſſels had been lying ſome Time, as the Trade with the Moors is entirely ſtopped till Matters are ſettled with the Engliſh; that 6 or 8 Sail of Engliſh Veſſels were lately loſt in a Gale of Wind, at Magadore, but he does not know to what Ports they belonged; and that Captain Waddel, in a Sloop from New-York, arrived at Gibraltar in 39 Days.---Captain Buckley, on the 16th Inſtant, in Lat. 28:12, Long. 61:30, ſpoke a Snow with Paſſengers for Penſacola, all well, but he could not learn the Maſter's Name.

Extract of a Letter from Gibraltar, Feb. 3, 1769.

"An Order has lately been tranſmitted from the Secretary of State's Office, to the Governors of Gibraltar and Minorca, and all the Conſuls in Portugal, Spain and Italy, to inform themſelves of all the American Veſſels that call at their reſpective Ports, the Cargoes they bring, and thoſe they return with, and to report the Particulars to the ſaid Office."

By Captain May, in 5 Weeks from Corunna, we learn, that twelve Sail of large Tranſports, with Troops on board, were to ſail a Day or two after him, for Porto Rico, under Convoy of three Frigates.----On the 24th ult. off the Weſtern Iſlands, he ſpoke the Snow Patty, Captain M'Carty, from South-Carolina for Liſbon, out 33 Days; and on the 17th Inſtant, in Lat. 36:38, Long. 54, he ſpoke the Snow General Gage, from New-York for London, out 10 Days, all well.

The Captains Friend and Budden ſailed with Captain Falconer; and Captain Reid ſailed with Captain Story; all for this Port from London.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captain Scott, at Briſtol; Blair and Johnſon, at Cork; Mackey, M'Ilvaine, and Brown, at Londonderry; Cox, at Dublin; Greenway, at Barbados; and Captains Wilſon and Giles, in the Bay of Honduras.

From Virginia. Captain White, at Briſtol; Milroy, and Saliſbury, at Liverpool; and Captain Rotoh, at Deal.

From New-York. Captain Winſlau, at Liverpool; and Captain Spicer, at Hull.

At Deal. Captain Richardſon, from Quebec; Caznean, Shepherd, and Brown, from Boſton; and Captains Hamers, and Daverſon, from Rhode Iſland.

Captain Yeaton, from Piſcataqua, is arrived at Dartmouth.

Deal, Jan. 12. Came down, The Betſy, Love, for Maryland.

24. The Sally, Anderſon, for Virginia.

Feb. 4. The Randolph, Walker, for Ditto.

*** *The* CONTRIBUTORS *to the Sea Captains Club, are deſired to attend their Quarterly Meeting on Monday, the 3d of April, at 6 o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-houſe.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Molly, J. Chapman, Sloop Three Friends, T. Parker, and Sloop Rainbow, W. Church, from Boſton. Sloop Three Friends, W. Wyer, Piſcataqua. Sloop Deborah, J. Waterman, and Schooner Diana, P. Huſſey, Nantucket. Sloop Africa, B. Carman, Madeira. Schooner Patience, J. Burrows, St. Vincents. Schooner, Britannia, H. Johnſon, Salem. Sloop Patience, W. Ward, N. Carolina. Sloop Diamond, S. Swett, R. Iſland. Brig Eagle, A. Hamilton, Jamaica. Brig Rachel, J. Cox, Grenades. Brig George, S. Young, Honduras. Ship Unity, E. Story, and Ship Pennſylvania Packet, N. Falconer, from London.

OUTWARDS. Brig Ann and Catherine, J. Cooper, for Halifax. Ship Rachel, J. Hanſe, Jamaica. Sloop Molly, J. Chapman, Sloop Deborah, J. Waterman, Sloop Rainbow, W. Church, and Sloop Peggy, B. Evans, Boſton. Brig Chance, J. Craig, Antigua. Schooner Diana, P. Huſſey, Nantucket, Schooner Britannia, H. Johnſon, Salem, N. E. Sloop Peggy, T. Eaſtwick, for St. Euſtatia.

CLEARED. Brig Patty, J. Wilſon, to Cadiz. Sloop Nelly, P. Peaſe, Dartmouth. Brig Georgia Packet, G. Bridges, Georgia. Sloop Peggy, B. Evans, Boſton. Brig St. James, J. Martin, Jamaica. Sloop Tom, B. Tuell, to R. Iſland.

Juſt imported in the Unity, Captain STORY, from London, and to be ſold on reaſonable terms, for caſh, or ſhort credit, by

STEPHEN COLLINS,

At his ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the Engliſh Church,

A NEAT and large aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India Goods, ſuitable to the ſeaſon.

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from London, Liverpool and Briſtol,

A very neat Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE,

To be diſpoſed of on reaſonable TERMS, by

WALTER and BERTLES SHEE.

Juſt imported on board the Pennſylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, and are now opening, by

PHILIP WILSON,

At his STORE in Front-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet corner,

An Aſſortment of Linen-drapery, Hoſiery and Birmingham and Sheffield Cutlery and Toy-ware, &c.

Said WILSON alſo expects on board the next Veſſels from London, Liverpool and Dublin, a very general Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable to the Seaſon, all which he will ſell on the loweſt TERMS, *for* CASH, *or on a ſhort* CREDIT.

A DUTCH SERVANT GIRL's time to be diſpoſed of, who has about three years to ſerve; ſhe can cook, and do all kinds of houſe work, and is an excellent ſpinner. Enquire of the printers hereof.

SAMUEL SANSOM, junior,

Has juſt imported in the ſhip UNITY, Captain STORY,

A NEAT ASSORTMENT of MERCHANDIZE, which he will ſell on reaſonable Terms, at his Store in Front-ſtreet, three Doors above the City Vendue-Houſe. ¶

MIFFLIN and DEAN,

HAVE imported from London, a large ASSORTMENT of SPRING-GOODS, which are now opening, at their Store, the Corner of Front and Cheſtnut-ſtreets. Tbctf.

ABRAHAM USHER,

Has moved to the ſtore, which Meſſieurs JOHN and LAMBERT CADWALLADER lately left, in Front-ſtreet, the fifth door above Walnut-ſtreet, and is now opening,

A NEAT ASSORTMENT of GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, imported per the Captains Story and Falconer, from London, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms for CASH or ſhort CREDIT.

Juſt imported in the Buchanan, Captain Cochran, from Glaſgow, and the Unity, Captain Story, from London, and to be ſold on moderate terms, by

SEMPLE and BUCHANAN,

At their ſtore in Front-ſtreet (the ſtore William Semple occupied) oppoſite Mr. John Reynell's,

An aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, chiefly conſiſting of a variety of ſilk gauzes, of almoſt all widths and patterns; ditto of Kenting lawns and handkerchiefs; thread ſtockings; Scotch threads from No. 5 to No. 60; ozenbrigs, ſaggathies, durants, ſhaloons, broadcloths, Ruſſia drabs, Ruſſia ſheeting, quadruple ſileſias, callicoes, cottons, chints, thickſets, checks, &c.

At ſame ſtore may be had a variety of other GOODS, ſuitable to this and other ſeaſons; among which are iron weights, rice, Books, &c. &c. &c.

THE MEMBERS of the Philadelphia Contributionſhip for inſurance of houſes from loſs by fire, are requeſted to take notice, that the election of 12 directors and a treaſurer, is to be held at the Court Houſe, in this city, on the 10th day of April next, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon; when it will be propoſed for the determination of that meeting, whether any further inſurances are to be made on wooden buildings or not. JOHN LANGDALE, Clerk.

STRAYED away from JOHN CORREY, of Philadelphia, 22d of March, a bay MARE, 4 years old, near 15 hands high, a natural trotter, her hind feet white, and a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, ſhod before, neither brand nor earmark that is known. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare, and ſecures her, ſo as the owner may have her again, ſhall have FIFTEEN SHILLINGS, and reaſonable charges, paid by the ſubſcriber, § JOHN CORREY.

Lancaſter County, March 17, 1769.

WHEREAS an Attachment ſome Time ſince iſſued out of the County Court of Common-Pleas for the County of Lancaſter, againſt JOHN LONG, late of the ſaid County, Store-keeper; whereupon the Subſcribers were duly appointed by the ſaid Court, Auditors to ſettle and adjuſt the Affairs of ſaid Long: This, therefore, is to give Notice to all Perſons who are indebted to the ſaid Long, to meet us, the ſaid Auditors, at the Houſe of the ſaid Long, in Drummore Townſhip, in the ſaid County, on the Monday, Tueſday, Wedneſday, or Thurſday, being the 17th, 18th, 19th, and 20th Days of April next; at which Times and Place, as alſo on every Saturday in the ſaid Month of April, due Attendance will be given by the ſaid Auditors. And all thoſe who are indebted to the ſaid Long, and do not then and there attend and ſettle their Accounts, and pay their reſpective Ballances, may be aſſured that their Accounts, Notes, &c. will be immediately put in Suit, without further Notice. ISAAC SANDERS, GEORGE M'CULLOCH, THOMAS PORTER. ¶

Bucks County, March 27, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 11th of April next, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the dwelling-houſe of Jacob Kooker, Inn-keeper, in Springfield townſhip, a certain meſſuage, tenement and tract of land, ſituate in the townſhip aforeſaid, containing 190 acres, with the appurtenances, bounded by lands of Philip Creſter, Melchior Lanchor, and others; late the property of Jacob Landis; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold, by ¶ JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 14th of April next, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a certain meſſuage, tenement and tract of land, ſituate in the Falls townſhip, Bucks county, containing 300 acres, with the appurtenances; bounded by lands of Thomas Harvey, Joſeph Milnor, and others; late the property of Langhorn Biles, deceaſed; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff. †

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 16th of April next, at the dwelling-houſe of Thomas Shewel, Inn-keeper, in Plumſted townſhip, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage, tenement and tract of land, ſituate in the townſhip aforeſaid, containing about 122 acres, with the appurtenances, bounded by lands of Thomas Shewel, Charles Steward, and others; late the property of Henry Hagerman; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by § JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Tueſday, the 18th day of April next, on the premiſes, at 12 o' clock, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract, or parcel of land, containing 200 acres, ſituate in Mill-creek Hundred, New-Caſtle county; bounded by lands of Robert Johnſton, Robert Kirkwood, and others; late the eſtate of William M'Dowell, ſeized and taken in execution by JOHN THOMPSON, *Sheriff.* §

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Wedneſday, the 19th day of April next, at 2 o' clock, at the houſe of William Marſhall, in the borough of Wilmington, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and lot of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the north-ſide of Water-ſtreet, in the ſaid borough; and a lot or piece of improved marſh, containing about 5 acres, ſituate near the ſaid borough, on the north-ſide of Chriſtiana-creek, and bounded by ſaid creek, and marſh of John Thomlinſon, and others. Alſo a ſmall plantation, and tract or parcel of land, with the appurtenances, near the ſame place, in which an eſtate for life only, is to be ſold; all taken in execution as the eſtate late of Benjamin Enochs, and to be ſold by † JOHN THOMPSON, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, at 2 o' clock, on Saturday, the 22d day of April next, on the premiſes, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and tract or piece of land, containing about 19 acres, part of which is marſh or meadow ground, ſituate near Reeden-Iſland, in St. George's Hundred, New-Caſtle county; bounded by lands of Cornelius Carty, Samuel Smith, and Archibald Fowler; late the eſtate of John Gooding deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by JOHN THOMPSON, *Sheriff.* †

STOLEN laſt night, out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, in Soleſbury townſhip, Bucks county, a ſorrel gelding, 7 years old, near 15 hands high, with white mane and tail, a natural pacer, ſhod before, carries himſelf very loſty, a white creaſe on his breaſt, the hair rubbed off his ſides and thighs. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſe and thief, and ſecures them, ſo as the owner may have the horſe again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and for the horſe only, THIRTY SHILLINGS, and reaſonable charges, paid by JACOB BOGART. March 26, 1769. ¶

DROPT, ſome time ago, between Cheſter and Darby, a pair of SADDLE-BAGS, in which were a ſhirt, ſtock and buckle, two pair of ſtockings, one cravat, one pair of pumps, &c. &c. Whoever has found ſaid BAGS, and will fetch them to the Death of the Fox, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, the Ship in Darby, or to Mrs. Withey's, in Cheſter, ſhall have Ten Shillings reward. †

TO be SOLD by public vendue (on the premiſes) on Tueſday, the 4th of April next, A certain meſſuage, plantation, and tract of land, containing about 83 acres, ſituate in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, having a fine front on the river Delaware. There is on ſaid place a good frame houſe, with 3 rooms on a floor, and a kitchen nearly adjoining it, a log barn, about 9 acres of meadow already made, and drained, and conſiderable more may be made, and about 15 acres of good woodland. The ſituation is very pleaſant, having a fine proſpect of the ſaid river, and the Jerſeys; is ſuitable for a gentleman's country ſeat, or a public-houſe, there having been one kept there by George Keen for ſome time. The conditions of ſaid vendue will be made known at the time and place of ſale, by ISAAC BANER. ¶

N. B. There will be ſundry houſhold goods expoſed to ſale, at ſaid vendue.

Philadelphia, March 14, 1769.

WAS left in Martin Cryder's Yard, a black STALLION, about 13 Hands high. Whoever has loſt ſuch a one, is deſired to come, prove their Property, pay Charges, and take him away, within five Weeks from the Date hereof, or he will be ſold for the Coſt by the Subſcriber, living at the Sign of the Swan, in Philadelphia,

¶ MARTIN CRYDER.

Reading, Berks county, March 23, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, on Tueſday, the 18th day of April next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the houſe of Valentine Keely, in Douglas townſhip, Berks county aforeſaid, will be ſold by public vendue, A tract of about 60 acres of unimproved LAND, adjoining lands of Thomas Rutter, Caſpar Richards, and George Chreſch; alſo one equal undivided third part, the whole into three equal parts to be divided, of 500 acres of land, unimproved, adjoining ſaid Thomas Rutter, and Valentine Keely's lands; the above tracts ſituate in Colebrookdale and Douglas townſhips, in the county aforeſaid; late the eſtate of Thomas Potts, ſenior, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by

¶ JACOB SHOEMAKER, Sheriff.

RUN away laſt night from the ſubſcriber, living in York Town, a Negroe MAN, who calls himſelf MOSES GRIMES, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, about 29 years of age; had on and took with him, a white coloured broadcloth coat, a green ditto, much torn, a flowered ſilk jacket, a half ſilk red ſtriped ditto, a brown broadcloth ditto, a nap ditto, one pair of broadcloth blue breeches, a pair of cotton ſtockings, and a pair of aſh coloured ditto, two pair of ſhoes, with a pair of braſs buckles, and a pair of boots, two linen ſhirts, an old hat, with a hole in the crown. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me

March 20, 1769. § PHILIP GRAYBILL.

SCHEME, in TWO CLASSES, of a LOTTERY, for raiſing the Sum of *One Thouſand Six Hundred and Eighty-ſeven Pounds, Ten Shillings*, to be applied to the Payment of the Arrears of Debt due for the erecting and finiſhing the German Reformed Church, and the German Lutheran Church in York Town; and for the Payment of the Arrears of Debt due for erecting and finiſhing the German Lutheran Churches at Heidelberg and Lebanon, both of Lancaſter County.

CLASS the FIRST.

1	Prize of	£	200	is	£ 200
2			100		200
4			50		200
8			25		200
20			10		200
40			5		200
1150			2		2300
1225	Prizes,				£ 3500
3275	Blanks.		Carried to the Second Claſs,		1000
4500	Tickets, at 20 s. each, are				£ 4500

CLASS the SECOND.

1	Prize of	£	700	is	£ 700
1			500		500
3			200		600
5			100		500
10			50		500
30			25		750
51			10		510
1230			3		3690
1331	Prizes,				£ 7750
3169	Blanks.				
4500	Tickets, at 30 s. each, are				£ 6750
			Brought from the Firſt Claſs,		1000
					£ 7750

The Legiſlature of this Province having favoured the Application for the above Lottery, and paſſed a Law for the carrying on the ſame, for the good Purpoſes thereby intended.---By the ſame Law appointed Philip Marſteller, Chriſtopher Wegman, John Weiſer, Simon Coppenhever, George Swingel, Henry William Stiegel, of Lancaſter County, Godfrey Rœhrer, and Chriſtopher Witman, of Berks County, Martin Eichelberger, George Keentz, John Hays, Jacob Dowdel, Joſeph Welſhantz, John Gukes, and John Schultz, of York County, Managers.----- It is hoped that the Public will, as far as in their Power, kindly encourage and aſſiſt in forwarding the ſame, ſeeing the Neceſſity aroſe from pious and religious Motives, in erecting Houſes for public Worſhip.---And the Adventurers have the utmoſt Security by Law, for the faithful Diſcharge of the Truſt committed to the Managers, and the Scheme equal, if not ſuperior to any yet publiſhed in this Province. The Adventurers in the Firſt Claſs are to have the particular Privilege to renew their Tickets in the Second Claſs, within 3 Months after drawing the Firſt; but if they neglect renewing them in Time, the Managers may ſell them to any Perſons who may apply; and if any Perſon, drawing a Prize, neglects to apply for the ſame within 9 Months after the Drawing of each Claſs, the ſame will be applied according to Law.----The Prizes will be ſubject to a Deduction of 15 per Cent.

The Drawing of the Firſt Claſs will be on the 14th of June next, at the Borough of Lancaſter, or ſooner, if ſooner full; when and where each of the Adventurers that pleaſe may attend, and the Prizes will be immediately publiſhed in the Pennſylvania Gazette, and Chronicle, and paid by the Manager who ſigns the Ticket.

Tickets may be had of the ſeveral Managers abovementioned; alſo of Mr. Henry Keppele, junior, Mr. Jacob Barge, Mr. William Goddard, and Meſſieurs Hall and Sellers, in Philadelphia; of Adam Simon Kuhn, Eſq; Matthias Slough, Eſq; Mr. William Bouſman, and Mr. Chriſtopher Crawford, in Lancaſter Borough; of Mrs. Eagy, in Manheim; of Mr. George Fry, in Middletown; of Mr. Frederick Hummel, in Hummel's Town; of Mr. Charles Shade, in Williamſburg; of Mr. Alexander Sheffer, and Mr. Philip Erp, in Heidelberg Town; of Mr. Jacob Seltzer, in Womelieders Town; of Mr. Iſaac Myer, Mr. Nicholas Houſecker, and Mr. Benjamin Spycker, in Fulpehokin; of Henry Miller, near Ephrata; of Mr. John Schultz, at Coneſtogoe; of Mr. Daniel Levan, in Maxatawny; of Ludwick Klotz, Eſq; and Mr. Benjamin Weiſer, in Northampton County; of Mr. John Spitler, and Mr. Renicker, in Macolliſter's Town; of Mr. Nicholas Biddinger, in Abbot's Town; and of Mr. Philip Fiſhbourn, in Tawney Town. By Order of the Managers,

HENRY WILLIAM STIEGEL.

IF GEORGE SCHEINTS, who came to Philadelphia from Francfort, in Germany, about 14 years ago, is living, and will apply to RICHARD MOORE, in Alloway's Creek, Salem County, he may hear of his brother HENRY SCHEINTS, who will be very glad of the opportunity of seeing him. ¶ March 22, 1769.

March 21, 1769.

ON Monday, the 10th day of April next, will be publickly exposed on the premises, a tract of land, whereon James Armstrong and Isaac Baily now dwell, lying on a high ridge of land, on the great road leading from the town of New-Castle to Dover, about the center of the county, within one mile of St. George's meeting-house, and within three miles of Hamburgh landing, on Delaware, from whence it is expected there will be a publick road laid out, extending through the middle of the premises to Back-Creek, on Elk-River, which will be the neareſt paſs, by way of Stages, for remittances between the two provinces; the whole tract being divided into lots, of which the greateſt part containing four acres each, and the reſidue one, two, and three acres, ſo conveniently ſituate, that moſt of the lots include water from two never failing ſtreams, running on each ſide. As the adjacent country is very fertile, and thick ſettled, and the place publick, it will doubtleſs be very convenient for many branches of buſineſs; the great want of tradeſmen in this part of the country, and ſuitableneſs of the place, may be ſufficient encouragement to them to become purchaſers here, as there are about twenty lots already engaged. The owners of the land, for the benefit of the place, give one lot of ground, and a ſum of money for the erection of a ſchool- and market-houſe. The ſale to begin at 10 o'clock, when attendance will be given, and the terms made known to thoſe inclinable to purchaſe, by

¶ THOMAS TOBIN, jun. and JAMES ARMSTRONG.

TO be rented, and entered on this ſpring, the tavern and plantation belonging to SAMUEL SCOTT, and now occupied by EPHRAIM MOORE; there is 170 acres of improved land, with a good orchard and meadow, a large ſtone dwelling-houſe, a large ſtone barn and ſtable, with all other conveniences for tavern-keeping and farming. Whoever inclines to rent the above premiſes, may apply to Samuel Scott, in Rapho townſhip, Lancaſter county. ¶

TO be SOLD by public vendue, on the 13th day of April next, at the houſe of Daniel Price, in Ridley townſhip, Cheſter county, 60 acres of good land, ſituated in ſaid townſhip, joining the lands of Samuel Evans, Jacob Worrall, and John Worrall, about 11 miles from Philadelphia, 3 from Cheſter, and a mile from a good landing; the land is well timbered, good for wheat, and other grain; there may be 8 or 10 acres of meadow, part of which may be watered by a ſtream that runs thro' ſaid land; there is a good ſtone quarry on ſaid land, not a mile from a landing; alſo a new log houſe, 18 by 14, and a ſpring at the door. The buyer may have one year's credit, paying intereſt for 1001. The title is indiſputable; it is clear of incumbrance, and may be entered on immediately. The ſale to begin at 3 o'clock in the afternoon on ſaid day.

There will alſo be ſold on ſaid day and place, horſes, hogs, a cart and gears, plows and harrow, and houſhould goods. §

Annapolis, March 20, 1769.

ON Tueſday, the ſecond day of May next, a ſweep-ſtake match, for Sixty Guineas, will be run over the race ground near this city.

On Wedneſday, will be run for, a purſe of One Hundred Pounds, current money, free for any horſe, mare or gelding, the beſt of three heats, four miles each heat; if riſing four years old, every horſe, &c. to carry eight ſtone four pounds, bridle and ſaddle included; five years old nine ſtone, ſix years old nine ſtone eight pounds, and aged ten ſtone.

On the day following to be run for, upon the ſame conditions, the remainder of the ſubſcription money, and each day's entrance.

Every perſon that runs a horſe, mare or gelding, for the Wedneſday's purſe, ſhall enter the ſame with Mr. William Green, on the Monday preceding the race, with whom ſhall be left ſatisfactory vouchers of his or her age, and at the ſame time, if a ſubſcriber, he ſhall pay Fifty Shillings, if not a ſubſcriber, Five Pounds entrance. For the Thurſday's purſe, every horſe, &c. ſhall be entered on the Wedneſday preceding, and ſatisfactory vouchers produced of his or her age, and pay entrance, if a ſubſcriber, Twenty, and all others Forty Shillings.

The time of ſtarting will be between one and three o'clock in the afternoon. Judges will be appointed to determine all diſputes which may ariſe, and if the weather proves very bad, they are at liberty to put off the race till the next day.

During the ANNAPOLIS RACES, in May next, will be SOLD to the beſt Bidder,

A GREY Mare, with Foal by Othello. She was bred by James Buchanan, of Glaſgow, and was foaled in April, 1762: She was got by Spot, Spot was got by Partner, out of a full Siſter to Old Sterling, her Dam by Crab, his Grand-Dam by Dyer's Dimple, his great Grand-Dam by Whynot, out of a Royal Mare.---The grey Mare's Dam was got by Cartouch, her Grand-Dam by Old Traveller, her great Grand Dam by Sedbury, her great great Grand-Dam by Childers, out of a Barb Mare.

A bay Fillie, one Year old, out of the above Mare, got by Othello.

Columbine, a dark grey Fillie, riſing three Years old; ſhe was got by Selim, and her Dam was the Duke of Cumberland's Ebony.

Britannia, a dark grey Mare, riſing five Years old. She was got by True Briton, and her Dam was the Duke of Cumberland's Ebony.

A Virginia Cheſnut Mare, riſing eight Years old: She was got by Dabſter, out of a three Quarter blooded Mare, and is now with Foal by Othello.

March 15, 1769.

WHEREAS I the ſubſcriber, Chriſtopher Tuſh, of the townſhip of Manner, in the county of Lancaſter, and province of Pennſylvania, did give unto Matthias Zimmerman, of Baltimore county, and province of Maryland, ſeven ſeveral bonds or writings, obligatory for the payment of four hundred pounds, dated the fifth day of November, 1768; and whereas I did buy of ſaid Matthias Zimmerman a tract of 20 acres of land, about four miles from Baltimore, which land ſaid Matthias Zimmerman cannot deliver or convey to me; this is therefore to forewarn all perſons, whomſoever, not to buy any of ſaid bonds, as I will not pay any of them.

¶ CHRISTOPHER TUSH.

March 23, 1769.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or ſtolen, from Mr. James Shaw's, in Derry townſhip, Lancaſter county, in the night of the 10th inſt. an iron grey HORSE, 3 years old laſt fall, is about 14 hands high, has a ſtar in his forehead, his mane pretty long and thin, hangs to the right ſide, has a ſhort ſwitch tail, and when but a little warm, is uſed to move it ſpeedily as horſes generally do when oppreſſed, is branded S, on the near ſhoulder, is round ſhod, and trots eaſy. Whoever brings ſaid horſe to the Subſcriber, in Mountjoy townſhip, county aforeſaid, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges; and for ſecuring the thief, if ſtolen, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, Four Pounds, paid by JAMES CUNNINGHAM. ¶

Tredyffrin, Cheſter County, March 25, 1769.

FIFTEEN POUNDS Reward.

WAS picked out of the Subſcriber's pocket, the firſt of this inſtant, in the Court-houſe at Cheſter, a large needle worked pocket-book, containing a conſiderable number of bonds, and about Fifty Pounds in paper money, beſides receipts, and other papers of value. Whoever apprehends the perſon or perſons that took the ſaid pocket-book, ſo that he or they be brought to juſtice, and the papers and money got again, ſhall have the above reward; or, Fifty Shillings for the pocket-book and papers only, and no queſtions aſked.

† JOSHUA EVANS.

N. B. If any perſon ſhould offer to aſſign over any bills or bonds, payable to the Subſcriber, the perſon to whom ſuch aſſignment may be offered is requeſted to apprehend him, and ſecure the bonds.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

At the late Dwelling-Houſe of JOHN MALCOLM, in Second-ſtreet, near the South Sugar-Houſe,

SUNDRY HOHSHOLD FURNITURE, PLATE, &c. The Sale to begin at 10 o' Clock, on Friday, the 7th of April next.

Philadelphia, Third Month 21, 1769.

To be LETT or SOLD, and entered upon immediately,

A PLANTATION, containing about 85 acres of land, with a good brick and ſtone houſe; alſo a water corn-mill and ſaw-mill thereon erected, on a conſtant ſtream of water; ſituate in Weſt-Nottingham; late the eſtate of William Reynolds. Any perſon inclining to rent or purchaſe the above place, may apply to JOHN REYNELL. †

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Thurſday, the 6th of April next, at 9 o' clock in the morning, at the houſe of Meſſieurs Orr, Dunlope and Glenholme, on Mr. Fiſhburn's wharff, and oppoſite Mr. Reeſe Meredith's,

ALL ſaid Orr, Dunlope, and Glenholme's houſhold furniture, conſiſting of feather beds, mahogany chairs and tables, a mahogany deſk and book-caſe, looking glaſſes, pictures, carpets, andirons, and a variety of other houſe and kitchen furniture, too tedious to mention.-----A parcel of very choice Engliſh rigging, and 3 machines for cleaning of flaxſeed, in compleat order; alſo a very likely negroe boy. Attendance will be given, by Benjamin Fuller, Randle Mitchell, John Pringle, James Craig, and John Boyle, Aſſignees to the creditors of Meſſieurs Orr, Dunlope, and Glenholme.

The Aſſignees deſire thoſe indebted to ſaid company, to ſettle their reſpective accounts with them, to prevent further trouble; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid company, are deſired to furniſh the Aſſignees with their accounts.

To be ſold by ſaid Aſſignees, at private ſale, the famous horſe NORTHUMBERLAND.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, on the 4th day of April next, at 2 o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, a certain meſſuage, plantation, and two tracts or parcels of land, lying contiguous to each other, thereunto belonging, containing in both the ſaid pieces 78 acres, and the uſual allowance of 6 acres per cent. be the ſame more or leſs, with the one moiety of a water corn griſt-mill, and its appurtenances thereunto belonging, ſituate in the townſhip of London-Grove, in Cheſter county; bounded by lands of John Henderſon ſenior, John Small, John Roſs, David Correy, James Whitecraft, and others; late the eſtate of John Henderſon junior; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Wedneſday, the 5th day of April next, at one o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, a certain meſſuage, tenement, plantation and tract or parcel of land, containing about 40 acres, more or leſs, ſituate in the townſhip of Weſt-Nottingham; bounded by lands of James Evans, Samuel Ewing, William Rowland, and others. Alſo will be ſold at the ſame time and place, a variety of houſhold furniture, horſes, cows, &c. and ſundry ſmiths tools; late the eſtate and effects of Martha M'Kee, and Victor Craig; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of writs of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on the 5th day of April next, at 2 o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract or parcel of land, thereunto belonging, containing 187 acres and a half, be it more or leſs, ſituate in the townſhip of Charleſtown, in the county of Cheſter; bounded by lands of William Graham, and George Martin, and the river Schuylkill; the land is good, a ſtone-houſe, and other buildings, with a young orchard thereon, and other improvements. At the ſame time and place will be ſold a crop of wheat in the ground, a waggon and horſes, cows and young cattle, ſwine, and a variety of houſhold furniture, and other things, too tedious to enumerate; all late the eſtate and effects of Bernard Vanborn; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of writs of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on the 6th day of April next, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract or parcel of good land, thereunto belonging, containing 255 acres, ſituate in Weſt Nantmell townſhip, in the county of Cheſter; bounded by lands of John Gilliland, Joſeph Long, Andrew Spence, and William Mackey; there is now a noted tavern kept on the premiſes, and its public ſituation near the Manor Meeting-houſe, where two roads croſs each other, makes it a place of good cuſtom, the buildings are a good ſquare log-houſe, a barn, and ſundry out-houſes, a choice orchard of 400 apple trees in their prime; about 25 acres of good watered meadow is on the premiſes, in good order, it may juſtly be ſaid to be a compleat farm, and a proper place for a tavern, late the eſtate of James M'Coſkry, ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

N. B. At the ſame time and place will be ſold horſes and cattle, wheat in the ground, and various houſhold furniture.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, on the 7th day of April next, at 2 o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, one full equal undivided moiety, in two equal parts to be divided, of and in a meſſuage and plantation, with 176 acres of land thereunto belonging, ſituate in the townſhip of Eaſt Bradford, in the ſaid county; bounded by lands of Benjamin Hawley, Michael Righter, John Baldwin, &c. The ſaid premiſes will be ſold ſubject to right and intereſt of the mother of George Jeffrys herein after named, during her natural life; late the eſtate of the ſaid George Jeffrys; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

To be SOLD at public vendue, on Thurſday, the 6th of April,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, containing about 2000 acres, lying in Faquier county, in Virginia, well wooded and watered; the ſaid land lays within half a mile of the main road from Dumfries to Wincheſter, and 3 miles to the weſtward of the Bull Run Mountain, on a branch of Gooſe Creek, near one fourth part of this land may be made exceeding good meadow. The ſale will begin at 12 o'clock, at the houſe of Mr. John Sciers, who lives within half a mile of the land, and will ſhew it to any perſon who wants to view the premiſes, which will be parcelled out or ſold together, as may be agreed on at the day of ſale. Time will be given for payment on bond, with ſecurity, if required. JUDSON COOLIDGE.

WILLING and TOD,

DESIRE all Perſons indebted to them, above the Time they agreed to make Payment, to diſcharge their Accounts, otherwiſe they will be put into the Hands of an Attorney, without further Notice. 6 W.

PROPOSALS for printing by SUBSCRIPTION,

In Two Volumes Octavo,

SERMONS, on Uſeful and Important SUBJECTS. By the Reverend SAMUEL DAVIES, A. M. late Preſident of the College in Princetown, New-Jerſey. SUBSCRIBERS are deſired to ſend in their Names to either of the following Perſons: The Rev. Doctor John Witherſpoon, in Princetown; the Rev. Alexander M'Whorter, in Newark, New-Jerſey; the Rev. John Rodgers, the Rev. Joſeph Treat, Mr. Garrat Noel, Bookſeller, in New-York; the Rev. Samuel Blair, in Boſton; the Rev. Mr. Sprout, Daniel Roberdeau, Merchant, Meſſieurs William and Thomas Bradford, and Meſſieurs Hall and Sellers, Printers, in Philadelphia; the Rev. Robert Smith, in Pequea; the Rev. George Duffield, in Carliſle; the Rev. Elihu Spencer, in St. George's; the Rev. Jacob Ker, in Somerſet County, Maryland; Mr. William Holt, Merchant, in Williamſburg, Virginia; Captain Craighead, in New-Caſtle, Hanover County, Virginia; Mr. David Smith, in Weſt-Nottingham; and Mr. Joſiah Smith, in Charles-Town, South-Carolina.

CONDITIONS. I. The Volumes, each containing 400 Pages, to be printed on a good Paper, and a neat Type. II. The Price to Subſcribers to be each Volume a Spaniſh milled Dollar; half of the Price to be paid at the Time of ſubſcribing, and half at the Delivery of the Volumes, ſewed in blue Covers: Such as ſubſcribe for ſix Setts, to be entitled to a Seventh gratis.

PREFACE by the EDITOR.

THREE volumes of diſcourſes by the late Rev. SAMUEL DAVIES, with the encouragement of a very numerous ſubſcription, ſome time ſince made their appearance in the world. The editor aſſures the public, that he employed his beſt endeavours to ſecure every profit for the aſſiſtance of Mr. Davies's widow and orphans, and that he has long ſince for that purpoſe tranſmitted the monies (which were by no means inconſiderable) accruing from the publication, to America. Mrs. Davies is lately dead; but her children, 3 ſons, and 2 daughters, are ſtill living; and if there ſhould be any benefit ariſing from the publication that is now intended, it ſhall be entirely applied for their uſe, who are now bereaved of both their parents, and therefore may be intitled to a kind of double ſhare of chriſtian compaſſion and benevolence.

About 60 manuſcript diſcourſes of Mr. Davies's are now in the hands of the Editor, whence he deſigns to ſelect ſuch ſermons to form the preſent collection, as appear to him to be the firſt in merit as to compoſition, to be beſt calculated for general good, and that in reſpect of ſubjects are leaſt a-kin to one another, and to the diſcourſes that compoſe the former publication.

The preſent volumes will have nothing to diſtinguiſh them as the 4th or 5th volumes of Mr. Davies's ſermons, ſo that ſubſcribers to the preſent work will not find it imperfect on account of its connexion with that which has been already publiſhed; though it may not be improper to acquaint them, that, if they are deſirous to furniſh themſelves with a complete ſett of Mr. Davies's diſcourſes, a ſecond edition of them is in readineſs to gratify their inclinations.

The Editor, in his preface to the ſermons that have been already printed, has ventured to give his ſentiments concerning them, in the following words, and he has no reaſon to doubt but they may be applied with like juſtice to the preſent publication: "In theſe diſcourſes, if I miſtake not, a critical ſcrutiny into "the texts which the Author chooſes for his ſubjects, a natu"ral eduction, and clear repreſentation of their genuine mean"ing, an elaborate and ſatisfactory proof of the various heads "of doctrine, a ſteady proſecution of his point, together with "an eaſy and pertinent enlargement, and a free, animated, and "powerful application and improvement, wonderfully adapted "to awaken the conſciences, and ſtrike the hearts both of "ſaints and ſinners, mingle the various excellencies of learn"ing, judgment, eloquence, piety, and ſeraphic zeal, in one "uncommon glory; not unlike the beams of the ſun collected "by a burning-glaſs, that at once ſhine with a moſt dazzling "brightneſs, and ſet fire, wherever the blaze is directed, to "objects ſuſceptive of their celeſtial influence, and a tranſ"formation into their own nature."

Should the Editor of theſe volumes be the happy inſtrument of introducing to the public a number of diſcourſes that may prove ſerviceable to the great intereſts of evangelical knowledge, and vital godlineſs, at the ſame time that the orphans of his deceaſed friend are aided in their entrance into life, or enabled to make their way through it with reputation and comfort from any emolument that may ariſe from the preſent publication, he will find the pleaſant ſenſations of his own boſom an ample recompence for the cloſe and critical review of the diſcourſes he ſhall appoint for the preſs, and the attention and care he promiſes to beſtow, that the preſent volumes may appear to the world free from typographical eſcapes and errors.

Hoxton Square, June 16, 1768. THOMAS GIBBONS.

*** *A Number of Sermons of the firſt Edition of the Reverend* SAMUEL DAVIES's *Works, printed in London, were duly ſent from thence for Subſcribers in the ſeveral Colonies in America, but through ſome Miſtake the Allotment deſigned for Pennſylvania was ſent to New-York, whereby Subſcribers in this Province have been much diſappointed, but they may be now furniſhed with a few Copies, by applying to* DANIEL ROBERDEAU, *in Third-ſtreet, betwixt Arch and Race-ſtreets, Philadelphia.*

New-Caſtle Goal, March 13, 1769.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber, upon his petition to the Honourable Houſe of Aſſembly of the government of the counties of New-Caſtle, Kent and Suſſex, upon Delaware, the 26th day of October laſt, applied for an act of aſſembly to diſcharge him from his confinement (he not being intitled to the benefit of the act of aſſembly of the ſaid government, intituled "An act for the relief of inſolvent debtors") obtained an order of the ſaid houſe, whereby he was commanded, "to cauſe advertiſements to be inſerted in the Pennſylvania Gazettee, ſix weeks before the next meeting of the ſaid houſe, therein giving notice to his ſeveral creditors, of his application to the ſaid houſe to be diſcharged from his confinement, and that they ſhould attend the ſaid houſe on the third day of June next, to make their objections (if any they ſhould have) to the prayer of ſaid petitioner." In obedience to which order, I do hereby give notice to all perſons concerned, to attend on the ſaid third day of June next, if they, or any of them, have any objections to my being diſcharged. † WILLIAM SCOTT.

Aquia, in Virginia, Dec. 10, 1768.

TO be ſold, on Tueſday, the 4th day of April next, the valuable tract of land, known by the name of BRENTON, containing 8000 acres, lying in Prince William county, and within 18 miles of Colcheſter, 14 of Dumfries, and 25 of Falmouth. This land is remarkable for being level, of a rich ſoil throughout the tract, and well timbered and watered, but many valuable improvements on it, and pays no quitrents. The ſale will begin preciſely at 12 o'clock, at the houſe of SCARLET MADDENS, on the premiſes, and the land ſold either in lots or the whole, as ſhall be agreed upon on the day of ſale, as well as the terms for payment. ROBERT BRENT, WILLIAM BRENT, DANIEL CARROLL, HENRY ROZER, &c.

WHEREAS Mary M'Clyſter, Wife of William M'Clyſter, of the townſhip of Weſt Malborough, in Cheſter county, hath eloped from me her ſaid huſband; I do therefore hereby forewarn all perſons from dealing with, or truſting her, on my account, for I will not pay any debt or debts of her contracting, after the date hereof.

February 22, 1769. WILLIAM M'CLYSTER. ¶

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.